F4 TERM 1 ASSIGNMENT

ALL SUBJECTS

SET 1

Attempt this Exam & Present on Opening Day

For More sets & Marking Schemes/Answers

Call 0705525657

NAME:	ADM NO:
SCHOOL:	CANDIDATE'S SIGN:

ENGLISH PAPER 1

PAPER 1: FUNCTIONAL SKILLS

1. Imagine you had some guests from Sweden who visited you to celebrate your birthday. They enjoyed the special meal that you had prepared for them. One of them has requested for the recipe. Send it by e-mail. (20mks)

2. CLOZE TEST

The broadened freedom of speech bestowed upon people the rise of social media
platforms does have its merits, as many nowa platform where they can
their concerns about injustices within the society, everything has its good things and bad
things as The freedom on social media has also rendered these avenues
grounds for hate Many use it to promote their bigoted ideology. They
encourage hatred warring individuals or parties simply because they are
to the views beliefs or behavior that differ from

3. ORAL SKILLS

A barefoot boy! I mark him at his play...

Read the oral poem below and respond to the questions that follow.

A	\mathbf{B}^{A}	١R	EF	O	O'	Г	BO	\mathbf{C}	Y

For May is here once more, and so is he,	
His dusty trousers, rolled half to the knee,	
And his bare ankles grimy, too, as they:	
Cross- hatchings of the nettle, in array	
Of feverish stripes, hint vividly to me	
Of woody pathways winding endlessly	
Along the creek, where even yesterday	
He plunged his shrinking body – gasped and shook	
Yet called the water 'warm' with never lack	
Of joy. And so, half enviously I look	
Upon this graceless barefoot and his track,	
His toe stubbed, his big toe-nail knocked back	
Like unto the clasp of an old pocketbook.	
i) Identify and illustrate two devices that make the poem musical.	(2mks)
ii) How would you effectively recite line 13 of this poem?	(2mks)

iii) Which word would you stress in line 12? Give a reason.	(2mks)
b) One of the features in listening skills is maintaining a meaningful eye-contact you think it is important to do so? (3mk	s)
c) Consider the following oral literature item.	
Mi moet moet a moita (There is a wound in a calf's stomach)	
i) Classify the above genre	(1mk)
ii) Identify and illustrate two features of sound in the above genre.	(2mks)
iii) Explain what is lost if the item above is translated from its original langu	age. (2mks)
iv) Give one role of the above item	(1mk)

d) Underline the sile	nt <u>letter(s)</u> in the	e following words		(3mks)
i) sword		iv) bouquet		
ii) debris		v) victual		
iv)grandmother		vi)corps		
e) Which is the odd of	one out in the fo	ollowing groups of words	s based on the underlined so	ounds?
				(3mks)
a) b <u>ee</u> r	b <u>are</u>	b <u>ear</u>	p <u>air</u>	
b) tough	gira <u>ffe</u>	dou <u>gh</u>	photogra <u>ph</u>	
c) <u>h</u> onest	<u>h</u> onour	<u>h</u> eifer	<u>h</u> eir	
f) For each below, pr	ovide another the	hat is identical in pronun	iciation.	(4mks)
i) clue		iii) board		
ii) sole		iv) tear		
is fruitful.			elass. How would you ensu (5mks)	

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

ENGLISH PP2

COMPREHENSION

Read the following passage and then answer the questions that follow.

Unscrupulous as he was, Kwame Asante had a qualm as he looked at the woman sitting on the African stool near the bed. He had called her and yet when she came he did not quite know how to begin the conversation.

"Akosua, how would you like fifty pounds to start a small business of your own – selling cloths or perfume and powder?" The woman smiled nervously. Ten years of married life had made herwary of her husband's fits of generosity.

She was as black as ebony, with the fine features peculiar to the girls of the Akwapim hills; graceful in her brown and red design cloth and the lovely silk head-tie wrapped round her head. Her feet were shod in 'spitfire' sandals and on her tiny ears she had the popular golden ear-rings named 'Abongo'.

The slender woman on the stool was the mother of three children though she still looked a girl. Married under the native customary law, she had served her lord and master with zeal and zest. It is a law which as some other law in the Gold Coast, needs <u>disinfecting</u> for though it aids the man to gain his desire when it is at its fiercest, it in no way safeguards the position of the woman when the man's passion abates.

"Would you like fifty pounds?" asked Kwame again. "Could make it a hundred. You have been a very good wife to me, Akosua." Did the truth begin to dawn on the woman's consciousness? No. She thrust the thought away from her. 'He could not do it'.

Kwame cleared his throat – after all he might as well get it off his chest: hadn't she noticed that the whole relationship had become impossible? A cloth woman was all right when one was young and struggling. She could be so useful – a general servant, and yet a wife. Akosua was so gentle, and even quite refined, but a man needs a change. He had just completed his two-storied building and he had been made a committee member of an important club. The other day his academy had conferred on him an associateship and his university had given him a coveted degree. He had at last achieved his ambition and had become an important man in the community. He was thinking seriously of entering the town council.

Fancy being addressed councilor Kwame Asante, O.B.A.... A.S.S. He smiled inanely to himself. Akosua looked at him in wonder.

"Er.... er... Akosua..., I want to tell you I am going to marry a lady; you will be paid off with a hundred pounds. A... frock.... lady...um....er ... of course you can read and write Ga and Twi but my friends will call you an illiterate woman."

"Did you consult your friends before you married me ten years ago?" The voice was cold and calm, yet the words cut like a whip.

"If you are going to be <u>impertinent</u>, I shall not discuss the matter further." He got up and walked up and down the room. "How many men in the Gold Coast will pay a woman off with one hundred pounds? You are only entitled to twenty-five pounds and here I am out of kindness offering you a hundred. Show some gratitude, Akosua." Akosua looked at him. Stark misery was in her eyes.

"I shall send the children to Achimota College." There was a whining note in his voice. "I am only doing this because of my position in society. You see I may be called to Government House and other important places...... say somethingAkosua.

"I say you can keep your twenty five pounds, fifty pounds or a hundred pounds. I will have nothing to do with it. I will not be paid off.

- "What! What! Come! Don't do anything rush!"
- "If you dare touch me I shall strike your face."
- "Strike your master, your husband! Are you mad?"
- "I shall leave this house."

"If you dare to disgrace me by leaving the house before I am ready for you to go, there will be trouble. I do not intend to put up with a willful woman. What is my sin after all? I only want to become a decent and respectable member of society. If you leave this house without my knowledge and permission, I shall claim every penny I have spent on you since I married and lived with you these ten years; and not only that but I shall claim all the presents I have given to your parents and other relatives. You know our native customary law."

"Yes, I know your native customary law. It is a grave to bury women alive whilst you men dance to the tom-tom on top of the mound of earth."

Questions

i)	Why does Akosua smile nervously when Kwame offers her fifty pour own?	nds to start a small business of her (2mks)
ii)	Explain the effect of Akosua's silence on Kwame?	(2mks)
iii)	In not more than 60 words, summarize the reasons for Kwame's inter	-
		(4mks)

	(1mk)
What is Kwame Asante's burning ambition	n? (1mks)
Rewrite the following sentence in reported 'Did you consult your friends before you n	narried me ten years ago?' Akosua asked Kwame. (1 mks)
()Give an instance of irony in the passage.	(2mks)
i) 'It is a grave to bury women alive whi Explain the meaning of this statement.	ilst you men dance to the tom-tom on top of the grave.' (2 marks)

x) Explain the meaning of the following words and phrases as used in the passage. (3 mks)
a) Disinfecting
b) The words cut like a whip
c) Impertinent
LITERARY APPRECIATION:
BLOSSOMS OF THE SAVANNAH
Read the following excerpt and answer the questions that follow.
Although Resian had a lot to complain and grumble about in life in their new environment, Taiyo found it
tolerable. For instance,
she gladly discovered that mornings in their new home began with a lively chatter of birds in the trees
surrounding their house. That gave the home an atmosphere of tranquility and peace.
However, one of the unpleasant aspects that the girls had to live with was the constant violation of their
privacy. In Nasila, they soon discovered, the home belonged to all the clan members. It was not an unusual
thing to get up in the morning to find the
living room full of men and women who came early, not for any tangible business, but simply to share a
sumptuous breakfast with their kith and kin. Taiyo and Resian were soon to get used to hearing an urgent
knock at the door very early in the morning.
On opening, they would invariably be met by a grinning group of men or women who would unashamedly
ask them what they were doing in bed that late in the morning. They would proceed to take seats in the living
room and order them to serve them breakfast. When they got used to what at first, they considered negative
aspects of the Nasila culture, Taiyo and Resian adjusted accordingly and soon they began to live
harmoniously with the people. Their father was out of the homestead most of the time working at the shop
and organizing other business matters. His absence meant the absence of his irksome and corrosive remarks
that always heightened tension in the house. In his absence, the house was a continuous joy with comfort and
conveniences, and the girls found it pleasurable to keep it clean and well-arranged.
Questions
A) What happens immediately after this extract? (5 marks)

B) Where had the family been living before and why did they move? (3 marks)
C) Give the character traits of the following: (6marks)
Taiyo
The people of Needle
The people of Nasila
D) Discuss a theme implied in the extract. (4 marks)
E) Using the rest of the hook, site and applein are sultipped aspect that had a life abording affect on the live
E) Using the rest of the book, cite and explain one cultural aspect that had a life changing effect on the live of the two girls (4mks)
F) Explain a stylistic device used in the extract. (2mks)

G) Taiyo and Resian adjusted accordingly? Add a question tag. (1mk)			
ORAL LITERATURE			
The Man, His Son and The Squirrel			
There was a certain town whose only occupation was catching squirrels (ground squirrels). There was a man in this town who excelled at catching squirrels. One squirrel was so smart that it eluded everyone in town. It was said that only this man said to his son, "Come, let's go to catch the squirrel." They took an axe; they found the squirrel near its hole. Then the squirrel ran and entered its hole. They searched out all the holes, then they stopped them up. Then the man said to his son, "Don't let the quirrel get out of its hole." He answered, "Okay." But one hole wasn't stopped up, and the squirrel escaped. When it escaped, the father came to his son and said to him, "Why did you let it escape? If I go home now, I will beashmed." He grabbed the axe and struck his son. Then he went on his way and left his son unconscious. Ants began to fill his eyeballs an his ears; vultures were circling above him.			
In the afternnon, the headman of a rich caravan arrived at the spot. When he arrived, he setp up camp. Then he got up and went for a stroll and saw the boy. He called his slaves to take him and have him washed and shaved. The boy recovered. The headman had no offspring. When he took the boy, he decided that he would make him his son. He sent a message to the chief of the town, telling him that he had an offspring, that he was happy he had become a complete man, and that he would now receive the gifts due to him.			
The chief said, "This is a lie. He is not his son. If he is his son, then let him come that I can see." Then the headman arrived in town. The chief gave his sons horses worth ten pounds. He said, "Go and join the son of the headman. Have a race. When you finish give these horses away" (forcing him to do the same). They did it and they returned the next day, the chief again gave them horses worth ten pounds. They did as the day before. They did it five times. They ran out of horses. Then the chief said, "Indeed, it is his son I have run out of horses. If it weren't his son, he wouldn't agree to let him give his own horses away to match the presents." Then the chief summoned his daughter. The Gralladima brought his to help. The Madaki also gave, and the Makama gave. Altogether, four wives. The chief gave a big house. The headman came and brought twenty concubines and gave to his son. There was continuous feasting.			
Then one day the son saw his father, the one who had knocked him down with the axe because of the squirrels. The father came to the house of his son and said, "Throw away your gown and start catching squirrels." The slaves of the headman said, "This is a crazy man, let us all strike him." The boy said to him, "This is my father, the one who sired me." The headman said, "I have already lied to the chief. Let us keep that secret. I will give your father wealth. Let him go home. Should he want to see you, let him come to visit you. If you want to see him, then you can go and visit him." The real father said he did not agree. Then the headman said, "Well then, let us go out in the countryside." They went. The headman unsheathed his sword. He handed it to the son, and said, "Kill one of the two of us." Here ends the story. Questions			
(a) (i) Classify the above narrative. (1 mk)			

	(ii) What are the characteristics of the above classification?	(2 mks)
	4. What is the function of this narrative?	(1 mk)
(b)	Identify and illustrate any <u>three</u> features of oral narrative evident in the story.	(6 mks)
(c)	Give <u>one</u> economic activity that is undertaken by the community referred to i (2 mk	
(d)	Describe the character of the following: a) The young man	(2 mks)
	(ii) his father	(2 mks)
(e)	Whom do your think would be the most appropriate audience of this story.	(2 mks)
(f)	What is the moral lesson of this narrative?	(2 mks)

GRAMMAR

A.	Rewri	ite the	foll	lowing	sentences	as	instructed	l.
----	-------	---------	------	--------	-----------	----	------------	----

(i) (a)	The photographs will be taken at the venue of the wedding. The photographs are reputable studio. (Combine into once sentence using 'e	O 1
(b)	Neither the children nor the peasantallowed to go to the hall (Rewrite filling the blank with an appropriate auxiliary verb).	yesterday. (1 mk)
(ii) (a)	The principal noticed serious laxity among the students. He warned behaviour. (Combine the sentence using present participle.)	
(b)	The farmer's cow gives twenty-five kilos of milk everyday. He feeds (Combine using the present participle).	
(iii) Kib	Underline the gerund in the following sentence. Det is studying but swimming is his hobby.	(1 mk)
	Replace the underlined word with a phrasal verb. It is not good to despise other people.	(1 mk)
(b)	I am currently <u>living</u> with my brother in Karen.	(1 mk)
(c)	The principal was <u>annoyed</u> with the three boys.	(1 mk)

B. Rewrite the following sentences correcting the errors.

(i)	There are situations of which you need to act with speed or else the consecatch up with you.	(1 mk)
(;;)		
(ii)	She likes football as it is more superior than hockey.	(1 mk)
C. F	ill in the blanks with the appropriate prepositions.	
(i)	He was chargedforging property inheritance document.	(1 mk)
(ii)	Kamau dealsgroceries.	(1 mk)
D. G	ive two meanings from the sentence below.	
	you see the girls with a telescope?"	(1 mk)
E. U	se the correct form of the words in the brackets to fill in the blanks.	
(i)	The couple has applied for a divorce overdifference	es. (reconcile). (1 mk)
(ii)	That matter is highly(contest) in a court of law.	(1 mk)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

ENGLISH PP3

I) Imaginative composition (compulsory) (20 marks)

Your relatives have organized a farewell party for you in preparation for your departure to the USA for further studies. Write the speech that you will deliver on that day.

2) Drama (compulsory) (20 marks)

The past always catches up with the present, sometimes with some unintended consequences. Using the play, A Doll's House, explain this statement.

3) Optional set texts

Either (20 marks)

a) The Short Story

The grass is always greener on the other side of the fence. Using the stories in the anthology, Memories we Lost and other Stories, discuss this adage. (20 marks)

Or

b) Drama

Using the play, Inheritance, explain the saying: the mouth that eats the seeds asks what it will plant. (20 marks)

Or

c) The Novel

The sea shapes the destiny of the Kino family. Discuss this statement using the book The Pearl. (20 marks)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

102/1

MAAGIZO

a) Andika Insha mbili.

KISWAHILI PAPER 1

- b) lnsha ya kwanza ni ya lazima.
- c) Chagua Insha nyingine moja kutoka kwa hizo tatu zilizobaki.
- d) Kila Insha isipungue maneno 400.
- e) Kila Insha ina alama 20.
- **1.** Andika tahariri kwa gazeti la Taifa Leo juu ya umuhimu kwa ushauri nasaha katika shule za upili kwa wanafunzi.(Alama 20)
- **2.** Utandawazi una athari mbaya kwa maisha yetu jadili. (Alama 20)
- **3.** Aambuaye nyayo safari imeanza (Alama 20)
- **4.** "Mwanangu Nyanchama miaka kumi sasa tangu yakupate yaliyokupata.Shukuru Mola kwamba alikuhifadhi. Kuteleza si kuanguka..." Endeleza Insha hii. (Alama 20)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

102/2

KISWAHILI LUGHA

(Ufahamu, Ufupisho, MatumiziyaLugha, Isimu-Jamii)

UFAHAMU (Alama 15)

Soma taarifa ifuatayo kisha ujibu maswali.

Mwalimu mtukutu alikuja kwangu kwa ualishi wa mke wangu. Siku hizo alikuwa amefanya kama maradhi ya wasiwasi. Hata akawahi kulazwa spitali na alipotoka sikuona tofauti kubwa. Basi shemeji yake aliposema kuwa kuna mganga fatashi aliyempoza mkewe na mkewe rafiki yao, nikakubali amwite aje amwangalie mke wangu.

Ama mimi siwaamini sana hawa waganga wa kikwetu - shemeji mke wangu awaita walimu. Naamini kuwa maradhi mengi yatokana na mawazo ya mgonjwa kuliko kuwa ni ugonjwa hasa wa viungo vya mwili. Juu ya hayo mwanyumba wangu na huyo rafiki yake ni watu wa maana, nikaona siwezi kumvunja.

Mwalimu akaja nyumbani akamsikiza kwa makini mke wangu akimuaridhia uwele wake. Hapo ndipo alipombainishia maradhi yake ni nini, yatokana ria nini na yahitaji uaguzi gani. Sababu ya maradhi akaambiwa kuwa mume alikuwa akifanya utukutu nje akapambana na bibi mmoja aliyesalitika naye sana. Huyo bibi akaenda kufanya sihiri, "kumfunga mumeo na wewe kukuletea maruhani usijijue usijitambue ili awe naye peke yake," Sasa basi, habari hizi lazima aziweke siri kubwa hasa mimi nisijue, maana itakuwa shida kubwa kunifungua na kumtopoa yeye.

Kabla ya kwenda kuangalia nikaona hali imebadilika nyumbani. Kila nikiingia huwa kumenuniwa. Wakati wote bibiye akawa amenifuria. Nikajua pana jambo hapa. Na kwa tabia ya mke wangu jambo lenyewe namna linavyomkera, ndiyo lazima atalitoa tu, hataweza kustahamili akiteketea ndani kwa ndani. Nikasema, heri nibahatishe pengine nitasibu. Nikamwambia basi,' mwalimu amekutobolea mambo sasa yanakukera kumbe nilikuwa nimeugusa mshipa ndipo. Kukaanzwa tena hata kukimalizwa nikayapata yote. Kulitokea kidudu mtu akajifanya ni mwema wake mkubwa. Akambunia habari tumbi nzima zisizokuwa na msingi na habari hizo zilipomfikia mwalimu mtukutu zikazidi kupambwa na kutiwa kila kiungo.

Ama kuna watu duniani hawaoni watu wawili wamekaa vema wasitie peke peke kutaka kuwatangua na wengine
wakiona mahali pana pato huwa kwao si nongwa kutia utesi ikiwa pato hilo halina njia nyingine yakulipata. Maswali
a) Ni kwa nini msimulizi alimkubalia mkewe amwite mwalimu mtukutu kwake? (alama 4)

b) Fafanua imani ya msimulizi kuhusu ugonjwa. (alama 2)
of Faranca main ya msimanzi kanasa agonjwa. (alama 2)
c) Kwa mujibu wa habari, mwalimu mtukutu alikuwa na sababu ipi ya kumkataza mteja wake asimweleze uaguzi
wake. (alama 1)
d) Eleza hali ilivyobadilika nyumbani kwa msimulizi na hatima yake. (alama 4)
e) Mke wa msimulizi alimtilia shaka kwa sababu gani? (alama 2)

f) Eleza maana: (alama2)	
i) Kumfunga mume	
ii)Mwanyumba,	
UFUPISHO: (ALAMA 15)	
Soma makala hay a kisha ujibu maswali.	
Dhana ya kupatilizwa tuliyo nayo haitokani na hofu ya sayansi bali yatokana na hofu ya vita na sababu za vita hazikuzushwa na sayansi. Utaalamu huu haukuunda vita, umeukuza ujuzi wa vita na kuupotoa.	
Kwanza, pasi na shaka, sayansi imeziongeza nguvu za wachochezi wa vita. Zana za kisasa zinaweza kuficha watu wengi zaidi wasijulikane walivyokufa na kuwaua kwa njia ya manyenzi zaidi kuliko zana za zamani. Kila silaha mpya zinazoundwa ni za maangamizi zaidi, ni za kutisha sana hata kuwapa watu kusema kuwa dola zitalazimika kuacha vita kwa hofu ya uharibifu utakaowapata hata wakiwa washindi. Lakini kweli ilivyo ni kuwa hakuna taifa ulilosita kuanza vita kwa kucha ati silaha lillilo nazo zitaangamiza walimo na wasiokuwemo kuundwa kwa marisau ya kulilikisha miji iliyo mbali, kuundwa kwa makombora ya atomiki, hewa za sumu zinazopaliza na kuzuia pumzi a zinazotawanya vidudu vya maradhi au vya kuua mimea, zana zote hizi hazijazuia wala hazitazuia vita.	
Lakini lawama kubwa ni ya wataalamu wa sayansi maana utaalamu wenyewe una kunga kama za wachawi na waganga. Kila mtu azicha wala hajui la kuzifanya na hao wataalamu nao wamejiziba katika kunge la kunga hizi kupagaza waja na kujifanya waungu-wa-ti (miungu ya chini). Kwa sababu ya kujiepusha hivi na watu kile kilicho kimegeuka kuwa hofu na kitisho na kila mtu ataka amwepuke mtaalamu wa sayansi kama anavyomwepuka mchawana mganga. Ni juu yao kuyaondosha maoni haya na ni juu yetu sote kutoivika vita sayansi bali tuifanye chombo cha kudumisha amani.	
Maswali a) Kwa kuzingatia mambo muhimu, fupisha aya za kwanza mbili (Maneno 50-55) (alama 9, 2 za utiririko)	
MATAYARISO:	
	•••
	• • •
JIBU	
	• • •
	.
	.

b) Fupisha aya ya mwisho bila kupoteza maana asilia (Maneno 40) (alama 6, 1 ya utiririko)
MATAYARISHO:
ПBU
3. MATUMIZI YA LUGHA (ALAMA 4)
a) Andika kwa umoja: mavuzi yameota kwapa nimwao. (alama 2)
b) Ainisha mofimu za neno: aliaye. (alama 2)

c) Huku ukitoa mfano mmoja, eleza majukimu ya kielezi. (alama3)
d) Tomos sentenci ultimois nene Secure Sililonemento metamici valte (elema 2)
d) Tunga sentensi ukitumia neno `seuze` iilikuonyesha matumizi yake. (alama 2)
e) Tambua matumizi ya 'ni' katika utungo ufuatao. Mama ni mgonjwa na ananisubiri hospitalini. (alama 3)
f) Sentensi hizi ziko katika hali gani?
(i) Kalindi na Chebet wacheza darasani. (alama 1)

g) Tunga sentensi moja iliyo na vitenzi viwili (alama 2)
h) Ainisha virai vilivyopigiwa mstari. (alama 2) <u>Mtoto mtundu alipanda juu ya dawati</u> .
i) Tambua shamirisho na uonyeshe aina yake. Chakula kilipikwa na Misoi. (alama 2)
j) Changanua kwa kielelezo cha jedwali. Alifika mapema sana. (alama 4)
k) Andika kwa ukubwa umoja. Wanawake hawa ni wazembe. (alama 2)

1) Sahihisha:
Jamaa ile ako katika mtoni. (alama 2)
m) Tumia vitae hivi katika sentensi moja ilikudhihirisha matumizi yao. (alama 2)
i) Somea
(ii) Zomea
n) Weka shadda katika neno 'mbaya' ilikuleta maana mbili tofauti. (alama 2)
Weka shadda katika heno mbaya mkuleta maana mom torauti. (alama 2)
o) Eleza matumizi yoyote mawili ya kiimbo. (alama 2)
p) Toa mfano mmoja wasauti hizi: (alama 2)
i) Kitambaza
ii) Kikwamizo cha meno na ulimi
•

r) Tofautisha kati ya /e/ na /o/
(alama 2)
s. Andika katika wakati usiodhihirika. (alama 2)
Mama anayecheza na watoto ndiye ninayempenda.
4. ISIMU JAMII (alama 10)
Kadenge anao! Anao bado!
Salaaaale! wa lahaula! Chapokwajukimo cha panya Lo! (a) Hii ni sajili gani? (alama 1)
(b) Taja sifa zozote tano za sajili hii. (alama 5)
c) Eleza athari ya kiisimu, inayoweza kumkabili mtu asiye na meno ya juu. (alama 4)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

102/3

KISWAHILI

FASIHI

SEHEMU YA (A): TAMTHILIA YA KIGOGO

1.Swali la lazima.

"Mungu yu mwema. Utatembea.

- a)Fafanua mukthada wa dondoo hii. (alama 4)
- b) Fafanua sifa za msemewa wa maneno haya. (alama 6)
- c)Eleza changamoto tano ambazo wanamapinduzi walizozipitita katika harakati zao za kuikomboa Sagamoyo (alama 10)

SEHEMU YA B

2. CHOZI LA HERI: Assumpta K. Matei

"<u>nimeonja Shubiri</u> ya kuwa mtegemezi ya kuwa mtegemezi kihalali na mali, lakini katika yote hayo nimejifunza mengi."

- i. Eleza muktadha ambapo kauli hii imetolewa. (alama 4)
- ii. Bainisha tamathali ya usemi iliyojitokeza katika kauli hii (alama 2)
- iii. Thibitisha ukweli wa kauli iliyopigigwa mstari kwa kutoa hoja saba huku ukirejelea mzungumzaji. (alama 14)
- **3.** Riwaya ya Chozi la Heri imeangazia matatizo yanayozikumba nchi huru za Afrika . Thibitisha kauli hii kwa kurejelea wahafidhina.
 - a)Dhiki za wakimbizi (alama 14)
 - b) Eleza athari za ukimbizi (alama 6)

SEHEMU C (Tumbo Lisiloshiba)

TUMBO LISILOSHIBA NA HADHITHI NYINGINE

4.

- a). Jadili suala la elimu kwa kurejelea hadithi za:
 - i. Mapenzi ya kifaurongo ii.

Mtihani wa maisha

(alama 10)

- b). Fafanua kwa kina maudhui ya malezi kwa kuzingatia hadithi ya
 - i. Shogake Dada ana Ndevu
 - ii. Tulpokutana Tena.

(alala 10)

5. Ndoto ya Mashaka na Ali Abdulla Ali

"lakini hayo twayajua wenyewe tu. Ni siri yetu. Ndiyo sababu ya kuambiwa, siri ya mtungi uliza kata au kitanda usichokilalia huwajui kinguniwe."

- i. Eleza muktadha wa dondoo hii. (alama 4)
- ii. Taja na utoe mifano ya tamathali ya usemi iliyotumika katika kifungu.(alama 1)
- iii. Taja sifa tano za anayezungumza (alama 5)
- iv. Kwa kurejelea tandale, eleza kauli "siri ya mtungi uliza kata." (alama 10)

SEHEMU YA D: USHAIRI

USHAIRI

6. MKWARUZANO WA NDIMI

Huyo! Mshike huyo!

Hakuna bunduki wala kifani

Bomu na risasi hata hawazijui

Lakini mno wanashambuliana

Kwa ndimi zilizonolewa kwa makali

Vipande vya matusi silaha zao.

Yu imara mmoja wao

Akirusha kombora la neno zito!

Limtingishe adui wake

Na kumgusa hisia kwa pigo kuu

Pigo linalochoma moyoni kama kichomi

Kuchipuza joto la hasira na kisasi

	Katika mapigano yaso na kikomo
	Filimbi ya suluhu inapulizwa kuwaamua!
	Nani anayekubali suluhu?
	Roho zinakataa katakata
	Huku ukaidi ukinyemelea na kutawala kote
	Mapandikizi ya watu yakipigana
	Vita shadidi visivyo ukomo
	Vita vya ndimi!
	Magharibi sasa
	Jua linapungia mkono machweo
	Nalo giza likinyemelea kwa kiburina
	Kasi
	Sisikii tena sauti za misonyo
	Mate yawatesi yamekauka
	Makanwa yao yamelemewa na uchovu
	Sasa wameshikana mikono
	Ishara ya suluhu.
Mas	wali
(a)	Hili ni shairi la aina gani? (alama 1)
(b)	Eleza dhamira ya mshairi. (alama 2)
(c)	Eleza kanuni za utunzi alizotumia mshairi. (alama 4)

(d) Taja mbinu zozote tatu za kifasihi alizotumia mshairi. (alama 3)

- (e) Jadili toni ya mshairi katika beti tatu za awali. (alama 2) (f) Tambua matumizi ya mistari mishata na utoe mifano miwili. (alama 3)
- (g) Andika mishororo ya kwanza mitatu katika ubeti wa 4 kwa lugha ya nathari. (alama 3)
- (h) Toa maana ya msamiati huu.

(alama 2)

- (i) Kombora
- (ii) Misonyo
- 7. (Soma shairi hili kisha ujibu maswali yanayofuata)

Ameumbwa mwanadamu, kwa lililo zuri umbo,

Basi si wote fahamu, waliyo na sawa mambo, Wako waliyotimamu, na wengineyo wa kombo, Na mtu kuwa na tumbo, si kwamba mekamilika.

Kuna walo mafidhuli, lugha yao ni matango,

Na kuna wenye kauli, sizokuwa na ushingo, Kuna wake kwa wavuli, vipofu na wenye tongo, Na mtu kuwa na shingo, si kwamba mekamilika.

Kuna walo na fikira, na wenye vibovu vitwa, kuna walo na subira, husubiri kucha kutwa, wengine tabiya ya bora, hino huwanayo katwa, Na mtu kuwa na kitwa, si kwamba mekamilika.

Kukamilika kwa Mja, ni mbali kwa Moliwa,

Kwa Mja nitakutaja, ili upate kwelewa, Ni kufikiya daraja, ile aliyoumbiwa, Hapo ndipo huambiwa, Mja amekamilika.

Aiyelewe duniya, kwa marefu na mapana,

Azipite zile ndiya, za miba mitungu sana, Avuke bahari piya, zito na virefu vina, Hiyo ni yangu maana ya mja kukamilika.

Akishafikwa na hayo, si kwamba ndiyo akhiri,

Lazima awe na moyo, wa kuweza kusubiri, Kuyasubiri ambayo, yote yatayomjiri,

Kama huyo tamkiri, ni mja mekamilika.

Maswali

- a) Kulingana na shairi hili ni yapi humfanya mtu kuwa na utu? Taja matano.(alama 5)
- b) Fafanua namna mshairi alivyofaulu kutumia uhuru wake. (alama 4)
- c) Eleza maana ya vifungu hivi kama vilivyotumiwa katika shairi. (alama 3)
 - i) Vibovu vitwa. ii) Tabiya bora. iii) Mtu kuwa na kitwa.
- d) Msanii anakiri nini kuhusu Mja? (alama 2)
- e) Andika ubeti wa tano kwa lugha nathari. (alama 4)
- f) Eleza umbo la shairi hili kwa kuzingatia mizani na vina. (alama 2)

SEHEMU YA E: FASIHI SIMULIZI (ALAMA 20)

- 8. a). Eleza maana ya dhana zifuatazo: (alama 5)
 - i. Lakabu
 - ii. Misimu
 - iii. Ulumbi iv. Miviga
 - v. Maapizo
- b). Fafanua sifa tano za misimu (alama 5)
- c) Fafanua sifa tano za ngomezi (alama 5)
- d)Taja changamoto tano zinazokabili matumizi ya ngomezi katika jamii ya sasa. (alama5)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

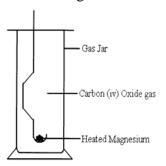
CHEMISTRY PP1

1. Gas X was found to decolorize moist litmus paper. A colorless solution of potassium B red-brown when gas X was passed through it.	romide turned
a) What is observed when gas x is passed through potassium iodide solution.	(1mark)
b) Write an equation to accompany the observation in (a) above.	(1 mark)
2. An organic compound J has the following percentage by mass, carbon, 64.86%, hydrogound the rest oxygen. The relative molecular mass of the compound is 74. Work out the most compound J. [C=12. H=1 O=16] marks)	
3. The scheme below shows the energy changes that are involved between ice, water an then answer the questions that follow	nd steam. Study it
$\begin{array}{c c} \Delta H_1 & \Delta H_2 \\ \hline H_2O_{(S)} & H_2O_{(I)} & \Delta H_3 \end{array}$	
(a) What name is given to the process represented by energy change ΔH_4 ?	(1 mark)

	at is the sign of ΔH_3 ? (rks)	Give a reason			(2
the	_		t a temperature 27°C ar 750mmHg pressure. (0'		re. Calculate
are	plete the table below to not actual chemical s rks}		the sub-atomic particle	es of the given nuclio	les. X and Y
			Number of		
	Particle	Protons	Neutrons	Electrons	
	$^{34}_{16}X^{-2}$				
	⁵⁶ Y +3				
foll 2 a) Cal	owing equation $2H_{3}P_{4g}+MCO_{3(S)}$ culate the number of	$\rightarrow M(NO_3)_{2(aq)} +$	carbonate of metal M. $-CO_{2(g)} + H_2O_{(l)}$ eacted with nitric acid.	(MCO ₃) according to	the (2
ma :	rks)				

		•••••
b)	Calculate the relative molecular mass of MCO ₃ marks)	(2
7. (a) Name the substance formed when soap is used to wash in hard water	(1 mark)
(b) Give one advantage of drinking hard water	(1 mark)
••••		
• • • •		

8. The diagram below a heated magnesium metal lowered inside a gas jar of carbon (IV) oxide.



Study it and answer the questions that follow.

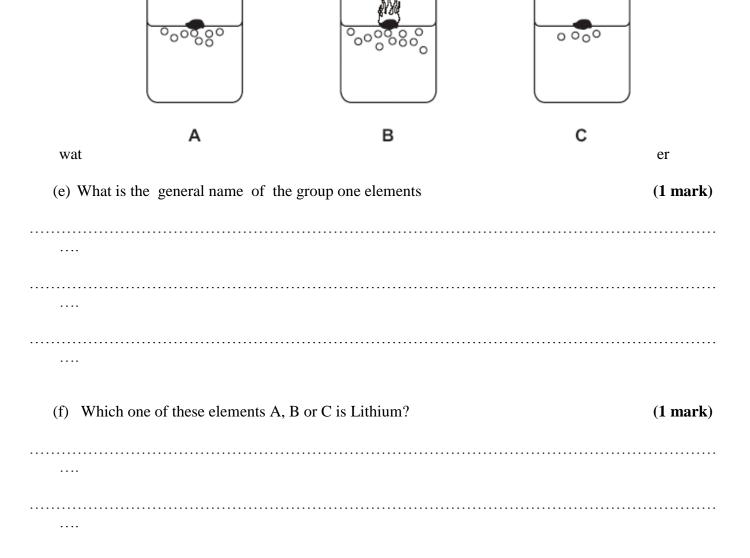
State two obsermarks)	vations that	can be mad	de during a	nd after the	experiment	(2
			•••••			
i) Write a balance	ed chemical	equation fo	or that reac	tion.		(1
answer the que	stions that the state of the st	follow.	8.0	6.5	7.0	
Solution	E	F	G 6.0	H	I	
) Identify the solu	ition with th	e highest c	concentration	on of hydrox	xide ions	(1 mark
••••						
••••						
••••						
). Which solution	can be used	as a remed	dy for acid	indigestion	in the stomach?	(1 mark

••••					
(-) XX /1-1-1-	- 14!			-:	(1
(c) which so	oiution v	would react most vigorou	usiy with magne	esium metai?	(1 mark)
••••					
••••					
10. 120cm ³ d	of nitroge	en gas diffuses through	a membrane in f	Forty seconds. How long v	will it take 240cm ³ of
carbon ((IV) oxid	le to diffuse through the	same membran	e (C=12,N=14,O=16)	
	`				
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
••••					
11. The table	e below s	shows the relative atomi	c masses and the	e percentage abundance	of the isotopes L_1
and L_2	of elem	ent L.			
Isot	ope	Relative atomic	%		
	, sp.	mass	abunda		
		(2.02	nce	_	
I		62.93 64.93	69.09 30.91		
L Calculate the		atomic mass of elemen			(3
marks)	rciative	atomic mass of elemen			(5
••••					
••••					

12. Use the information in the table about group 1 elements to answer the questions that follow

Element	Atomic radius(nm)
Lithium	0.123
Sodium	0.157
Potassium	0.203

When the group 1 elements react with water, hydrogen gas is given off. The diagram shows the reaction of the above three elements with



(c) Apart from fizzing describe **two** things that you would see when sodium reacts with water. (2 marks)

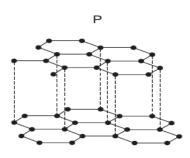
	•••••				
	••••				
3. 5	Study the chart b	pelow and answer the o	questions that fo	llow.	
			Mixture X		
			Step	I water and filter	
	White	Step II Colourles		Black solid	
	precipitate insoluble on boiling	Add Barium nitrate solution		Step IV	
	boning		tep III dd ammonia	Add dilute	
			olution in excess	nitric acid	
		White precipit	ate	Pale blue	
		Institute on Ca		solution	
a)	Name:				
	Cations present	in mixture X.			(1 mark)
-,	Parameter Parameter				(=
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		••••••		
···	A •	1 . 1			(1 1)
(11)	Anions present	in the solution.			(1mark)
			•••••		
	••••				

(b) V	(b) Write an equation to show how the white precipitate in step III dissolves.						
(c) N	Name the process outlined i	n step IV abo	ove.			(1 mark)	
14. U	Use the information in the ta	able below to	answer the que	stions that follo	W		
	Element	Sodium	Magnesium	Phosphorus	Chlorine		
	Electric conductivity	Good	Good	Poor	Poor		
	M.P (°C)	98	660	44/115	-173		
(a) E	xplain why both Sodium a	nd Magnesiu	m conducts elec	tricity while pho	osphorus and ch		
						(1 mark)	
(b) S	Suggest a reason why phos	phorus has be	een assigned two	o melting point v	values		

c) Explain why atomic radii table	of elements in period	od 3 decreases genera	ally from left to right i	n the periodic (1
				•
		_		
	resperiment, soap solution was added to three samples of water. The results be me of soap solution required to lather with 500cm ³ of each water sample before an analysis of soap used before 26.0 and 14.0 and 26.0 water boiled volume of soap after water 26.0 after water boiled volume of soap after water boiled volume of soap after water samples are likely to be soft. Explain the change in volume of soap solution used in sample 2 arbonate, dilute nitric acid and distilled water. ks)			
	26.0	14.0	4.0	
	26.0	4.0	4.0	
(i).Which water sample	es are likely to be so	ft		- (1 mark)
				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
(*) F 1 : 4 1	· 1 C	1.2	1 2	(1 1)
(II) Explain the change	in volume of soap s	solution used in samp	le 2	(1 mark)
16. Describe how the follow	ring reagents can be	used to prepare lead	sulphate. Solid potass	sium sulphate,
solid lead carbonate, di	lute nitric acid and o	listilled water.		(3
marks)				
				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
17. Using dots (.) and crosse form carbon (ii) oxide. mark)	es(x) to represent -el	ectrons show the bor	nding between oxygen	and carbon to

	_	ol (C_2H_5OH) were completely burnt in air. The heat evolved cause rater to change from $20^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$. Calculate the molar enthalpy	_
(H =		D = 16. Specific heat capacity of water = $4.2 \text{ Jkg}^{-1}\text{k}^{-1}$)	(3
••••			
19.	The structure	es below represent two cleansing agents where R is along hydroc	arbon chain. Which of the
	two cleansing	ng agents is suitable for washing in water containing Calcium ior	ns. Give a reason
		AC name of the following organic compounds;	(2
	marks)		
a)	Cl	H ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	
b)	Cl	H ₃ CHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₃	
		CH ₃	
21 .	The products	formed by action of heat on nitrates of element A, B and C are s	hown below
	Nitrate	Products formed	
	A	Metal oxide +Nitrogen (IV) Oxide + Oxygen	
	В	Metal +Oxygen (IV) Oxide	
	С	Metal nitrate + oxygen	
		e the metals in order of reactivity	(1 mark)

(b) Which element forms a soluble carbonate	(1 mark)
Give an example of B	(1 mark)
22. Propane C ₃ H ₈ and Carbon(IV)oxide diffuses at the same rate under the same	me conditions. Explain
22. I Topane C3118 and Carbon(1 v)oxide diffuses at the same rate under the same	(1
	mark)
23. Although there are large reserves of iron and aluminium ores in the world,	, both metals are recycled.
<pre>I. State one social benefit of recycling mark}</pre>	{1
II. Why is it particularly easy to separate iron from other scrap metals? {1mark}	
III. It is cheaper to recycle aluminum than it is to extract the metal from its or mark}	re. Give a reason. {1
24. The diagrams show the structures of two forms, P and Q, of a solid element	nt.





What are suitable uses of P and Q, based on their structures?

(2

marks)

- 25. Fertilizers are added to the soil to improve crop yields. A farmer has a choice of two fertilizers, ammonium nitrate NH₄NO₃ or diammonium hydrogen phosphate (NH₄)₂HPO₄
- (i) Show by calculation which of these fertilizers contains the greater percentage of nitrogen by mass

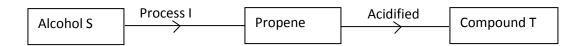
(3

mar

ks)

(N=14, H=1, O=16,P=31)

- (ii) State one major problem caused when the nitrates from fertilizers leach from the soil into streams and rivers(1 mark)
- **26.** Study the flow chart below.



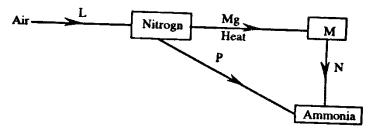
(a). Write the structural formula of alcohol S.

(1

mark)

(b) Name

- (i) compound T (1 mark)
- (ii) process I (1 mark)
- **27.** Students are advised to use a non-luminous flame for heating in the laboratory.
- (a) How does a Bunsen burner produce a non-luminous flame?(1) mark)
- (b) Give one reason why the advice is given to students.(1 mark)
- 28. Study the diagram below and answer the questions



- (i) What is the process involved in step L (1 mark)
- (ii)Explain how process N and P can be affected (2marks)

N

29. In an experiment to determine the solubility of solid Y in water at 30^oCthe following results were obtained.

Mass of empty evaporating dish = 26.2g

Mass of evaporating dish + saturated solution = 42.4g

Mass of evaporating dish + dry solid = 30.4g

Use the data to calculate the solubility of Y at $30^{\circ}_{\rm C}$ grams of Y per 100g water.

(3

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

CHEMISTRY PP2

This paper consists of 12 printed pages.

Candidates should check to ensure that all pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing

1. (a) Use the information below to answer the questions that follow.

$$Ca_{(s)} + \frac{1}{2}O_{2(g)} \rightarrow CaO_{(s)} \quad \Delta H = -635 \text{ KJ mol}^{-1}$$

$$Ca_{(s)} + O_{2(g)} \rightarrow CaO_{2(g)} \quad \Delta H = -394 \text{ KJ mol}^{-1}$$

$$Ca_{(s)} + e_{(s)} + \frac{3}{2}O_{2(g)} \rightarrow CaCO_{3(s)} \quad \Delta H = -1207 \text{ KJ mol}^{-1}$$

Calculate the enthalpy change for the reaction.

$$CaO_{(s)} + CO_{2(s)} \rightarrow CaCO_{3(s)}$$
 (3 marks)

- (b) State one factor that should be considered when choosing a fuel for cooking. (1 mark)
- (c) The following data was obtained during an experiment to determine the molar heat of combustion of ethanol.

Volume of water used $= 500 \text{cm}^3$

Initial temperature of water = 25°C

Final temperature of water = 44.5°C

Mass of ethanol + lamp before burning = 121.5g

Mass of ethanol + lamp after burning = 120.0g

Calculate the

(i) Heat evolved during the experiment (density of water = $1g/cm^3$, specific heat capacity of water = $4.2Jg^{-1}K^1$).

(1 mark)

(ii) Molar heat of combustion of ethanol (C = 12, O = 16, H = 1).

(2 marks)

(d) Write the thermo equation for the complete combustion of ethanol.

(1 mark)

(e) At 298K and one atmosphere pressure, graphite changes into diamond according to the equation.

$$C_{\left(graphite\right)} \rightarrow C_{\left(diamond\right)} \qquad \Delta H = +2.9 \text{ KJ/mol}$$

In the space provided, sketch a simple energy level diagram for the above change.

(2 marks)

(f). Study the information in the table below then answer the questions that follows.

Bond	Bond energy (kJmol ⁻¹
H – H	435
Cl – Cl	243
H-Cl	431

Calculate the enthalpy change for the reaction.

$$H_{2(g)} + Cl_{2(g)} \rightarrow 2HCl_{(g)}$$
 (2 marks)

2. (a) At 25°C 50g of substance X were added to 100g of water to make a saturated solution.

What is meant a saturated solution?

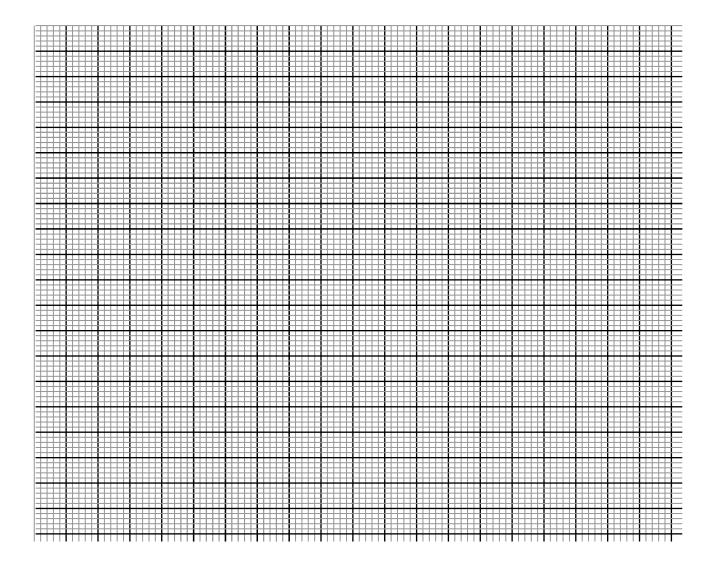
(1 mark)

(b) The table **below** gives the solubilities of substance X at different temperatures.

Temperature °C	14	24	33	40	46	52
Solubility g/100g H ₂ O	24	36	50	62	72	90

(i). Plot a graph of the solubility of substance X (vertical axis) against temperature.

(3 marks)



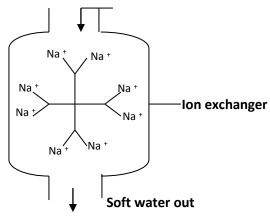
(ii) Using the graph.

d) Determine the solubility of substance X at 20°C.

(1 mark)

- e) Determine the mass of substance X that remained undissolved given that 90g of substance X were added to 100cm³ of water and warmed to 35°C. (2 marks)
- f) Calculate the molarity of the solution at 30° C. (Relative formula mass of X = 122.5). (3 marks)
- (c) The figure below shows an ion exchanger used to soften hard water

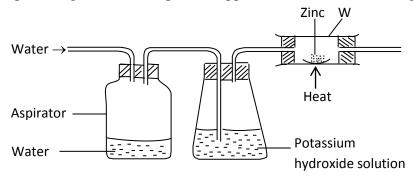
Hard water containing MgCl₂



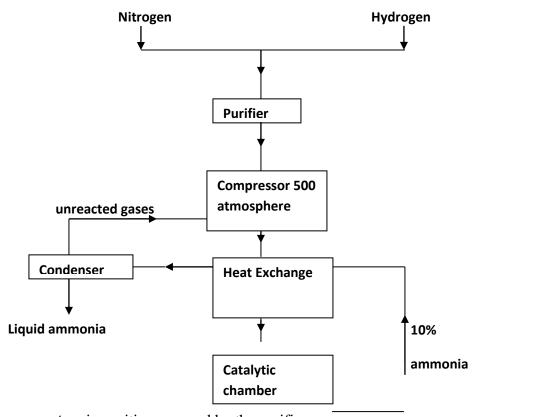
- (i) Draw the ion exchanger and show how it will appear at the end of softening process. (2 marks)
- (ii) How is the ion exchanger recharged after exhaustion

(1

3.(a) Below is an incomplete diagram of a set-up of the apparatus used to obtain nitrogen gas from the air.



- (i) Complete the diagram to show how nitrogen gas is collected. (1 mark)
- (ii) State the role of the following:
- I Water entering the aspirator. (1
- II Potassium hydroxide solution. (1 mark)
- (iii). Write a chemical equation for the reaction that takes place in combustion tube.
- (b). The diagram below represents the Haber's process for the manufacture of ammonia. Study it and answer the questions that follow.



(i) Name any **two** impurities removed by the purifier.

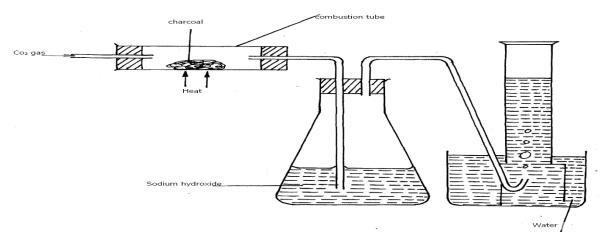
(2 marks)

(ii) Name the catalyst used in the process

(1 mark)

(iii) In the Haber's process the conversion of nitrogen and hydrogen into ammonia is only 10%.	
	(1mark)
	•••••
iv) A part from the catalyst and pressure of 500 atmospheres, name any other condition required process.	for this (1mark)
(c) Give any two uses of ammonia	(1 mark)
	•••••
d) In the manufacture of nitric (V) Acid from ammonia and air, ammonia is catalytically oxidized (II) oxide	to nitrogen
(i) Name the catalyst used in the reaction.	(1mark)
	••••••
(ii) Write a balanced chemical equation for the reaction between ammonia and air.	(1mark)
(iii) State one environmental problem likely to be faced in an area where nitric (v) acid manufact	uring plant
located.	(1 mark)
	•••••

4. In an experiment, carbon (IV) Oxide gas was passed over heated charcoal and the gas produced collected as shown in the diagram below.



- (i) Write an equation for the reaction that took place in the combustion tube . (1 mark)
- (ii) Name another chemical substance that can be instead of sodium hydroxide . (1 mark)
- (iii) Describe a simple chemical test to distinguish between carbon (II) Oxide and carbon (IV) Oxide

(2

marks)

(iv) What is the purpose of sodium hydroxide in the above set-up

(1 mark)

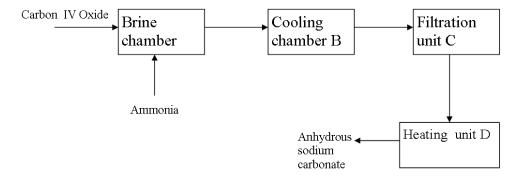
(v) What property of the gas makes it possible to be collected ass shown above?

(1 mark)

(vi) State one use of carbon (II) oxide

(1 mark)

(b) In order to prepare sodium carbonate in the laboratory, students passed carbon (IV) oxide and ammonia gas into brine as shown in the flow diagram below. Use it to answer the questions that follow:



(i) Why is the mixture obtained in chamber A cooled down in chamber B?

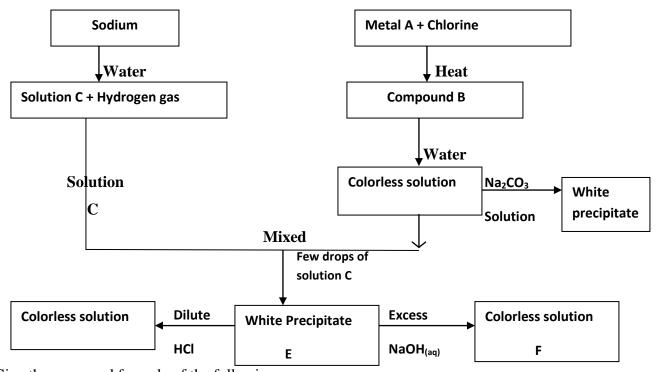
(1 mark)

(ii) Write an equation for the reaction that recurs in the heating chamber D

(1 mark)

(iii) Give a reason why it is difficult to prepare potassium carbonate by the same method. (1 mark)

5. Study the flow diagram below and use it to answer the questions that follow.



- (a) Give the name and formula of the following.
- (i) White precipitate E

Name

(1 mark)

Formula

(1 mark)

(ii) Colourless solution F

Name

(1 mark)

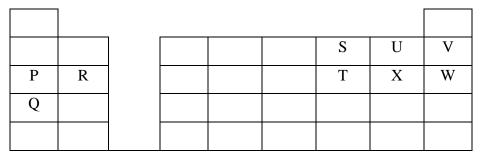
Formula

(1 mark) (b) What property is exhibited by white precipitate E when it reacts with Sodium hydroxide and HCl acid. (1mark) (c) Write an ionic equation for the reaction between white precipitate E and excess sodium hydroxide solution. (1 mark) (d) You are provided with. i) Potassium carbonate solid Zinc hydroxide ii) iii) Nitric (v) acid Distilled water iv) State briefly how you would prepare solid zinc carbonate using the reagents given. (3 marks) Distinguish between a weak acid and a strong acid giving an example of each. (1 mark)

(f). Identify an acid in the forward reaction given by the equation below:

$$HSO_{4(ag)}^{-} + H_2O_{(l)} = H_2SO_{4(ag)} + OH_{(ag)}^{-}$$
 (1 mark)

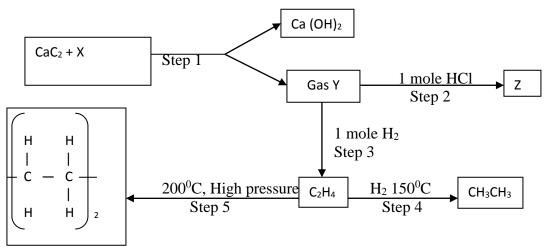
6. The grid below shows part of the periodic table. Use it to answer the questions that follow. The letters do not represent actual symbols.



- i) Which of the elements has the largest atomic radius? Explain.
- ii) Identify the most reactive non-metal. Explain. (2 marks)
- iii) Compare the atomic radius of P and R. (1 mark)
- iv) Give the formula of one stable ion with an electron arrangement of 2.8 which is:
- (a) Negativity charged divalent ion. (2 marks)
 - (b) Positively charged monovalent.
- v) Given that the mass number of W is 40. Write down the composition of its nucleus. (1 mark)
- vi) Write the formula of the compounds formed between.
 - F. Element R and X. (1 mark)
 - G. Give **one** property of the structure formed when R and X bond. (1

7. Study the diagram below and answer the questions that follow.

(2



- (i) Identify reagent X. (1 mark)
- (ii) Draw the structural formula of gas Y. (1 mark)

- (iii) What name is given to the process that takes place in step 5? (1 mark)
- **(b)** An organic compound T reacts with chlorine gas in the presence of u.v light to form compound U. The structural formula of compound U is shown below.

Name the organic compound T and draw its structural formula. (2marks)

(c). The structure below represents two cleansing agents, L_1 and L_2 .

$L_2 \rightarrow R - COONa^+$	
(i) Identify each of the two cleansing agents, L_1 and L_2 . L_1	
(½mark)	
${ m L}_2$	
(½mark)	
(ii). State a disadvantage of each of the above cleansing agents. L_1	
(½mark)	
${\sf L}_2$	
(½mark)	
(d) In an experiment an organic compound was reacted with absolute ethanol in the	e presence of concentrated
sulphuric (VI) acid to form a compound whose formula is CH ₃ CH ₂ CH ₂ COOCH ₂	CH _{3.} Name
I. The type of reaction that took place.	(1 mark)
II. The name of the organic compound to which the compound belonged.	(1 mark)
(d) Write the structural formula and give the systematic name of the acid used i	in the above experiment.
(1 mark)	

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

BIOLOGY PP1

Ī

Explain the meaning of the following branches of biology.	
Cytology	(1mark)
Mycology	(1mark)
State three reasons why it's necessary to classify living organisms.	(3marks)
The diagram below represents a neuron.	
A D	
i) Identify the neuron.	(1mark)
ii) Give a reason.	(1mark)
Identify the parts labeled A and D.	(2marks)
A	(Ziliarks)
D	

c)	State the function of neuron.	(1mark)
4.	A form one student trying to determine the size of onion cells observed the following on a field of view.	microscopes
	If the student observed 2 cells across the field of view calculate the length of one cell in m	icrometers (3marks)
5).	The diagram below represents a certain organism collected by a student on his v	vay to school
a)	State the class to which the organism belongs	(1mark)
d)	Give two reasons for your answer 5(a) above	(2mark)
_		
6. i)	What is meant by the following terms as used in ecology? Biomass	(1mark)
ii)	Ecosystem	(1mark)

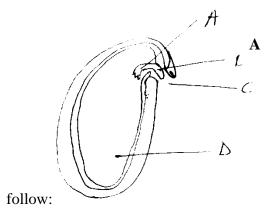
7. The diagram below represents a synapse

(1mark) (2mark s
,
(2mark s
(1mark)
(1mark)
(1mark)
(1mark)
(1mark)

viii) Name the parts labeled A, B, C and D. (4marks) A		
wiii) Name the parts labeled A and B (2marks) A B b) i) State the class to which the plant above belongs ii) Give a reason (1mark) 11. During research on different types of plants students found a plant that looked like the one shown belo A B C a) Identify the plant. (1mark) viii) Name the parts labeled A, B, C and D. A B C D	10. The diagram below represents across section of a certain plant	
D Identify the plant. (2marks) B (2marks) A B (2marks) A B (2marks) A B (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark)		
D Identify the plant. (2marks) B (2marks) A B (2marks) A B (2marks) A B (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (2marks) (2marks) (2marks) (2marks) (2marks) (4marks) (4marks) (4marks) (4marks) (4marks) (4marks) (4marks)		
D Identify the plant. (2marks) B (2marks) A B (2marks) A B (2marks) A B (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark) (2marks) (1mark) (1mark)		
vii) Name the parts labeled A and B A B B ii) State the class to which the plant above belongs iii) Give a reason (Imark) 11. During research on different types of plants students found a plant that looked like the one shown belo A B A B (Imark) A B (Imark) A B (Amarks) A B C Identify the plant. (Imark)	A	
vii) Name the parts labeled A and B A B B ii) State the class to which the plant above belongs iii) Give a reason (Imark) 11. During research on different types of plants students found a plant that looked like the one shown belo A B A B (Imark) A B (Imark) A B (Amarks) A B C Identify the plant. (Imark)		
A B b) i) State the class to which the plant above belongs ii) Give a reason (1mark) 11. During research on different types of plants students found a plant that looked like the one shown belo A B C a) Identify the plant. (1mark) viii) Name the parts labeled A, B, C and D. (4marks) A B C D	B	
B	vii) Name the parts labeled A and B	(2marks)
ii) State the class to which the plant above belongs ii) Give a reason (1mark) 11. During research on different types of plants students found a plant that looked like the one shown belo A B iii) Give a reason (1mark) A B iviii) Name the parts labeled A, B, C and D. (4marks) A B C D	A	
ii) State the class to which the plant above belongs ii) Give a reason (1mark) 11. During research on different types of plants students found a plant that looked like the one shown belo A B iii) Give a reason (1mark) A B iviii) Name the parts labeled A, B, C and D. (4marks) A B C D	В	
During research on different types of plants students found a plant that looked like the one shown beloe a) Identify the plant. (1mark) Viii) Name the parts labeled A, B, C and D. A B C C D		
During research on different types of plants students found a plant that looked like the one shown beloe a) Identify the plant. (1mark) Viii) Name the parts labeled A, B, C and D. A B C C D		
a) Identify the plant. (1mark) viii) Name the parts labeled A, B, C and D. (4marks) A B C D	ii) Give a reason	(1mark)
a) Identify the plant. (1mark) viii) Name the parts labeled A, B, C and D. (4marks) A B C D	11. During research on different types of plants students found a plan	t that looked like the one shown below
viii)Name the parts labeled A, B, C and D. (4marks) A B C D	D C	
A	a) Identify the plant.	(1mark)
B	viii) Name the parts labeled A, B, C and D.	(4marks)
B	A	
C		
D		
	c) State the division to which the plant belongs.	(1mark)

2.	Why do you think we experience more discomfort in hot humid weather than we do in ho	t dry weather (3marks)
3.	Explain why a water logged soil does not support plant growth.	(3marks)
4.	Name the carbohydrate that is.	
	Found in abundance in mammalian blood.	(1mark)
)	Stored in a mammalian liver.	(1mark)
5.	Liver damage leads to impaired digestion of fats. Explain.	(2marks)
5.	The letters 'N' and n represents the dominant and recessive genes for hemophilia respecti	vely.
	Write down the genotype of the following	(3marks)
	Homozygous recessive	
	Heterozygote	
	Give three adaptations of human male gamete to its functions.	(3marks)

18. The diagram below represents a longitudinal section of a bean study it and answer the questions that



a)	Identify the parts labeled A to D.	В	(2marks)
	A B	c	
	C		
		D	
b)	Give the role of the plant labeled D.		(1mark)
c)	What type of germination would the see	ed shown above undergo?	(1mark)
	a) A person who is blood group AB has an advantage over a person who is blood group O.		, ,
	b) Give two reasons for screening blood	d before transfusion.	(2marks)
20.	a) Define immunity.		(1mark)
	b) Distinguish between natural immuni	ty and acquired immunity.	(1mark)

c) Identify one immunisable disease in Kenya.	(1mark)
State the causative agent of; Cholera	(1mark)
Amoebic dysentery.	(1mark)
Explain why it difficult to calculate the respiratory quotient (RQ) in plants.	(2marks
The diagram below represents a stage in the development of human foetus. A B Foetus	
State one function of each of the structures labeled A and B. A	(2marks
В	
Apart from the size of the foetus what else from diagram illustrates that birth wa near future.	

24.	Give the reasons why Lamar's theory on natural selection in organic evolution was discarde. (2marks)				
25.	Explain why the following process is essential in living organism.				
b)	Reproduction (1ma	ark)			
c)	Excretion	(1mark)			
26.	Explain why there are only a few days in each menstrual cycle when fertilization can occur (2	r.			
27.	Study the bio-chemical reactions given below.				
	$C_6 H_{12} O_6 + C_6 H_{12} O_6 \xrightarrow{I} C_{12} H_{22} O_n + H_2 O$				
	$C_{12} H_{22} O_{11} + H_2 O \xrightarrow{II} C_6 H_{12} O_6 + C_6 H_{12} O_6$				
i)	Identify the process marked I and II	(2marks)			
	Ι				
	II				
b)	Explain how the process marked II can be carried out in a laboratory.				

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

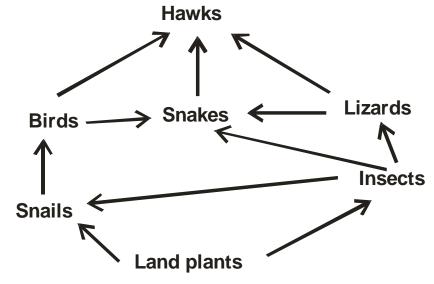
BIOLOGY PP2

SECTION A (40 MARKS)

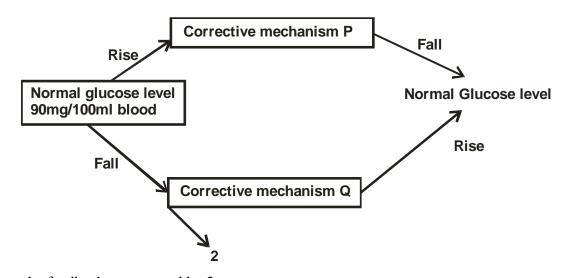
Answer ALL question	Answer	ALL	auestion
---------------------	--------	-----	----------

	Answer ALL questions					
1.	A pure breed red flowered plants was crossed with a pure breed white flowered plant. The F1 generate					
	had all pink flowers. When F1 were selfed 1600 plants were obtained in F2 generation					
a)	Identify the type of dominance	(1mark)				
b)	Give a reason for your answer	(1mark)				
c)	i) Using letter R to represent the gene for red color and W for the white colour work out genotypes for F2 generation.	the possible (4marks)				
	ii) Work out the answer of plants in F2 with Pink flower	(1mark)				
	Red flowers	(1mark)				

2. Study the food web below and use it to answer the questions that follow



- a) Identify the tropical level occupied by the hawks. (1mark)
- b) Write down any two food chains from the food web that ends with:
- i) Quaternary consumer (2marks)
- ii) Tertiary consumer (1mark)
- c) Suggest **three** short term effects on the ecosystem if all the snakes died (3marks)
- d) Which organism has the highest number of predators (1mark)
- 3. The diagram below shows how blood glucose in mammalian body is regulated.



- a) Name the feedback represented by 2 (1marks)
- b) Explain what happens during corrective mechanism P (3marks)
- c) i) Name **two** organism involved in corrective mechanism P and Q (2 marks)
 - ii) Why would glucose level be maintained constant (1marks)
- d) What is osmoregulation? (1 mark)
- 4. In a fish pond the number of fish was estimated by use of the following information.

First captured =50

Second captured =90

Marked recaptured =25

Identify the met	nod suggested above	(1mark)
Name two other	sampling methods used in estimating populations	(2marks
Calculate the tot	al number of fish in the pond	(2marks
Give three assu	mptions of the above method	(3marks
) TTI - II		
a) The diagram	below represents bones and muscles in human arm	
Scapula	B	
	A	
	A Ulna	
5. Give two dif		above and the type of mus

ii) Explain how the muscles labeled A and B above bring about stretching	ng of the arm (2marks)	
b) Below is diagram of above coiled sacrum A		
B		
ii) State the disgusting feature of sacrum	(1mark)	
iii)What is the function of sacrum in the body		
iv)How is sacrum adapted to its function	(2marks)	

SECTION B (40 MARKS)

Answer question 6 (compulsory and either question 7 or 8 in the provided after question 8.

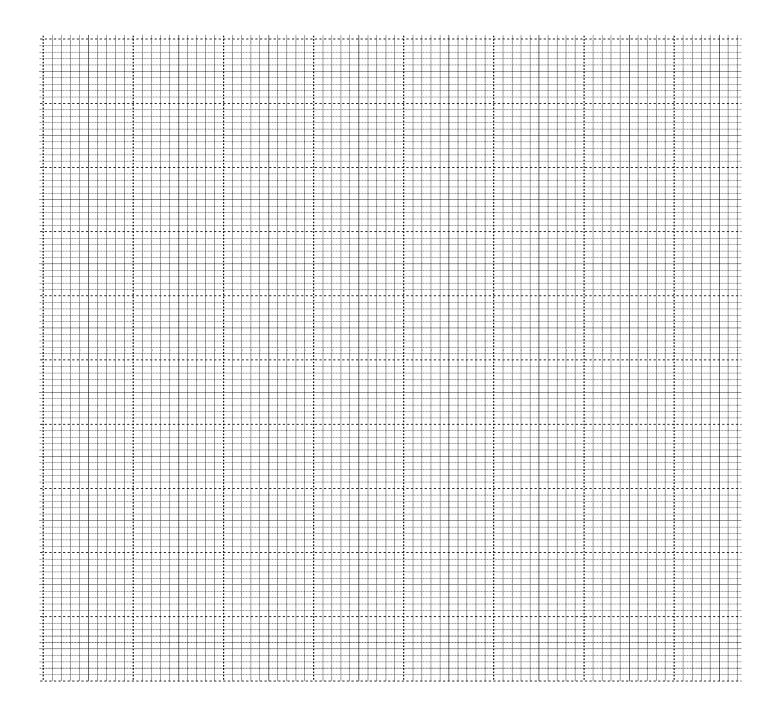
6. In an experiment to investigate the action of salivary amylase in starch, equal amount of amylase was added to equal amount of starch in in different tubes. The test tubes were placed at different temperatures. The table below shows the time taken for the enzyme to digest starch.

Time (min)	45	27.5	15	05	1.5	1	8	35

Temperature ⁰ c	0	10	20	30	35	38	40	45

2 On the grid provided, plot a graph of time in minutes against temperature.

(5marks)



)	What is the optimum temperature of the enzyme	(1mark)	
)	Account for the time taken to digest starch at		
)	5°C	(2marks)	
	45°C	(2marks)	
	Other than temperature name two other factors that influence the rate of enzyme action.	(2marks)	
)	What is the rate of enzyme action at 15 ^o C? Work out using the graph drawn.	(3marks)	
	Salivary amylase continues to digest starch to maltose in the bolus from the mouth down	the esophag	
	but stops in the stomach. Explain.		
)	Name the secretions received in the duodenum from the pan crease to facilitate the proce	ess of digestic	

h)		ing a scientific research on a rat hydrochloric acid was carefully introduced in the pancreatic duct to with the secretion before it was received in the duodenum it was discovered that no digestion took				
	place in the duodenum. Explain .	(2marks)				
7.	a) Describe the adaptations of the human ear to its function	(10marks)				
	b) Describe the following evidence of organic evolution					
	viii) Comparative anatomy					
	(6marks)					
	ix)Geographical distribution	(4marks)				
8.	a) Define pollution	(2marks)				
	b) Describe water pollution under the following:					
	i) Causes	(6marks)				
	ii) Effects of pollutants on plants and animals	(6marks)				
	iii)Methods of controlling pollution	(6marks)				

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

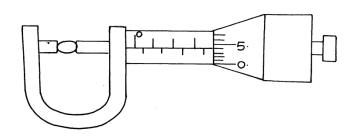
SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

PHYSICS PP1

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

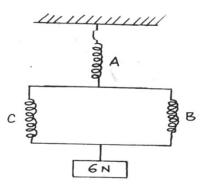
Answer all the questions in this section in the spaces provided.

1. Figure 1. shows a micrometer screw gauge being used to measure the diameter of a ball bearing.

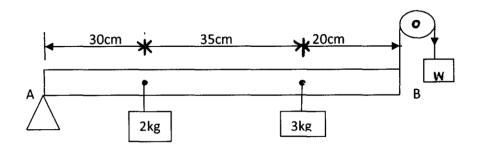


If the instrument has a negative zero error of 0.01mm, i	ecord the actual diameter of the ball bearing. (1mk)		
2. Figure 2. shows drops of mercury and water on a gla	ass surface,		
Mercury drop	Water drop		
	Glass		
Explain the difference in the shapes of the drops.	(2mks)		

- 3. Explain why fish can survive under water when the surface is already frozen. (1 mk)
- 4. Figure 3 shows three identical springs each of spring constant 4.5N/m and negligible weight are used to support a load as shown. Determine the total extension of the system. (2mks)



5. Figure 4 shows a uniform rod **AB** of negligible weight pivoted at **A**.



If the system is in equilibrium, determine the weight W shown in the diagram. (3mks)

6.	A ball is thrown from the top of a cliff 20m high with a horizontal velocity of 10ms ⁻¹ . Calculate the distance from the foot of the cliff to where the ball strikes the ground. (3 marks)
7.The	height of mercury column in a barometer density 13600kg/m^{-3} , at a place is 64cm. What would be the height of a column of paraffin in barometer at the same place. (Density of paraffin = $8.0 \times 10^2 \text{ kg/m}^3$). (3mks)
8. Ex	plain o n e advantage of mercury over alcohol as a thermometric liquid. (1mk)
9.A bo	ody of mass M is allowed to slide down an inclined plane. State two factors that affect its final velocit at the bottom of the inclined plane. (2mks)

retarding force	.(2mks)					onds. Calculate the
				ooking fire explo		
12.Oil is leakin seconds. Figure	_		•	•	falls on the gr	round every fifty
	1	2	3	4	•	
						(1mk)
	the accelerat	ion of the car				ters and the distance mks)

SECTION B - 55 MARKS

Answer <u>all</u> questions in this section in the spaces provided.

13. a) State Pressure Law.	(2mk)
b) Figure 6 shows a set up that may be used to verify Pressu	are law.
Stirer	purdon uge 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
i) State the measurements that may be taken in the experiment.	(2mks)
ii) Explain how the measurement in (i) above may be used to verify	y Pressure law . (4mks)

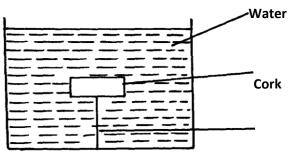
iii) A car tyre is at an air pressure of 4.0 x 10⁵ Pa at a temperature of 27 °C. While it is running the temperature rises to 75 °C. What is the new pressure in the tyre?(Assume the tyre does not expand) (3mks)

(a) De	efine specific	e latent heat of	fusion of a substan	nce. (1mk)		
(b) Fi	gure 7 below	shows a block	k of ice with two ho	eavy weights hai	nging such that the	copper w
conne	ecting them	passes over the	block.	lo	e block	
			P	Woode	en support	
					weights	
(i) It i	s observed the (3mks)	nat the wire gra	adually cuts throug	h the ice block,	out leaves it as one	piece. Ex
(ii) V	_	would be obser	rved if the copper v	wire used in the	experiment was pla	nced by a

has melted is T. (specific latent heat of fusion of ice=340,000 J/kg, specific heat capacity of

water=4200JKg⁻¹k⁻¹) (i) Derive an expression for the heat gained by the ice as it melts to water at temperature **T**. (2mks)(ii) Derive an expression for the heat lost by the water. (1mk) (iii) Determine the value of **T**. (2mks)(d) State **two** differences between boiling and evaporation. (2mks) 15.(a) State the law of floatation. (1mk)

(b) Figure 8 shows a piece of cork held with a light thread attached to the bottom of a beaker. The beaker if filled with water.



(i) Indicate and label on the diagram the forces acting on t	he cork.	(3mks)
(ii) Write an expression showing the relationship between		(1mk)
(c) A solid displaces 8.5cm ³ of liquid when floating on a c in the liquid. The density of the solid if 0.8g/cm ³ . determi on the solid when floating.	certain liquid and 11.5 cm ³ v	
(ii) Density of the liquid.	(31	nks)
16. (a) Name a device that is used to convert sound en	ergy to electrical energy. (1mk)
(b) Define the term efficiency of a machine.	(1mk)	

(c) A pulley system having a velocity ratio of 4 is used to raise a load of 10 constant speed using an effort of 60N in a time of 15 seconds.	00N through a height of 0.6m at a
(i) Calculate the efficiency of the system.	(2mks)
(ii) How far does the effort end move in order to raise the load by 0.6m.	(2mks)
(iii) Determine the power developed by the effort. (2 mks)	
17. (a) Define the following terms:	(i)
Instantaneous velocity.(1mk)	
(ii) Uniform acceleration (1mk)	
(b) A car moves with a constant velocity of 15m/s for 300s and is then acc 25m/s in the next 20s. this velocity is maintained for the next 300s. the car uniform deceleration.	elerated uniformly to a velocity o
(i) Sketch a velocity-time graph for this journey.(2mks)	
.From the graph determine;	
(ii) The acceleration while the velocity is changing from 15m/s to 25m/s.(2	2mks)

(iii) The total distance traveled from the time the car reached maximum velocity of the car during this period.(2mks)
(c) A ball is thrown horizontally at V=8m/s from a tower. It reaches the ground after 4s. Find:
(i) The horizontal distance d it travels before hitting the ground.(1mk)
(ii) The height of the tower (2mks)
(iii) The velocity on impact with the ground.(2mks)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

PHYSICS PP2

SECTION A (25mks)

Ans	swer <u>ALL</u> questions in this section in the spaces provided after each question.
x)	What is the purpose of a fuse in domestic wiring system? (1mrk)
	Use the domain theory to explain briefly why a ferromagnetic material gets saturated when magnetized. (2mks)
xii)	The figure 1 below shows an object placed some distance from a biconcave lens.
	Ττ
	Object
	ЛŢ.
	Figure 1
	Construct the image on the diagram. (2mks)
xiii)	What determines the hardness of X-rays? (1mk)
xiv)	Distinguish between the terms 'photoelectric' and 'thermionic' effect. (2mks)

xv) The **figure 2** below shows a light rod balanced due to the action of the forces shown. Q is a magnet of weight 4N and R is a permanent magnet which is fixed. Determine the force between Q and R and state whether it is attractive or repulsive. (3mks)

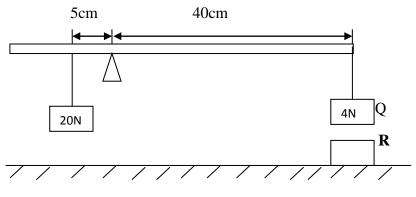
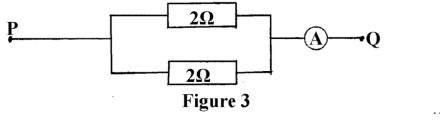


Figure 2

 	 	 	 	 				• • • •	• • • •								 • • •		• • • •					 	
 	 	 	 	 	• • • •			• • • •	• • • •			• • • •					 • • •		• • • •			• • • •		 	 • • •
 	 	 	 	 	• • • •			• • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •		• • • •		• • •	 • • •		• • • •	• • • •		• • • •		 	
 • • • • •	 	 	 	 	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • •	• • • •	• • •	 • • •	• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •		 	 • • •
 	 	 	 	 													 						• • •		

xvi) Determine the ammeter reading when the potential difference of 3.0 volts is supplied across PQ in figure 3. (3mks)

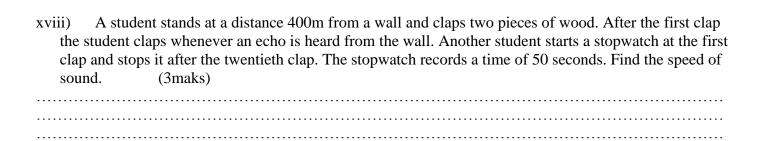


xvii) The chart below shows an arrangement of different parts of the electromagnetic spectrum.

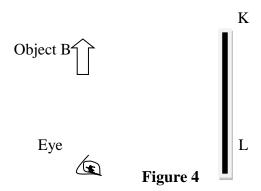
Radio	A	Visible	В	X – Rays	Gamma
					Rays

Name the possible radiations represented by letter **B**.

(1mk)



xix) The **figure 4** below shows a plane mirror KL and an object B.



- (g) Complete the ray diagram to show how the person sees the image. (2mks)
- (h) State the nature of the image formed. (2mks)

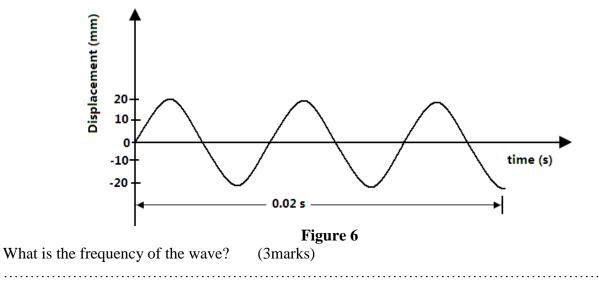
.....

xx) The following equation represents a decay series.

Identify the radiation \mathbf{x} and determine the values of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} . (2mks)

 A gold leaf electroscope is positively charged as shown in the diagram below where C is the ca L is the gold leaf. State and explain what happens to L when a positively charged rod is brought no without touching it. (2mks) 	_
+ + + + + + + + + C + + + + + + + + + +	
, .	
	• • • • • • • •
SECTION B (55 MARKS)	
Answer <u>ALL</u> questions in this section in the spaces provided after each question.	
a) Differentiate between transverse and longitudinal waves. (2mks)b) Figure 5 shows a transverse stationary wave along a string	
i) Label the ne	
i). Label the notion. Label the notion. If the distance between an anti-node and consecutive node is 1.0 x 10 ⁻³ m, determine the waveled of the stationary wave. (2mks)	ngth
c). Five successive wave frequency in a ripple tank are observed to spread a distance of 6.4cm. If t vibrator has a frequency of 8 Hz, determine the speed of the wave. (3mks)	he

d). The **figure 6** below shows a displacement-time graph for a wave motion



xxiii)	(a) What do you understand by the term e.m.f of a cell?.	(1mk)

(b) A cell of e.m.f $\bf E$ and internal resistance $\bf r$ is used to pass a current through various resistors $\bf R$ Ohms and the values of current recorded in the table below.

R(Ohms)	1.6	2.1	2.5	3.6	5.0	8.0
I(A)	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.37	0.34
1/i(A ⁻¹)						

i. Complete the table for the values of 1/i giving your answer to 3d.p. (3mks)

ii. Plot a graph of 1/i versus R. (5mks)

iii.	Gi	ver	ı th	at	the	eec	lua	tio	n E	$\mathbf{C} = \mathbf{C}$	I(R	(+	r),	use	e ye	our	gr	apl	1 to) de	etei	rm	ine	th	e v	alu	ies	of	Έ	an	d r	. (5	mks	s)	

iv)	a) State three factors that determine the capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor. (3marks)
	aree capacitors of capacitance $200\mu f$, $300\mu F$ and $600\mu f$ are connected together in a circuit. The variation of the capacitors which gives an effective capacitance of $100\mu f$. (2marks)
	e figure 6 below shows a circuit where a battery of e.m.f 6V, switches X and Y, two capacitors of capacitance 2 μF and 4 μFare connected. 6V
	\mathbf{X}
	$_{2\mu F}$
	4 μF Figure 6
i.	Determine the charge stored in the 2 μF capacitor when switch X is closed and switch Y is ope (3marks)
ii.	When switch Y is finally closed and switch X is open, determine the potential difference across each capacitor. (3marks)

Briefly explain how the lightening arrester works. (3mks)													
xxv) (a) Define the term 'work function'. (1mk)													
(b) List three factors which affect photoelectric effects. (3mks)													
(c) The table be	low shows t	he stopping potent	ial and the corresp	onding frequencies	s for a certain photoc								
Stopping potential V _s (V)	0.2	0.6	1.10	1.42	1.83								
Frequency f (×10 ¹⁴ Hz)	4.0	5.0	6.0	7.0	8.0								
Plot a graph of stopping potential against frequency. (5mks)													
Use your gra	ph to detern	nine;											
(c) The threshold frequency.(2mks)													
(d) Plank's c	onstant. (Ta	ke e to be 1.6×10 ⁻¹	¹⁹ C) (2mks)										

(e) Work function. (2mk

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

GEOGRAPHY PP1

This paper consists of 4 printed pages. Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing.

SECTION A

Answer all questions in this section

1. a) Identify Two forces responsible for the spherical shape of the earth. (2 marks)

b) Give Three reasons why the interior of the earth is still hot. (3 marks)

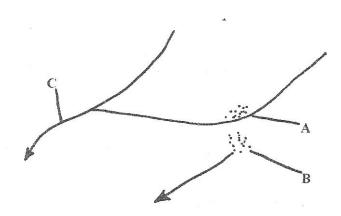
2. a) Outline Two characteristics of the troposphere. (3 marks)

b) Apart from cloud cover, identify **Two** other factors which influence the amount of solar radiation received on the earth's surface. (2 marks)

3. a) What is river rejuvenation.

(2 marks)

b) The diagram below represents a river capture,



	Name	e the features marked A, B, C.	(3 marks)
4. a) Name	a place in Kenya where tarns are found.	(1 mark)
b) Descri	be how a tarn is formed.	(4 marks)
5. (a) Give	two main zones of the atmosphere.	(2 marks)
(1	b) Wha	it is?	
	(i) Ze	ro lapse rate.	(2 marks)
	(ii) Ne	egative lapse rate.	(2 marks)
		SECTION B:	
		Answer question 6 any other two questions from this sect	ion.
6. Stu	ıdy the r	nap of Migwani 1:50,000 (sheet 151/1) provided and answer the following	g questions.
(:	a) (i)	What is the altitude of the lowest contour shown on the map?	(1 mark)
		Give the six-figure grid reference of Mboni dam.	(2 marks)
	(iii)	What is the length in Kilometres of the All Weather Road Bound Surface	C94 from
		the junction with the Dry Weather Road D502 to Northing 84?	(2 marks)
b) Draw	a rectangle measuring 10 cm by 8 cm to represent the area enclosed	d by Eastings 90 and 00 and
N	lorthings	s 62 and 70.	(1 mark)
C	n the re	ctangle, mark and name the following features:	
	ix)	Musengo school	
	(ii)	Road E742	
	(iii)	Kitui Hills	(3 marks)
(c) (i) Citi	ng evidence from the map, identify four social services offered in Mutitu ((Ndooa) township.
			(4 marks)
	(ii) De	escribe the relief of the area covered by the map.	(6 marks)

	(d) Describe the characteristics of the long profile of river Ikoo.	(6 marks)
7.	a) State three characteristics of the inter-tropical convergence zone (ITCZ).	(3 marks)
	b) With the aid of a well labeled diagram describe how relief rainfall is formed.	(6 marks)
	c) State five characteristics of the hot desert climate.	(5 marks)
	d) You are required to carry out a field study to determine the relationship between clir	nate and
	vegetation in your district.	
	i) Give three reasons why you would need the map of the district.	(3 marks)
	ii) Name two sampling techniques you are likely to use during the field study.	(2 marks)
	iii) Give two reasons why sampling would be appropriate for this field study.	(2 marks)
	iv) State four methods you would use to record data during the field study.	(4 marks)
8.	a) (i) What is a lake?	(2 marks)
	(ii) State three factors that determine the permanency of a lake.	(3 marks)
	b) Describe how Lake Kanyaboli was formed.	(6 marks)
	c) Explain four causes of salinity of lake Magadi.	(8 marks)
	d) Explain three negative effects of lakes on human activities.	(6 marks)
9.	(a) State four causes of mechanical weathering.	(4 marks)
	(b) (i) Describe the carbonation process of chemical weathering.	(3 marks)
	(ii) Name two rocks that can be weathered through the carbonation process.	(2 marks)
	(iii) Name two features that can be formed on the earth's surface as the carbonatio	n process of
	weathering takes place.	2 marks)
	(c) (i) What is an exfoliation dome?	(1 mark)
	(ii) Describe how an exfoliation dome is formed.	(3 marks)

(d) Explain three ways in which weathering positively influence man's activities and two negative

effects of weathering.

(10 marks)

10. (a) What is the difference between faulting and folding?

(2 marks)

(b)Name

(i) Two types of faults.

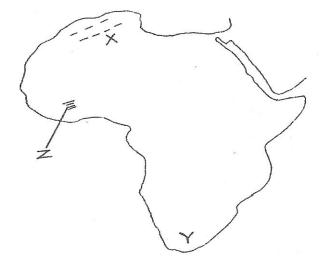
(2 marks)

(ii) Three types of folds.

(3 marks)

On the outline map of Africa provided name the fold mountains marked X,Y, Z

(3 marks)



(c) With the aid

of well labeled

diagrams, describe the formation of Fold Mountains.

(10 marks)

(d) (i) What is the name given to the period of mountain building?

(1 mark)

(ii) Identify four main mountain buildings periods ever known in history.

(4 marks)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

HISTORY PP1

SECTION A: (25 MARKS)

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION

1.	Name one area in Kenya where the remains of Australopithecus were found.	(1 mark)
2.	State one way in which the Abagusi and Kipsigis interacted during the pre colonial.	(1 mark)
3.	Give one religious function of the Oloibon among the Maasai in the 19 th Century.	(2 marks)
4.	State two factors that led to the decline of Kilwa by 1490 AD.	(2 marks)
5.	Give one evidence that shows that Chinese Traders reached the Kenyan Coast before 15	00 AD.
		(1 mark)
6.	State two reasons which led to the decline of the long distance trade.	(2 marks)
7.	What is dual citizenship?	(1 mark)
8.	Give the main reason why the Colonial Government introduced pool tax in Kenya.	(1 mark)
9.	State two terms of the Heligoland treaty of 1890.	(2 marks)
10.	State the main role of the Executive arm of the government in Kenya.	(1 mark)
11.	Give two functions of the County Assembly in the County Government.	(2 marks)
12.	Identify two sources of Nyayo philosophy.	(2 marks)
13.	Name two education commissions that were established by the Kenyan Government after	er
	independence.	(2 marks)
14.	State the main reason why the Second Lancaster House Conference was held in London	in 1962.
		(1 mark)
15.	What is the main role of the opposition party in Kenya?	(1 mark)

16.	Name the first African to be nominated to the Legislative Council.	(1 mark)
17.	State one role played by the Public Service Commission in Kenya.	(1 mark)
	SECTION B: (45 MARKS)	
	ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION	
18.	a) Give three reasons for the migration and settlement of the Somali into Kenya.	(3 marks)
	b) Explain six results of the migration and settlement of the Cushites into Kenya.	(12 marks)
19.	a) State three reasons which made the British Government encourage white settlement	ent in
	Kenya during the colonial period.	(3 marks)
	b) Explain six terms of the Devonshire White Paper of 1923.	(12 marks)
20.	a) Give three characteristic of independent schools and churches.	(3 marks)
	b) Explain six factors that led to the rise of independent churches and schools in Ke	enya. (12 marks)
21.	a) State five factors that led to the introduction of multi-party democracy in Kenya in	1992.
		(5 marks)
	b) Explain five roles played by political parties in governance and nation building.	(10 marks)
	SECTION C: (30 MARKS)	
	ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION	
22.	a) Give three circumstances under which the freedom of movement can be restricted	in Kenya.
		(3 marks)
	b) Explain six principles of democracy as practiced in Kenya.	(12 marks)
23.	a) Give three functions of the Supreme Court in Kenya.	(3 marks)
	b) Explain six factors that may undermine the administration of justice in Kenya.	(12 marks)
24.	a) State three components of the National Budget.	(3 marks)
	b) Explain six challenges faced by the national government in the implementation of	a national
	budget.	(12 marks)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

HISTORY PP2

(2 marks)

Section A: (25 marks)

Answer all the questions in this section

1. State two archaeological sources of information on History and Government.

2.	State two ways in which early man obtained food.	(2 marks)
3.	State one theory explaining the origin of agriculture.	(1 mark)
4.	Explain two roles of Tourages in Trans-Saharan Trade.	(2 marks)
5.	Identify two improvements which were made on Macadamized roads in the 19 th Centu	ry. (2 marks)
6.	Give two principal organs of the United Nations.	(2 marks)
7.	State two disadvantages of using wind as a source of energy.	(2 marks)
8.	State the main reason that led to the decline of Meroe.	(1 mark)
9.	Give two functions of the Kabaka in the Buganda Kingdom.	(2 marks)
10.	What is direct democracy?	(1 mark)
11.	Identify one African country that was not colonized.	(1 mark)
12.	Identify one super power that was involved in cold war.	(1 mark)
13.	Give one method used by the French to administer their colonies in Africa.	(1 mark)
14.	State two objectives of the African National Congress.	(2 marks)
15.	Give the main reason for the failure of the League of Nations.	(1 mark)
16.	Name on treaty signed between Lobengula and the British during the colonization.	(1 mark)
17.	Name one political party in India.	(1 mark)

Section B: (45 marks)

Answer any three questions in this section

18. a) State five reasons why early people domesticated crops and animals	during the Neolithic period. (5 marks)
(b) Explain five causes of food shortages in Africa today.	(10 marks
19. (a) Identify three methods used by nationalists in Ghana during their	struggle for independence. (3 marks)
(b) Describe six factors that contributed to the struggle for independent	te in South Africa. (12 marks)
20. (a) State five factors that contributed to the rise and expansion of the	Asante Kingdom by the 19 th
century. Describe the political organization of the Asante Empire in the pre-colo	(5 marks) (b) onial period. (10 marks)
21. a) Identified three chartered companies which were used European p	owers to acquire colonies in
Africa.	(3 marks)
(b) Discuss six political impacts of partition of Africa by European por	wers. (12 marks)
Section C:	
Answer any two questions in this section	(30 marks)
22. a) State any two major organs of the United Nations organization.	(3 marks)
b) Explain any six reasons why it has become difficult for the United	Nations to successfully
achieve her goals in the world today.	(12 marks)
23. a) State three reasons for the collapse of the league of nations	(3 marks)
b) Explain six political results of the Second World War.	(12 marks)
24. a) State five constitutional powers of the president of India.	(5 marks)
b) Explain five advantages of the federal system of Government i America (USA).	n the United States of (10 marks)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

CRE PP1

1.	(a) Describe the second account of creation in Genesis 2:4b-25.	(7 marks)	
	(b) Outline four differences between the biblical view of sin and the African	concept of evil.	
	(c) Identify five ways in which Christians can avoid sin.	(5 marks)	
2.	(a) Describe the making of the Sinai covenant.	(8 marks)	
	(b) State seven reasons why presidential oathing is an example of a modern c marks)	ovenant.	(7
	(c) What do we learn from the breaking of the Sinai covenant.	(5 marks)	
3.	(a) Outline seven duties of Samuel in Israel.	(7 marks)	
	(b) How did Prophet Elijah fight against corruption and injustice in Israel.	(7 marks)	
	(c) Why should Christians fight against the spread of devil worship today.	(6 marks)	
4.	(a) Identify six methods used by the Old Testament prophets to pass on their in	messages.	
	(b) What were the teachings of Amos on social justice and responsibility.	(7 marks)	
	(c) How is prophecy practiced in the church today.	(7 marks)	
5.	(a) Identify six symbolism used during the call of Jeremiah.	(7 marks)	
	(b) State ways through which king Josiah brought the people of Judah back to	the covenant	
	way of life.	(8 marks)	
	(c) What can Christians learn from the call of Jeremiah?	(6 marks)	
6.	(a) Identify and explain elements of worship in traditional African society.	(6 marks)	
	(b) Outline seven roles of the priests in traditional African society.	(7 marks)	
	(c) Show how marriage in traditional African society has faced transition in the	ne modern	
	society.	(7 marks)	

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

CRE PP2

This paper consist of 2 printed pages. Candidates should check the paper to ensure that all pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing.

1.	a) Outline the message of Zachariah in the Benedictus Lk 1:67-80.	(7 marks)
	b) State six teachings of Jesus about John the Baptist.	(6 marks)
	c) In what ways does the church win people to the kingdom of God?	(7 marks)
2.	a) Outline the teaching about Jesus from the cure of the paralytic Lk 5:17-24.	(7 marks)
	b) Give six incidents when Jesus changed the traditional Jewish attitude towards	the poor
	and despised.	(6 marks)
	c) Give reasons why the poor may not accept the word of God.	(7 marks)
3.	a) Relate the healing of the blind man in Jericho Lk 18:35-43.	(8 marks)
	b) Give six reasons why some people did not recognise the authority of Jesus du	ring his
	ministry.	(6 marks)
	c) Identify ways through which the church is helping the sick in the community.	(6 marks)
4.	a) Explain the New Testament teaching on the unity of believers.	(8 marks)
	b) State the reaction of the people who were present during the Pentecost.	(6 marks)
	c) In what ways can the gift of prophecy strengthen the church today.	(6 marks)
5.	a) Give reasons why employment of minors is rampant in Kenya.	(6 marks)
	b) Identify the consequences of denial of rest to employees.	(8 marks)

c) State six measures the government is taking to narrow down the gap between the rich and the poor. (6 marks)
6. a) Explain the Christian understanding of the use of science and technology. (6 marks)
b) Identify seven benefits of genetic engineering to man. (7 marks)
c) Give reasons why Christians should participate in blood donation. (7 marks)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

COMPUTER PP1

SECTION A (40 MARKS)

Answer all the questions in this section in the spaces provided

 Н.	State any two peripheral devices that are powered by the system unit.	(1 mk)
l.	The following are symbols of some keys found on the keyboard. Name the keys represen	nted by the symbols. (2 mks)
J.	Explain any three functions of system software in a computer	(3mks)
K.	As a computer student you have been asked to assist in buying an input device. State an consider when buying input devices. (4mks)	y four factors to
L.	i. The arithmetic logic unit, the control unit and the main memory use electrical pathway called buses. State and explain the three types of buses.	ys or links (3mks)
	ii. What is the role of special purpose memories in the microprocessor?	(1 mk)
M.	Outline the three differences between primary memory and secondary memory.	(3mks)
N.	Citing relevant examples state two advantages of integrated software as opposed to sin (2mks)	gle purpose.

O	a. Define the	e term mail merging	(1 mk)
	b. Name tw	o files that are created in mail merging process	(1mks)
9.	(a) Distinguis	sh between a workbook and a worksheet as used in spreadsheets	(2mks)
	(b) What is t	the meaning of "what if analysis" with respect to spreadsheet?	(1mk)
1,	O Define the f	following tarms in relation to internet	(2 mks)
1		Ollowing terms in relation to internet Downloading	(2 mks)
	ii).	Hyperlink	
11.	Ranios was i	nstructed by his teacher while typing a Microsoft word document to replace	
тт.	Denjos was II	ishacted by his teacher while typing a which osoft word document to replace	

all the occurrences of the word MS with Microsoft. Highlight the steps to do this (3mks)

12.	What is the difference between logical and physical file?	(2mks)			
13.	Explain any three types of computer processing files.	(6mks)			
14.	Give a reason why HTML is not considered as a true programming language.	(1mk)			
15.	(a) Define the following computer crimes				
	(i) Piracy	(1mk)			
	(ii) Industrial espionage	(1mk)			
SECTI	ON B (60 MARKS)				
	Answer questions 16 (COMPULSORY) and any other three questions in this section				
16. (a	a) Draw a flowchart for a program that is to prompt for N numbers, accumulate the sum an	d			
	them find the average. The output is the accumulated totals and the average.	(5 mks)			

		(b) Write a pseudo code for the above program.	(4 mks)
		Explain three types of control structures use in programming.	(3mks)
•••••			
17.	(a)	i. Subtract 110_2 from 11010_2	(1mk)
		ii. Find the sum of binary number 101.101_2 and 110.100_2	(1mk)
	(b)	i. Convert binary number 11010110.1001_2 into octal number.	(1mk)

	ii. Convert binary number 11010110.1001_2 into hexadecimal number.	nber. (1 mark)	
(c)	Convert the following numbers to their decimal equivalent		
	i. 11.011 ₂	(2 marks)	
	ii. 0.11011 ₂	(2 mrks)	
		(a)	
(d)	i. Convert 3BD ₁₆ to Octal.	(3mks)	
	ii. Using one's complement, calculate $5_{10} - 9_{10}$. use six bit in your calculation.	(3mks)	

	(e) State the following types of transcription errors:	(2 marks)
	i. 3455 instead of 3456	
	ii. Simth instead of Smith	
18.	(a) State and explain the following types of relationship as used in database design	

i.	Student		Books	(2 marks)	
ii.	Student		Registration number	(2 marks)	
iii.	Course unit	>{	Student	(2 marks)	
	(b) i. Explain the d	lifference between	primary key and	l an index key as used in database aព្	oplication (2 marks)
••••••					

	ii. Outline the functions of a primary key (
	(c) Describe the following types of database model i. Network model	(2 marks)	
	ii. Relational model	(2 marks)	
19.	(a) i. What is an operating system?	(1 mark)	
	ii. Maintaining security is one of the functions the operating system. Explain how the operating system maintains security	(2mks)	
	iii. Explain how an operating system controls I/O devices.	(2mks)	

		does the following control measures against computer crime involve? udit trail	(5 mks)
	ii. C	Pata encryption	
	iii.	Log files	
		iv. Passwords	
		v. Firewall	
	(c) Briefl	y explain what happen during power on self test (POST)	(3 mks)
	(d) Expla	in the functions of complementary metal-oxide semiconductor (CMOS)	(2 mks)
20.	a)	State two advantages and two disadvantages of the ring network topology	
		Advantage	(2mks)
		Disadvantages	(2mks)

b)	State	two roles and responsibilities of each of the following ICT professionals		
	i)	Webmaster		(2mks)
	ii)	Network Administrator	(2mks)	
	iii)	Computer scientists		(2mks)
	iv)	System Administrator		(2mks)
	v)	Software Engineer		(2mks)
c)	Explai	n the term accreditation as used in education		(1mk)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

BUSINESS PP1

xi) Identify the book of original entry in which each of the following transactions would be recorded.

(4 marks)

	Transaction	Book of original entry
4	Received cash sh. 25,000 from	
	Kamau, a debtor.	
5	Goods previously sold are now	
	returned by Wanjohi, a debtor,	
	sh. 2000	
6	Bought furniture on credit	
	sh. 50,000	
7	Sold goods worth sh. 8000 on	
	credit to James	

xiv) The	following information relate	es to Malindi traders for the year	2012.
Т	Turn over	Shs. 540,000	
N	Margin	40%	
F	Rate of turnover	6 times	
	Expenses	Sh. 80,000	
From the abo	ove information, calculate:-		
xxvi)	Gross profit		
xxvii)	Cost of goods sold		
xxviii)	Net profit		
xxix)	Average stock		(4 marks)

xvi)	Outline four disadvantages of automatic vending machin	nes. (4 m	arks)
xvii)	Highlight four factors that may influence a shift in supp	ly curve to left. (4 marks)	
	State the effect of the following transactions on the capi		crease, or no
em	ect"	(4 marks)	7
	Transaction	Effect on capital	
Dec. 2	1 Owner converted personal property to		
	business property worth sh. 15,000		

Dec. 23	Received a cheque for sh. 15,000 being	
	amount borrowed from a lending institution	
Dec. 25	Business made a profit of sh. 100,000	
Dec 28	Owner took cash sh. 7000 from business for	
	his own personal use.	

xix)	Highlight four factors to consider when selecting a means of reproducing	documents
		(4 marks)
xx)St	tate four ways in which a society benefits from indirect product.	(4 marks)

xxi) Outline **four** ways in which the utility of a commodity can be increased. (4 marks)

Highlight four roles played by stock exchange market in the economy.	(4 marks)
Highlight four types of direct tax.	(4 marks)
Outline four benefits of export processing zones to the economy.	(4 marks)
	Highlight four roles played by stock exchange market in the economy. Highlight four types of direct tax. Outline four benefits of export processing zones to the economy.

C	lassify each of the following items of	government expend	diture as either deve
	Item	Recurrent	Developmen
	Purchase of medicine for hospitals		
	Construction on of a new road		
	Payment of soldiers' salaries		
€.	Purchase of machinery for road		
	construction		
apita	the course of preparing her balance of amounting to sh. 240,000 in her but drawings were sh. 112,000. Calculate	siness. During the year that a siness in the year that a sine sine sine sine sine sine sine sine	ear, investments to to as at 1 st January 201
	0.	(4 1	marks)

xxvii) Outline four circumstances under which a co-operative society may be dissolved. (4 marks)

(4 marks)
(4 marks)
(4 marks)

walimuepublishers@gmail.com xxxi) State four disadvantages of written communication. (4 marks) xxxii) Highlight four functions of advertising agencies. (4 marks)

xxxiii) Outline four challenges of young population. (4 marks)

xxiv)	State four accounting errors that may not be disclosed by the trial balance.	(4 marks)
xxv)	Highlight three causes of demand pull inflation.	(4 marks)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

BUSINESS PP2

1. (a) Explain **five** reasons for trade restriction by a country.

(10 marks)

(b) With the help of a diagram explain the circular flow of income in a two sector economy.

(10 marks)

2. (a) Explain five principles of public expenditure that must be considered before any

expenditure can be incurred by the government.

Stock 1/8/2013

(10 marks)

(b) The following balances relate to Kilindini traders as at 31st July 2014.

Shs.
60,000

Salaries 140,000

Creditors 70,000

Capital 1,400,000

Purchases 300,000

Rent 20,000

Insurance 80,000

Debtors 120,000

Sales 700,000

Stock (31/7/2014) 40,000

5 year bank loan 400,000

Returns inwards 30,000

Required:-

i) Prepare a trading and profit and loss account for the year ending 31st July 2014.

(5 marks)

ii) Calculate the following ratios

Margin (1 mark)

Rate of stock turn over (2 marks)

Return on capital (2 marks)

3. (a) Explain five causes of unemployment. (10 marks)

(b) Explain five circumstances under which a pro-forma invoice may be used. (10 marks)

4. (a) Explain five measures that can be used by an office to safeguard the property of the

organization. (10 marks)

(b) Explain **five** ways in which the government may promote local trade. (10 marks)

5. (a) Explain four ethical issues in product promotion. (8 marks)

(b) On 1st September 2013 Thika Traders had cash in hand sh. 560,000 and a following transaction took place during the month.

Sept. 8 Paid the following creditors by cheque after deducting 10% discount in each case:-

Benson sh. 140,000

Martha sh. 98.000

Sept 13 Settled Kimani's account sh. 70,000 by cheque after deducting 10% cash discount.

Sept 17 Received cheques from the following debtors after deducting 10% discount in each case:-

Mwanaisha s h. 350,000

Fatma sh. 105,000

Sept 24 Received the following cheques from debtor after having deducted cash discount of 2% in each case:-

Josephine sh. 411,600

Damaris sh. 123,480

Sept 28received the following amounts in cash from debtors handing deducted cash discount of 2%

James sh. 82,320

Faith sh. 246,960

Required:-

Record the above transactions in a **three** column cashbook and balance it off at the end of the month.

(12 marks)

- **6.** (a) Explain five fiscal policy measures that can be used to control inflation. (10 marks)
 - (b) Explain five circumstances under which face to face communication would be preferable to a firm.(10 marks)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

AGRIC PP1

SECTION A (30 MRKS)

Answer all question in this section in the space provided

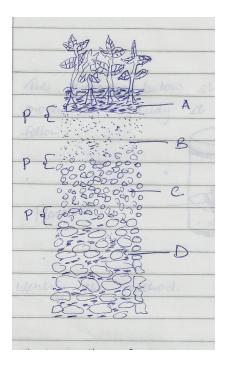
1.	Differentiate between olericulture and pomoculture as used in crop production .(1mrk)
2.	List the physical weathering agents in soil formation process (1 ½ mrks)
3.	Give four method of farming (2mrks)
4.	Give two examples for each of the following types of cost incurred in broiler production . v) Variable cost (2 marks)
	vi) fixed cost (2 marks)
5.	Give four advantages of crop rotation .(2mrk)

Stat	te four factors that that should be considered when classifying crop pest (2mrks)
Give	e three reasons why a water logged soil is unsuitable for most crops(1 ½)
 8. G	Sive four advantages of tissue culture (2mrks)
 8	Outline four observable indictors of economic development of a nation (2mrks)
 9	Outline four indicators of well decomposed manure (1 ½)
10	Give two conditions where opportunity cost does not exist (2mrks)
11	Give four management practice that promote high herbage yields in pasture production (2mrks)

10	
12	Give three reasons why primary cultivation should be done early before the onset of the rains(1 $\%$)
13	Give two examples of farm records that are general in nature .(1mrk)
14	Give four role of nitrogen in plants (2mrks)
15	Give four benefits of possessing a land title deed (2mrks)
;	SECTION B (20 MRKS)

Answer all the questions in this section in the spaces provided

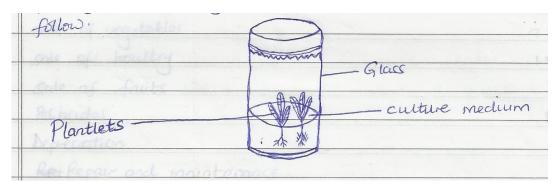
16 The diagram below illustrates a feature observed after digging the soil several metres deep Study the diagram carefully and answer the question that follow



Ide	ntify the feature that the diagram above represents in the study of soil (1mrk)
ii)	What is the name given to the part labeled p(1mrk)
:::\	Cive a reason why part his also reffered to as layer of assumulation (1 mml)
111)	Give a reason why part b is also reffered to as layer of accumulation (1mrk)
iv)	State two ways in which the knowledge of the above feature would be of benefit to farmer (2mrks)
,	

FOR MARKING SCHEMES CALL/TEXT/WHATSAPP 0705525657

18The diagram below shows a method of crop propagation .Study it and answer the questions that follow

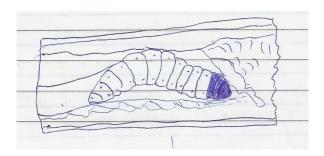


19. The following information was obtained from the records of Mr Juma's farm for the year ended on 31st march 2011

<u>Particulars</u>	<u>kshs</u>
Opening Valuation	100,000
Calves	72,000
Hired Labour	21,000
Sales of milk	13,000
Sales of cereals	33,000
Rent	9,000
Feed	5,300
Seed	1,700
Fertilizers	4,700

Sales of Vegetables	9,300
Sales of poultry	1,800
Sales of fruits	700
Pesticides	1,250
Depreciation	650
Repair and Maintenance	950
Interest on loans	200
Closing Valuation	9,0000
31 st March (7mrks) 11. Giving a reason, State whether Mr. Juma's	

20) The diagram below shows a maize stalk infected by a certain pest .Study it and answer the questions that follow .



a)	Indentify the pest (1/2)
b)	Apart from maize, name another crop attacked by the pest named above (½ mark)
c)	Give three cultural measures that can be applied to control the pest (3mrks)
£	SECTION C (40MARKS) Answer any two questions in this section in the spaces provided
	escribe six advantages of rotational grazing (6mrks)
12	. Explain eight ways in which soil fertility can be maintained (8mrks)

d)	Explain six factors considered when drawing a farm plan (6mrks)
22a) Ex	plain the factors that influence the type of irrigation to be used in a farm (8mrks)
13.	Explain six reasons for pruning coffee.(6mrks)

14.	Describe 6 ways in which lab our productivity can be improved on a farm (6mrks)
	23a) Describe five importance of agro -forestry in soil and water conservation (6mrks)
vi)	Describe the procedure of silage making (10mrks)
vii)	Describe five effect of over application of nitrogenous fertilizer(5mrks)

SET 1 HOLIDAY ASSIGNMENT

AGRICULTURE PP2

SECTION A 30MRKS

Answer all the questions in this sections in the spaces provided

1. Name the most appropriate tools used in the following operations
a) Removing metal chippings in file (1mrk)
b) Cutting wood along grains (1mrk)
c) Branding (1mrks)
2. State four characteristic of Boran cattle (2mrks)
3. State two functions of a useful bacteria in livestock production (1mrk)
4. Name four function of lipid in an animal body (2mrks)

5. State two ways of reducing friction in moving part of farm tool (1mrk)
6. Outline four types of fence that can be used in mixed farm (2mrks)
7. Name three methods of out breeding in livestock production ((1½ marks)
8. Give two reasons for tailing in sheep production (1mrk)
9. Name any five internal parts of cow's udder (2 ½ marks)

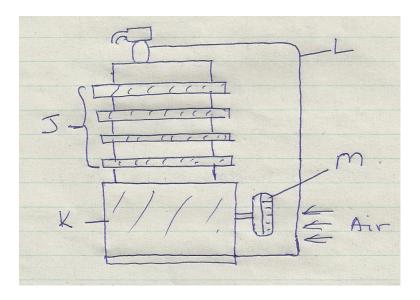
10. Give five ways of transmitting livestock diseases (2 ½ marks)
11. Give four features of improved grain bin (2mrks)
12. Give three types of calving complications (1 ½ mrks)
13. State four advantages of zero grazing as a grazing system (2mrks)
14. State two functions of a queen bee in a colony (1mrk)

15. Name four symptoms of anaplasmasis in livestock(2mrks
16 .What do you understand by the following terms as used I animal production .
17 Coponisation(1mrk)
b) Bullock (1mrk)
c. Epistasis(1mrk)

SECTION B (20Mrks)

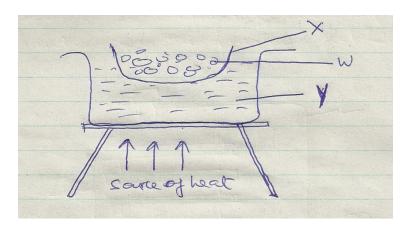
Answer all the questions in the spaces provided

17. Below is a diagram of a cooling system .Study it and answer the questions that follow



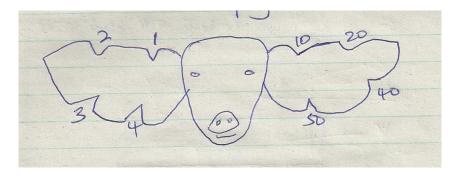
vii) Identify the type of cooling system illustrated (1mrk
o . Name parts labelled J, K , L and M (2mrks)
c. Name two problems associated with the type of cooling system illustrated above(2mrks)
(i)
(ii)

18. Below is an illustration of a method of extracting honey from combs .Study the diagram and answer the question that follow .



f)	Indentify the above method of extracting honey (1mrk)						
g)	Give a reason why container x should not be heated directly (1mrk						
h)	Name the parts labeled w and y(2mrks)						
٧	w						
У							
i)	Besides the above method ,State one other method of extracting honey (1mrk)						

19The diagram below shows a certain practice carried out on pig



8. Identify the practice illustrated above (1mrk)

ġ	9.	Draw another illustration depicting pig number 37(1mrk)
<u>-</u>	10.	Name the tool used to carry out the practice illustrated above (1mrk)
<u>.</u>	11.	State two other method of indentifying piglet (2mrks)
i)		
ii)		
20 .	Bel	ow an illustration of a farm operation .Study it carefully and answer the question that follow.
\	/)	Identify the activity being carried out (1mrk)
\	∕i)	Give one other activity carried on the animal before the above operation is carried out (1mrk)
\	∕ii)	Outline the procedure of carrying out the above operation (3mrks)

SECTION C

Answer any two questions in the space provided
21. Outline management practice carried out in a fish pond to ensure maximum harvest of fish (7mrlk)
b) Discuss the importance of farm mechanization (6mrks
c) Discuss the short term maintenance practices carried out on a tractor (7 marks)
22. (a) Explain the feature of a piggery unit (10mrks)

viii) Explain the factor that influence the work output of a draught animal (10mrks)
23. a)Outline various method of controlling ticks(10 mrks)
18 Describe the management of growers up to the point of lay (10mrks)

 $MCO_{3(S)} \rightarrow M(NO_3)_{2(aq)} + CO_{2(g)} + H_2O_{(l)}$

walimuepublishers@gmail.com

FOR MARKING SCHEMES Call 0705525657