



**REPUBLIC OF KENYA** 

# **MINISTRY OF EDUCATION**

# JUNIOR SECONDARY SCHOOL CURRICULUM DESIGN

# INTEGRATED SCIENCE GRADE 8



KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT



First published in 2022

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### FOREWORD

The Government of Kenya is committed to ensuring that policy objectives for Education, Training and Research meet the aspirations of the Kenya Constitution 2010, the Kenya Vision 2030, National Curriculum Policy 2019, the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and the Regional and Global conventions to which Kenya is a signatory. Towards achieving the mission of Basic Education, the Ministry of Education (MoE) has successfully and progressively rolled out the implementation of the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) at Pre-Primary and Primary School levels. The roll out of Junior Secondary School (Grade 7-9) will subsequently follow as from 2023-2025.

The Grade 8 curriculum designs build on competencies attained by learners at the end of Grade 7. Further, they provide opportunities for learners to continue exploring and nurturing their potentials as they prepare to transit to Senior Secondary School.

The curriculum designs present National Goals of Education, essence statements, general and specific expected learning outcomes for the learning areas (subjects) as well as strands and sub strands. The designs also outline suggested learning experiences, key inquiry questions, core competencies, Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs), values, Community Service Learning (CSL) activities and assessment rubric.

It is my hope that all Government agencies and other stakeholders in Education will use the designs to plan for effective and efficient implementation of the CBC.

PROF. GEORGE A. O. MAGOHA, EGH CABINET SECRETARY, <u>MINISTRY OF EDUCATION</u>



#### PREFACE

The Ministry of Education (MoE) is implementing the second phase of the curriculum reforms with the national roll out of the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) having been implemented in 2019. Grade 8 is the second level of the Junior Secondary School (JSS) in the new education structure.

Grade 8 curriculum furthers implementation of the CBC from Grade 7. The main feature of this level is a broad curriculum for the learner to explore talents, interests and abilities before selection of pathways and tracks at the Senior Secondary education level. This is very critical in the realisation of the Vision and Mission of the on-going curriculum reforms as enshrined in the Sessional Paper No. I of 2019 whose title is: *Towards Realizing Quality, Relevant and Inclusive Education and Training for Sustainable Development* in Kenya. The Sessional Paper explains the shift from a Content - Focused Curriculum to a focus on **Nurturing every Learner's potential**.

Therefore, the Grade 8 curriculum designs are intended to enhance the learners' development in the CBC core competencies, namely: Communication and Collaboration, Critical Thinking and Problem Solving, Creativity and Imagination, Citizenship, Digital Literacy, Learning to Learn and Self-efficacy.

The curriculum designs provide suggestions for interactive and differentiated learning experiences linked to the various sub strands and the other aspects of the CBC. The curriculum designs also offer several suggested learning resources and a variety of assessment techniques. It is expected that the designs will guide teachers to effectively facilitate learners to attain the expected learning outcomes for Grade 8 and prepare them for smooth transition to the next Grade. Furthermore, it is my hope that teachers will use the designs to make learning interesting, exciting and enjoyable.

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#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) Act Number 4 of 2013 (Revised 2019) mandates the Institute to develop curricula and curriculum support materials for basic and tertiary education and training. The curriculum development process for any level of education involves thorough research, international benchmarking and robust stakeholder engagement. Through a systematic and consultative process, the KICD conceptualised the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) as captured in the *Basic Education Curriculum Framework* (BECF), that responds to the demands of the 21<sup>st</sup> Century and the aspirations captured in the Kenya Constitution 2010, the Kenya Vision 2030, East African Community Protocol and the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

KICD receives its funding from the Government of Kenya to enable the successful achievement of the stipulated mandate and implementation of the Government and Sector (Ministry of Education (MoE) plans. The Institute also receives support from development partners targeting specific programmes. The Grade 8 curriculum designs have been developed with the support of the World Bank through the Kenya Secondary Education Quality Improvement Program (SEQIP) commissioned by the MoE. Therefore, the Institute is very grateful for the support of the Government of Kenya, through the MoE and the development partners for the policy, resource and logistical support. Specifically, special thanks to the Cabinet Secretary – MoE and the Principal Secretary – State Department of Early Learning and Basic Education,

We also wish to acknowledge the KICD curriculum developers and other staff, all teachers, educators who took part as panelists; the Semi-Autonomous Government Agencies (SAGAs) and representatives of various stakeholders for their roles in the development of the Grade 8 curriculum designs. In relation to this, we acknowledge the support of the –Chief Executive Officers of the Teachers Service Commission (TSC) and the Kenya National Examinations Council (KNEC) for their support in the process of developing these designs.

Finally, we are very grateful to the KICD Council Chairperson Prof. Elishiba Kimani and other members of the Council for very consistent guidance in the process. We assure all teachers, parents and other stakeholders that these curriculum designs will effectively guide the implementation of the CBC at Grade 8 and preparation of learners for Grade 9.

#### PROF. CHARLES O. ONG'ONDO, PhD, MBS DIRECTOR/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER <u>KENYA INSTITUTE OF CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT</u>

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Page | iii

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

FOREWORD	I
PREFACE	II
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	III
TABLE OF CONTENTS	IV
LESSON ALLOCATION	V
NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION	VI
LEARNING OUTCOMES FOR MIDDLE SCHOOL	IX
ESSENCE STATEMENT	IX
SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES	X
STRAND 1.0: MIXTURES, ELEMENTS AND COMPOUNDS	1
STRAND 2.0: LIVING THINGS AND THEIR ENVIRONMENT	
STRAND 3.0: FORCE AND ENERGY	
COMMUNITY SERVICE-LEARNING PROJECT	



## **LESSON ALLOCATION**

	Subject	Number of Lessons Per Week
		(40 minutes per lesson)
1.	English	5
2.	Kiswahili/KSL	4
3.	Mathematics	5
4.	Integrated Science	4
5.	Health Education	2
6.	Pre-Technical Studies	4
7.	Social Studies	3
8.	Religious Education (CRE/IRE/HRE)	3
9.	Business Studies	3
10.	Agriculture	3
11.	Life Skills Education	1
12.	Physical Education and Sports	2
13.	Optional Subject	3
14.	Optional Subject	3
	Total	45



# NATIONAL GOALS OF EDUCATION

Education in Kenya should:

i) Foster nationalism and patriotism and promote national unity.

Kenya's people belong to different communities, races and religions, but these differences need not divide them. They must be able to live and interact as Kenyans. It is a paramount duty of education to help young people acquire this sense of nationhood by removing conflicts and promoting positive attitudes of mutual respect which enable them to live together in harmony and foster patriotism in order to make a positive contribution to the life of the nation.

# ii) Promote the social, economic, technological and industrial needs for national development.

Education should prepare the youth of the country to play an effective and productive role in the life of the nation.

## a) Social Needs

Education in Kenya must prepare children for changes in attitudes and relationships which are necessary for the smooth progress of a rapidly developing modern economy. There is bound to be a silent social revolution following in the wake of rapid modernization. Education should assist our youth to adapt to this change.

# b) Economic Needs

Education in Kenya should produce citizens with the skills, knowledge, expertise and personal qualities that are required to support a growing economy. Kenya is building up a modern and independent economy which is in need of an adequate and relevant domestic workforce.

# c) Technological and Industrial Needs

Education in Kenya should provide learners with the necessary skills and attitudes for industrial development. Kenya recognizes the rapid industrial and technological changes taking place, especially in the developed world. We can only be part of this development if our education system is deliberately focused on the knowledge, skills and attitudes that will prepare our young people for these changing global trends.



#### iii) Promote individual development and self-fulfillment

Education should provide opportunities for the fullest development of individual talents and personality. It should help children to develop their potential interests and abilities. A vital aspect of individual development is the building of character.

#### iv) Promote sound moral and religious values.

Education should provide for the development of knowledge, skills and attitudes that will enhance the acquisition of sound moral values and help children to grow up into self-disciplined, self-reliant and integrated citizens.

#### v) Promote social equality and responsibility.

Education should promote social equality and foster a sense of social responsibility within an education system which provides equal educational opportunities for all. It should give all children varied and challenging opportunities for collective activities and corporate social service irrespective of gender, ability or geographical environment.

### vi) Promote respect for and development of Kenya's rich and varied cultures.

Education should instill in the youth of Kenya an understanding of past and present cultures and their valid place in contemporary society. Children should be able to blend the best of traditional values with the changing requirements that must follow rapid development in order to build a stable and modern society.

#### vii) Promote international consciousness and foster positive attitudes towards other nations.

Kenya is part of the international community. It is part of the complicated and interdependent network of peoples and nations. Education should therefore lead the youth of the country to accept membership of this international community with all the obligations and responsibilities, rights and benefits that this membership entails.





### viii. Promote positive attitudes towards good health and environmental protection.

Education should inculcate in young people the value of good health in order for them to avoid indulging in activities that will lead to physical or mental ill health. It should foster positive attitudes towards environmental development and conservation. It should lead the youth of Kenya to appreciate the need for a healthy environment.





## LEARNING OUTCOMES FOR MIDDLE SCHOOL

By end of Middle School, the learner should be able to:

- 1. Apply literacy, numeracy and logical thinking skills for appropriate self-expression.
- 2. Communicate effectively, verbally and non-verbally, in diverse contexts.
- 3. Demonstrate social skills, spiritual and moral values for peaceful co-existence.
- 4. Explore, manipulate, manage and conserve the environment effectively for learning and sustainable development.
- 5. Practise relevant hygiene, sanitation and nutrition skills to promote health.
- 6. Demonstrate ethical behaviour and exhibit good citizenship as a civic responsibility.
- 7. Appreciate the country's rich and diverse cultural heritage for harmonious co-existence.
- 8. Manage pertinent and contemporary issues in society effectively.
- 9. Apply digital literacy skills for communication and learning.

## **ESSENCE STATEMENT**

Integrated science is a new subject area that enable learners to apply distinctive ways of logical valuing, thinking and working to understand natural phenomena in the biological, physical and technological world. The subject area is expected to create a scientific culture that inculcates scientific literacy to enable learners to make informed choices in their personal lives and approach life challenges in a systematic and logical manner. The integrated science learning area is therefore a deliberate effort to enhance the level of scientific literacy of all learners and equip them with the relevant basic integrated science are presented as units within which there are specific strands that build on the competencies acquired in science and technology at upper primary level. The emphasis of science education at lower secondary levels is to enhance learners' scientific thinking through learning activities that involve the basic science process skills.

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It provides the learner with the basic requisite skills, knowledge, values and attitudes necessary for specialization in STEM pathway at senior school level. The rationale for inclusion of integrated Sc. is anchored in The Kenya Vision 2030, Sessional Papers No. 14 of 2012, and No. 1 of 2019, which all underscore the importance of Science, Technology and Innovation in education and training.

Integrated science is taught through inquiry-based learning approaches with emphasis on the 5Es: engagement, exploration, explanation, elaboration and evaluation.

## SUBJECT GENERAL LEARNING OUTCOMES

Integrated Science provides the learner with opportunities to:

- 1. Acquire sufficient scientific knowledge, skills, values and attitudes to make informed choices on career pathways at senior school and for everyday use, further education and training.
- 2. Select, improvise and safely use basic scientific apparatus, materials and chemicals effectively in everyday life.
- 3. Explore, manipulate, manage and conserve the environment for learning and sustainable development.
- 4. Practice relevant hygiene, sanitation and nutrition skills to promote good health.
- 5. Apply the understanding of body systems with a view to promote and maintain good health.
- 6. Develop capacity for scientific inquiry and problem solving in different situations.
- 7. Appreciate and use scientific principles and knowledge in everyday life.
- 8. Apply acquired scientific skills and knowledge to construct appropriate scientific devices from available resources.





Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
		Outcomes		Questions
1.0. Mixtures,	1.1 Properties	By the end of the sub strand	The learner is guided to:	How do
Elements and	of matter in	the learner should be able to:	• Perform simple experiments on	particles move
Compounds	the different	a) describe properties of the	properties of the different states of	in the different
	states	different states of matter.	matter (volume, shape, density,	states of
		b) demonstrate diffusion in	compressibility and ability to flow)	matter?
	(6 Hours)	liquids.	• perform experiments to demonstrate	
		c) distinguish between	diffusion in liquids (use of water and	
		temporary and permanent	potassium manganate (VII)).	
		changes in substances.	• Carry out simple experiments to	
		d) appreciate the	demonstrate physical changes,	
		applications of change of	temporary chemical changes and	
		state of matter in day-to-	permanent changes of substances.	
		day life.	• Discuss the applications of change of	
			state of matter in day-to-day life	
			(refrigerators, ice-cream vendors	
			among others).	
			• Where necessary, use digital devices	
			to search, play and observe videos	
			and animations showing the	
			properties of different states of matter	
			(in relation to volume, shape, density,	
			compressibility and ability to flow)	

# STRAND 1.0: MIXTURES, ELEMENTS AND COMPOUNDS



## Core competencies to be developed

- Critical thinking and problem solving: as learners discuss the properties of the different states of matter.
- Learning to learn: as learners gain knowledge by manipulating apparatus and materials as they carry out simple experiments.
- Digital literacy: as learners search, play and observe videos on properties of different states of matter.

# Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs)

- Life skills as they apply the knowledge on the change of state of matter in day to day life (*example, preparation of ice cubes, make candles*).
- Financial literacy: as learners develop the economic awareness of the applications of change of state of matter in the locality.

### Values:

- Unity: as the learners carry out simple experiments in groups.
- Respect: As learners respect each other's opinion when discussing the applications of change of state of matter in day to day.
- Responsibility: As learners handles experimental equipment while perform simple experiments on properties of the different states of matter

### Links to other subjects:

- Home science: in the preservation of foods by applying the knowledge of change of state of matter.
- Physical education: when ice cubes are used to relieve muscle pain in case of sprain.



Assessment Rubric				
Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation
Ability to describe	Correctly and consistently	Correctly describes the	Correctly describes	With prompts describes
the properties of the	describes the properties of	properties of the	some of the properties	the properties of the
different states of	the different states of	different states of	of the different states of	different states of
matter.	matter.	matter.	matter.	matter.
Ability to	Correctly and consistently	Correctly demonstrates	Correctly demonstrates	With prompts
demonstrate	demonstrates the patterns	the patterns of	the patterns of	demonstrates the
diffusion in liquids.	of movement of particles in	movement of particles	movement of particles	patterns of movement
	the different states of	in the different states of	in some states of	of particles in the
	matter with illustrations.	matter.	matter.	different states of
				matter.
Ability to	Correctly and consistently	Correctly distinguishes	Correctly differentiates	With prompts
distinguish between	distinguishes between	between temporary and	some temporary and	distinguishes between
temporary and	temporary and permanent	permanent changes in	permanent changes in	temporary and
permanent changes	changes in substances.	substances	substances.	permanent changes in
of substances.				substances.



Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Questions
1.0 Mixtures,	1.2 Elements	By the end of the sub strand	The learner is guided to:	1. How are
<b>Elements and</b>	and Compounds	the learner should be able to:	• Discuss the difference between	symbols
Compounds	(7 Hours)	a) distinguish between an	elements and compounds.	assigned to
		element and a compound.	<ul> <li>Assign appropriate symbols to</li> </ul>	elements?
		b) relate common elements to	common elements and compounds	2. What is the
		their symbols.	(copper, aluminium, iron, silver,	value of
		c) explain the applications of	table salt, and water).	elements in
		common elements in day-	• discuss the names of common	day-to-day
		to-day life.	elements and their symbols (the	life?
		d) appreciate the information	first 13 elements of the periodic	
		on packaging labels of	table and commonly used metals	
		commonly consumed	such as zinc, lead, tin,gold, mercury	
		substances.	and limited to the latin names only	
			where applicable).	
			• Discuss the importance and market	
			value of common elements and	
			compounds in the society	
			(jewellery, iron, toiletries, food,	
			medals among others)	
			• Sample labelled containers of	
			different substances indicating the	
			common elements as part of the	
			ingredients.	



Core competencies to	be developed			
• Learning to learn: as learners observe labels on containers indicating the common elements as part of the ingredients.				
• Communication and collaboration: as learners assign symbols to common elements and compounds.				
Pertinent and Contem	Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs)			
• Financial literacy: a	s learners discuss the import	ance and market value of	common elements and compo	unds in the society.
Values				
• Respect and love: a	s they work in groups to assi	gn symbols to common e	lements and compounds.	
• Responsibility: as the	ney sample containers with 1	abels while taking care of	f the environment.	
Links to other subject	S			
• Home science: whe	n using ingredients and item	s made from the common	elements and compounds.	
• Business studies: as	learners study the market va	alue of common elements	and compounds.	
<b>Assessment Rubric</b>				
Indicator	<b>Exceeds expectation</b>	<b>Meets expectation</b>	Approaches expectation	<b>Below expectation</b>
Ability to distinguish	Correctly and	Correctly	Correctly gives some	Needs assistance to
between an element	consistently distinguishes	distinguishes between	differences between an	distinguish between
and a compound.	between an element and a	an element and a	element and a compound.	an element and a
	compound.	compound.		compound.
Ability to relate	Correctly and	Correctly relates	Correctly relates some of	Needs assistance to
common elements to	consistently relates	common elements to	the common elements to	relate common
their symbols.	common elements to	their symbols.	their symbols.	elements to their
	their symbols.			symbols.
Ability to explain the	Correctly and	Correctly explains the	Correctly explains some of	Needs assistance to
applications of	consistently explains the	applications of	the applications of common	explain the
common elements in	applications of common	common elements.	elements.	applications of
society.	elements.			common elements.





Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Questions
1.0 Mixtures,	1.3 Structure	By the end of the sub strand	The learner is guided to:	1. What is the
<b>Elements and</b>	of the atom	the learner should be able to:	• Discuss the meaning of the atom	structure of an
Compounds		a) describe the structure of an	and illustrate its structure	atom?
	(7 Hours)	atom and electron	(components of the nucleus and	2. How do atoms
		arrangement of elements.	energy levels).	gain stability?
		b) determine atomic number	• Draw and discuss the electron	3. What are the
		and mass number of	arrangements of elements and	different
		elements.	classify them into metals and	classes of
		c) classify elements into	non-metals	fire?
		metals and non-metals.	• (first 13 elements of the periodic	
		d) Describe the physical and	table).	
		chemical properties of	• Discuss and illustrate the atomic	
		oxygen in day-to-day life.	number and mass number of	
		e) explain the role of oxygen	elements (first 13 elements of the	
		in combustion and spread	periodic table)	
		of fire.	• Discuss the role of oxygen in	
		f) identify classes of fire and	combustion and the spread of	
		their control measures.	fire.	
		g) appreciate the application	• Classify fire according to the	
		of fire control measures in	cause and suggest control	
		day-to-day life.	measures.	
		h) develop curiosity about	Practice fire control measures	
		rights to safety and access	(breaking the fire triangle and use	
			of fire extinguishers).	



			to information.	<ul> <li>Discuss rights to safety and access to information on flammable substances.</li> <li>Where possible, use digital devices to search, play and watch and discuss videos and animations on the different classes of fire.</li> <li>Project: model the atomic structure of selected elements of the periodic table using locally available materials.</li> </ul>
C	ore competenc	ies to be develope	ed	
•	Citizenship: a	s learners discuss	rights to safety and access	to information.
•	Communicati	on and collaborati	on: as learners practice fire	e control measures.
٠	Learning to le	earn as learners dis	cuss the role of oxygen in	combustion and spread of fire.
Pe	ertinent and Co	ontemporary Issu	ies (PCIs)	
•	Disaster Risk	Reduction: as lean	mers apply methods of fire	control.
Va	alues			
•	Respect and le	ove: as they work	in groups.	
•	Responsibility	y: as they care for	fire extinguishers.	
•	Integrity: as the	ney use digital dev	vices.	
Li	inks to other su	ıbjects		
	Home science	: when they practi	se safe measures to preven	nt fire accidents.



• Mathematics: as they distribute electrons in the various energy levels of atoms of elements.				
Assessment Rubric				
Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	<b>Below expectation</b>
Ability to describe the structure of an atom and electron arrangement of selected elements.	Correctly and consistently describes the structure of an atom and electron arrangement of selected elements with use of diagrams.	Correctly describes the structure of an atom and electron arrangement of selected elements.	Correctly describes some of the structures of an atom and electron arrangement of some selected elements.	Needs assistance to describe the structure of an atom and electron arrangement of selected elements.
Ability to determine atomic number and mass number of elements.	Correctly and consistently determines atomic number and mass number of elements giving examples.	Correctly determines atomic number and mass number of elements.	Correctly determines the atomic number or the mass number of some element.	Needs assistance to determine the atomic number and mass number of elements.
Ability to classify the selected elements into metals and non-metals.	Correctly and consistently classifies the selected elements into metals and non- metals.	Correctly classifies the selected elements into metals and non-metals.	Correctly classifies some of the selected elements into metals and non-metals.	Needs assistance to classify the selected elements into metals and non-metals.
Ability to explain the role of oxygen in	Correctly and consistently explains	Correctly explains the role of oxygen in	Partially explains the role of oxygen in	Needs assistance to explain the role of





combustion and spread	the role of oxygen in	combustion and spread	combustion and spread	oxygen in combustion
of fire.	combustion and spread	of fire.	of fire.	and spread of fire.
	of fire.			
Ability to identify	Correctly and	Correctly identifies	Correctly identifies	Needs guidance to
classes of fire and their	consistently identifies	classes of fire and their	some of the classes of	identify the classes of
control measures.	classes of fire and their	control measures.	fires and their control	fires and their control
	control measures.		measures.	measures.



Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry Questions
2.0 Living Things and their Environment	2.1 <b>The Cell</b> (18 Hours)	<ul> <li>By the end of the sub- strand, the learner should be able to:</li> <li>a) identify the components of a cell as seen under the light microscope and state their functions.</li> <li>b) compare plant and animal cells as observed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>Observe, identify, draw, label and state the functions of parts of the light microscope.</li> <li>Practise how to use and care for a light microscope.</li> <li>Prepare, mount and observe plant cells under a light microscope.</li> <li>Observe permanent slides of</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Why is the light microscope important in day-to-day life?</li> <li>What are the differences between plant</li> </ol>
Componentamio	to be developed	<ul> <li>under a light microscope.</li> <li>c) calculate the magnification of cells seen under the light microscope.</li> <li>d) appreciate the use of a light microscope in magnification.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>animal cells under the light microscope.</li> <li>Discuss with others, the differences between plant and animal cells as seen under a light microscope.</li> <li>Calculate magnification at various objective lenses of the light microscope.</li> </ul>	and animal cells?

# **STRAND 2.0: LIVING THINGS AND THEIR ENVIRONMENT**

Core competencies to be developed:Citizenship: as learners work in groups to enhance social cohesion.





• Self-efficacy: as	s learners prepare and obser	rve specimen under the light	microscope.	
Pertinent and Con	temporary Issues (PCIs)	¥¥	•	
Social cohesion	: as the learners work toget	her during experiments.		
• Environmental	Conservation: safe use and	disposal of specimens and e	quipment.	
Values				
• Respect: as lear	ners work together in group	os on projects and experimen	nts.	
• Responsibility:	as learners share tasks and	assigned to each other.		
Links to other sub	jects			
Agriculture: Ro	le of diffusion and osmosis	in plant nutrition.		
• Mathematics: A	s learners calculate magnif	ication of cells as seen unde	r a light microscope.	
Assessment Rubri	c			
Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	Below expectation

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Ability to compare plant and animal cells as observed under a light microscope.	Correctly and consistently compares plant and animal cells as observed under a light microscope.	Correctly compares plant and animal cells as observed under a light microscope.	Correctly makes some comparison between plant and animal cells.	With guidance compares plant and animal cells as observed under a light microscope.
Ability to calculate the magnification of cells as seen under the light microscope	Calculates the magnification of cells as seen under the light microscope with precision.	Correctly calculates the magnification of cells as seen under the light microscope	Has some difficulties in calculating the magnification of cells as seen under the light microscope	Needs help to calculate the magnification of cells as seen under the light microscope



Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
			Experiences	Questions
2.0 Living Things	2.2 Movement of	By the end of the sub strand	The learner is guided to;	1. How is
and their	materials in and	the learner should be able to;	• carry out experiments to	diffusion and
Environment	out of the cell	a) describe the properties of	demonstrate the effects of	osmosis
		the cell membrane.	heat, dilutes acids and	important in
	(32 Hours)	b) explain the role of	alkans on the cell	living
		diffusion in living	<ul> <li>carry out experiments to</li> </ul>	organisms?
		organisms.	demonstrate diffusion	2. What are the
		c) demonstrate the process of	using perfumes/scented	similarities
		osmosis in living things.	flowers and discuss their	and
		d) describe factors affecting	roles in living things.	differences
		osmosis.	• carry out experiments on	between
		e) explain the role of osmosis	materials and visking	osmosis and
		in living organisms.	tubing.	diffusion?
		f) appreciate the importance	<ul> <li>discuss with peers, the</li> </ul>	
		of diffusion and osmosis in	role of osmosis in living	
		living organisms.	things.	
			• observe and account for	
			the changes that occur in	
			the plant leaves at	





	different times of the day
	different times of the day.
	• search, play and watch
	videos and animations
	showing the structure and
	properties of the cell
	membrane.
	• watch animations on
	factors that affect
	diffusion
	• watch animations on
	factors that affect osmosis
	• search, and watch videos
	showing how gases are
	exchanged in the human
	lungs.
Core competencies to be developed:	
• Communication and collaboration- Learners work in groups to condu	act experiments, prepare reports, present their findings

- using appropriate scientific language.
- Citizenship- Learners work in groups to enhance social cohesion.
- Digital literacy Learners use various digital devices in learning process

# Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs)

- Social cohesion as the learners work together during experiments.
- Environmental issues- safety while handling specimen, apparatus and equipment as well as their disposal

## Values:

- Respect while working with others in groups on projects and experiments.
- Responsibility- by sharing tasks and assigning each other different tasks during the course of working in groups.

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• Peace and Unity – by assigning specific tasks to individuals for the benefit of the whole group while learning.

# Links to other subjects:

- Agriculture (*Role of diffusion and osmosis*)
- Computer studies (use of digital devices)

# Assessment Rubric

Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	<b>Below expectation</b>	
Ability to describe the structure and properties of the cell membrane.	Correctly and consistently describes the structure and properties of the cell membrane.	Correctly describes the structure and properties of the cell membrane.	Partly describes the structure and properties of the cell membrane.	Needs guidance to describe the structure and properties of the cell membrane.	
Ability to describe factors affecting the rate of diffusion.	Correctly and consistently describes factors affecting diffusion.	Correctly describes factors affecting diffusion.	Correctly describes some factors affecting diffusion.	Needs assistance to describe factors affecting diffusion.	
Ability to explain the role of diffusion in living organisms.	Correctly and comprehensively explains the role of diffusion in living organisms.	Correctly explains the role of diffusion in living organisms.	Partly explains the role of diffusion in living organisms.	With aid partly explains the role of diffusion in living organisms.	
Ability to demonstrate the process of osmosis in living organisms.	Correctly demonstrates the process of osmosis in living things in a variety of ways	Correctly demonstrates the process of osmosis in living organisms.	Partially demonstrates the process of osmosis in living organisms.	Requires assistance to demonstrate the process of osmosis in living organisms.	





Ability to describe factors affecting osmosis.	Correctly and consistently describes factors affecting osmosis.	Correctly describes factors affecting osmosis.	Correctly describes some factors affecting osmosis.	Needs assistance to describe factors affecting osmosis.
Explaining the role of osmosis in living organisms.	Giving examples correctly explains the role of osmosis in living organisms.	Correctly explains the role of osmosis in living organisms.	Partly explains the role of osmosis in living organisms.	With assistance explains the role of osmosis in living organisms.



# **STRAND 3.0: FORCE AND ENERGY**

Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Questions
3.0 Force and Energy	3.1 Static charges (9 Hours)	<ul> <li>By the end of the sub strand the learner should be able to;</li> <li>a) explain the origin of charges on a material,</li> <li>b) Describe detection of static charges on bodies,</li> <li>c) Describe the distribution of charges on metallic conductors,</li> <li>d) explain the application of static charges in day to day life,</li> <li>e) outline the necessary safety measures against lightning,</li> <li>f) appreciate applications of static charges in day to day life.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>Discuss with peers the origin of charges on materials and SI unit of charge (atom, nucleus, neutrons, protons, electrons and coulomb) and the law of conservation of charge.</li> <li>Describe the features, charging and discharge/earthing of a leaf electroscope and uses in electrostatics (contact and induction) (testing for presence, type, quantity and conduction and insulation of materials)</li> <li>Perform simple experiments using proof plane and leaf electroscope or using digital gadgets to investigate the distribution of charges on metallic conductors (spherical, wedge shaped, pear shaped and sharp conductor)</li> <li>Search for information from reference materials, resource persons or videos, animations and simulations from</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>How do lightning arrestors work?</li> <li>How do materials get charged?</li> </ol>





digital devices describing real life	
effects of electrostatics and describe	
the applications of electrostatics	
(spray gun, lightning arrestor and	
associated safety measures)	
Construct a simple leaf electroscope	
using locally available materials.	

#### **Core competencies to be developed:**

- Digital literacy developed as learners search, play and observe videos and animations showing the origin of charges.
- Communication and Collaboration developed as learners discuss with peers the origin of charges on materials and SI unit of charge.
- Citizenship enhanced as learners identify necessary safety measures for themselves and others during lightning.

## Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs)

- Disaster risk reduction as the learners learn on safety measures during lightning
- Education for Sustainable Development as learners construct a simple leaf electroscope using locally available materials

#### .Values:

- **Responsibility** enhanced as learners perform their different roles during the experiment to demonstrate methods of charging a conductor.
- Unity is promoted as the learners perform the activities in groups to discuss and explain safety measures when there is lightning

## Links to other subjects:

• Electricity as learners discuss with peers about the origin of charges on materials and SI unit of charge



Assessment Rubric				
Indicator	<b>Exceeds Expectation</b>	<b>Meets Expectation</b>	<b>Approaches Expectation</b>	<b>Below Expectation</b>
Ability to explain the	Correctly explains the	Correctly explains the	Correctly explains the	Needs help to explain
origin of charges on a	origin of charges on a	origin of charges on a	origin of charges on a	the origin of charges
material	material with supporting	material	material but omits	on a material
	illustrations		mentioning some	
			constituent particles	
Ability to describe	Correctly describes	Correctly describes	Partially describes	With assistance,
detection of static	detection of static	detection of static	detection of static charges	describes detection of
charges on bodies	charges on bodies using	charges on bodies	on bodies of either	static charges on
	varied methods			bodies
Ability to describe the	Correctly and accurately	Correctly describes the	Correctly describes the	Need assistance to
distribution of	describes the distribution	distribution of charges	distribution of charges on	describe the
charges on metallic	of charges on metallic	on metallic conductors	some shapes of metallic	distribution of
conductors	conductors with		conductors only	charges on metallic
	illustrations			conductors
Ability to explain the	Correctly and	Correctly explains the	Correctly explains some	With help, explains
application of static	satisfactorily explains the	application of static	applications of static	the application of
charges in day to day	application of static	charges in day to day	charges in day to day life	static charges in day
life	charges in day to day life	life		to day life
Ability to outline the	Correctly and accurately	Correctly outlines the	Correctly outlines some	Needs help to outline
necessary safety	outlines the necessary	necessary safety	necessary safety measures	the necessary safety
measures against	safety measures against	measures against	against lightning	measures against
lightning	lightning	lightning		lightning





Strand	Sub Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning Experiences	Key Inquiry
				Questions
3.0 Force	3.2 Electrical	By the end of the sub strand, the	The learner is guided to:	What are
and Energy	energy	learner should be able to:	• Working together with peers,	alternative
		a) Explain the meaning of terms	discuss the meaning of terms	sources of
	(10 Hours)	used in electrical energy,	associated with electrical energy	power in your
		b) Describe the working of	supply (electric current, electric	locality
		primary cells and secondary	potential difference, electromotive	
		cells as a source of electrical	force)	
		energy,	• Describe the measurement of	
		c) Outline necessary care and	electric current and electric	
		maintenance of secondary	potential difference (use of	
		cells,	ammeter and voltmeter)	
		d) Apply mathematical	• Make a rectangular shape using	
		relationship between charge	straw and a beaker of coloured	
		and time to determine the rate	water to demonstrate the flow of	
		of flow of electricity.	charge in an electric circuit.	
		e) Appreciate use of cells as an	• Discuss with peers the direction of	
		alternative source of	electric current in a circuit the	
		electrical energy to fossil	relationship between charge,	
		fuels.	electric current and time	



	$\left\{I = \frac{Q}{t}\right\}$
	persons or digital materials, resource persons or digital materials, distinguish between primary cells and secondary cells and explain their working ( <i>simple cell, dry</i> <i>leclanche cell, lead acid</i> <i>accumulator and alkaline</i>
	<ul> <li>accumulators)</li> <li>Use common laboratory materials (zinc plate, copper plate, dilute sulphuric acid, connecting wires and a bulb) to investigate the working of a simple cell</li> </ul>
	• Discuss with peers the defects of primary cells and the maintenance of secondary cells ( <i>local action</i> , <i>polarization</i> )
	• Search for information from digital devices or otherwise the growing use of cells as opposed to fossil fuels as a source of electrical energy.





## Core competencies to be developed:

- Learning to learn developed as the learner uses common laboratory materials (*zinc plate, copper plate, dilute sulphuric acid, connecting wires and a bulb*) to investigate the working of a simple cell
- Digital Literacy developed as the learner search for information from digital devices or otherwise the growing use of cells as opposed to fossil fuels as a source of electrical energy
- Communication and Collaboration developed as the learner work together with peers discuss the meaning of terms associated with electrical energy supply (*electric current, electric potential difference, electromotive force*)
- Citizenship developed as learners identify and explain safety measures required when dealing with electrical appliance

## Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs)

• Safety is enhanced as learners identify and explain safety measures in place when dealing with electrical appliances

### Values:

- Unity is enhanced as learners work in groups to identify and discuss electrical appliances in the environment and set up simple electrical circuits.
- Responsibility as learners perform their different roles during the experiment to set up simple electrical circuits

## Links to other subjects:

- Pre-technical and pre-career: as learners learn to set up simple electrical circuits.
- Electricity as learners identify and explain safety in place when dealing with electrical appliances





Assessment Rubric	Assessment Rubric					
Indicator	Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches	<b>Below Expectation</b>		
	_	_	Expectation	_		
Ability to explain the	Correctly explains the	Correctly explains the	Correctly explains the	Needs help to		
meaning of terms	meaning of terms used in	meaning of terms	meaning of some terms	correctly explain the		
used in electrical	electrical energy, their	used in electrical	used in electrical energy,	meaning of terms used		
energy,	symbols and SI units	energy,		in electrical energy,		
Ability to describe the	Correctly and	Correctly describes	Correctly describes the	With assistance,		
working of primary	systematically describes	the working of	working of primary cells	correctly describes the		
cells and secondary	the working of primary	primary cells and	and secondary cells as a	working of primary		
cells as a source of	cells and secondary cells	secondary cells as a	source of electrical	cells and secondary		
electrical energy,	as a source of electrical	source of electrical	energy without clear	cells as a source of		
	energy	energy	distinction between them	electrical energy		
Ability to outline	Correctly and	Correctly outlines	Correctly outlines	Needs help to		
necessary care and	systematically outlines	necessary care and	necessary care and	correctly outline		
maintenance of	necessary care and	maintenance of	maintenance of	necessary care and		
secondary cells	maintenance of secondary	secondary cells	secondary cells	maintenance of		
	cells			secondary cells		
Ability to apply	Correctly and consistently	Correctly applies	Correctly applies	With help, applies		
mathematical	applies mathematical	mathematical	mathematical relationship	mathematical		
relationship between	relationship between	relationship between	between charge and time	relationship between		
charge and time to	charge and time to	charge and time to	sometimes to determine	charge and time to		
determine the rate of	determine the rate of flow	determine the rate of	the rate of flow of	determine the rate of		
flow of electricity.	of electricity	flow of electricity	electricity	flow of electricity		





Strand	Sub-Strand	Specific Learning Outcomes	Suggested Learning	Key Inquiry
3.0 Force and Energy	3.3 Transformation of energy (9 Hours)	<ul> <li>By the end of the sub strand, the learner should be able to;</li> <li>a) identify forms of energy in nature.</li> <li>b) explain energy transformations in nature.</li> <li>c) identify appliances whose working relies on energy transformation.</li> <li>d) identify strategies to mitigate dangers associated with energy transformation.</li> <li>e) appreciate the applications of energy transformation in day to day life.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Experiences</li> <li>The learner is guided to: <ul> <li>discuss with peers and identify forms of energy found in the environment.</li> <li>demonstrate and explain types of energy transformations using locally available materials.</li> <li>discuss the energy transformation processes</li> <li>search, play and observe videos and animations showing applications of energy transformation processes in day-to-day life</li> <li>identify and explain applications of energy transformation in day to day life (Electrical to heat, Mechanical to electrical, Electrical to light, Electrical to sound and Potential to kinetic)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Questions         1. How can energy be transformed from one form to another?         2. How can energy transformation be applied in day to day life?         3. What are the energy transformation processes that occur in our environment?





	<ul> <li>Discuss with others and identify dangers associated with energy transformation.</li> <li>identify and explain the applications of energy transformation in day to day life (bulb, diodes, moving microphone, electric heater, solar panel, dynamo, motor).</li> <li>search, play and observe videos and animations showing dangers associated with energy transformation and strategies of mitigation them (relate to road accidents; K.E to P.E through action and Reaction Forces; accidents caused by fire, electricity,</li> </ul>	
	Reaction Forces; accidents caused by fire, electricity, health hazard from bright light)	

### Core competencies to be developed:

- Digital Literacy: developed as learners search, play and observe videos and animations showing energy transformations and their applications.
- Communication and collaboration developed as learners work in groups to identify and discuss types of energy transformation in the environment.





## Pertinent and Contemporary Issues (PCIs)

- Education for Sustainable Development enhanced as learners identify and explain the applications of energy transformation in day to day life.
- Life Skills and Value Education: as learners identify the applications of energy transformation in day to day life.

#### Values:

- Respect: as learners respect each other's opinion when working in groups to discuss the energy transformation processes.
- Responsibility: As learners demonstrate types of energy transformations using locally available materials.

## Links to other subjects:

• Home science: as learners learn about applications of energy transformation processes in day to day life

Assessment Rubi R				
Indicator	Exceeds expectation	Meets expectation	Approaches expectation	<b>Below expectation</b>
Ability to identify forms of energy in the environment.	Correctly and consistently identifies forms of energy in the environment	Correctly identifies forms of energy in the environment	Correctly identifies some forms of energy in the environment	With help, identifies forms of energy in the environment
Ability to explain energy transformations in the environment	Correctly and consistently explains energy transformations in the environment	Correctly explains energy transformation processes that occur in the environment	Correctly explains some energy transformation processes that occur in the environment	With help, explains energy transformation processes that occur in the environment
Ability to identify appliances whose	Correctly and consistently identifies	Correctly identifies appliances whose	Correctly identifies some appliances whose	With assistance, identifies appliances

#### Assessment Rubric





working relies on energy transformation	appliances whose working relies on energy transformation	working relies on energy transformation	working relies on energy transformation	whose working relies on energy transformation
Ability to identify strategies to mitigate dangers associated to energy transformation	Correctly and consistently identifies strategies to mitigate dangers associated to energy transformation	Correctly identifies strategies to mitigate dangers associated to energy transformation	Correctly some identifies strategies to mitigate dangers associated to energy transformation	With assistance, identifies strategies to mitigate dangers associated to energy transformation



## COMMUNITY SERVICE-LEARNING PROJECT

#### Introduction

In Grade 8, focus is on making preparations to undertake a CSL activity of their own choice. They will be required to identify a community problem through research, plan and come up with solutions to solve the problem. The preparations will be carried out in groups. Learners will build on CSL knowledge, skills and attitudes acquired during Life Skills Education as well as other subjects.

## CSL Skills to be Covered:

- i) Leadership: Learners develop leadership skills as they undertake various roles during preparation.
- ii) **Financial Literacy and Entrepreneurship Skills:** Learners will gain skills on wise spending, saving and investing for sustained economic growth. They could consider ways of generating income as they undertake the CSL project through innovation ways. Moreover, they could identify business ideas and opportunities as well as resources to meet the needs of the community.
- iii) **Research:** Learners will be expected to identify a problem or pertinent issue in the community and indicate how the problem will be solved. They will also acquire skills on how to report their findings.
- iv) **Communication:** Learners indicate reporting mechanisms to be used during the actual project e.g., how they intend to communicate with members of the community, either online or offline.
- v) **Citizenship:** As learners engage in the CSL activities for this Grade, they will be vested with the rights, privileges and duties of a citizen, hence giving them a sense of belonging and attachment to the nation. They will also be empowered to engage and assume active roles in shaping a more peaceful, tolerant and inclusive society.
- vi) Life Skills Education: Learners will be equipped with life skills including decision making, assertiveness, effective communication, problem solving and stress management. This will enable them to manage interpersonal relationships, develop leadership skills as well as discover and grow their talents.
- vii) **Community Development:** Learners will be empowered with skills necessary to effect relevant change including building stronger and more resilient communities.



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Suggested PCIs	Specific Learning	earning Suggested Learning Experiences	
	Outcomes		Questions
<ul> <li>Environmental degradation</li> <li>Life style diseases</li> <li>Communicable and non-communicable diseases</li> <li>Poverty</li> <li>Violence in community</li> <li>Food security issues</li> <li>Conflicts in the community</li> <li>Note: The suggested PCIs are only examples. Teachers should allow learners to identify</li> <li>PCIs as per their context and reality.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>By the end of the CSL project, the learner should be able to:</li> <li>a) identify a problem in the community through research</li> <li>b) plan to solve the identified problem in the community,</li> <li>c) design solutions to the identified problem,</li> <li>d) appreciate the need to belong to a community.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The learner is guided to:</li> <li>brainstorm on pertinent and contemporary issues in their community that need attention in groups</li> <li>choose a PCI that needs immediate attention and explain why in groups</li> <li>carry out research using digital devices print media/interactions with members of the community/resource persons in identifying a community problem to address in groups</li> <li>discuss possible solutions to the identified issue in groups</li> <li>propose the most appropriate solution to the problem in groups</li> <li>discuss ways and instruments they can use to collect data on the problem (questionnaires, interviews, observation schedule, etc)</li> <li>develop instruments for data collection</li> <li>identify resources needed for the CSL project (human, technical, financial)</li> <li>discuss when the project will begin and end</li> <li>prepare a programme/timetable of the entire project execution</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>How does one determine community needs?</li> <li>Why is it necessary to make adequate preparations before embarking on a project?</li> </ol>





	<ul> <li>Assign roles to be carried by all group members</li> <li>reflect on how the project preparation enhanced learning.</li> </ul>				
Kev	v Component of CSL developed				
a) .	Identification of a problem in the community through research				
b)	planning to solve the identified problem				
c)	designing solutions to the identified problem				
Co	re competencies to be developed				
•	<b>Communication and collaboration</b> : Learners will make the preparations in groups and conduct discussions on best ways of				
	carrying out the project.				
•	Self efficacy: Learners develop the skills of self awareness and leadership as they undertake the CSL project				
•	Creativity and Imagination: Learners will come up with creative ways of solving the identified community problem				
•	<ul> <li>Critical Thinking and Problem Solving: Learners will demonstrate autonomy in identifying a community need exploring</li> </ul>				
•	nlausible solutions and making necessary preparations to address the problem				
•	<ul> <li>Digital Literacy: Learners can use technology when as they research on a community problem that they can address</li> </ul>				
•	<ul> <li>Digital Electricy. Learners can use technology when as they research on a community problem that they can address.</li> <li>Learning to Learn: Learners gain new knowledge and skills as they identify a community problem to be addressed and make</li> </ul>				
•	• Learning to Learn. Learners gain new knowledge and skins as they identify a community problem to be addressed and make				
•	• Citizenshin: This is enhanced as learners choose a PCI that needs immediate attention in the community				
Per	tinent and contemporary Issues				
•	<ul> <li>Social cohesion as learners discuss possible solutions to the identified issue</li> </ul>				
•	Critical thinking as learners discuss possible solutions to the identified issue				
•	Critical uning as learners discuss possible solutions to the identified issue.				
Val	lues				
•	• Integrity as learners carry out research using digital devices and print media as they identify a community problem to				
	address.				
0).					



Respect as learners brainstorm on pertinent and contemporary issues in their community that need attention				
Assessment Rubric				
Indicator	Exceeds Expectation	Meets Expectation	Approaches Expectation	<b>Below Expectation</b>
Ability to identify a problem in the community through research Ability to plan to solve the identified problem	Correctly and precisely identifies a problem in the community through research Accurately and systematically plans to solve the identified problem	Correctly identifies a problem in the community through research Accurately plans to solve the identified problem	Partially identifies a problem in the community through research Plans to solve the identified problem leaves out some details	Partially identifies a problem in the community through research with assistance With assistance plans to solve the identified problem but leaves out many details
Ability to design solutions to the identified problem	Correctly and elaborately designs solutions to the identified problem	Correctly designs solutions to the identified problem	Partly designs solutions to the identified problem	Partly designs solutions to the identified problem with prompting



# APPENDIX: LIST OF ASSESSMENT METHODS, LEARNING RESOURCES AND NON-FORMAL ACTIVITIES

Assessment Methods in Science	Learning Resources	Non-Formal Activities
Reflections	Laboratory Apparatus and	• Visit the science historical sites.
Game Playing	Equipment	• Use digital devices to conduct
Pre-Post Testing	Textbooks	scientific research.
Model Making	Software	Organizing walks to have live
Explorations	Relevant reading materials	learning experiences.
• Experiments	Digital Devices	• Developing simple guidelines on
<ul> <li>Investigations</li> </ul>	• Recordings	how to identify and solve some
Conventions, Conferences, and	8-	community problems.
Debates		Conducting science document
Applications		analysis.
Teacher Observations		• Participating in talks by resource
• Project		persons on science concepts.
• Journals		• Participate in science clubs and
Portfolio		societies
Oral or Aural Questions		Attending and Participating Science
Learner's Profile		and Engineering fairs
Written Tests		
Anecdotal Records		Organizing and participating in
		exchange programs.
		Make oral presentations and
		Demonstrations on science issues.