Name	AdmNo:	Class
D. 4		
Date:	••••••	
BIOLOGY		
FORM THREE		
Paper 2 (THEORY)		
Time: 2 Hours		

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

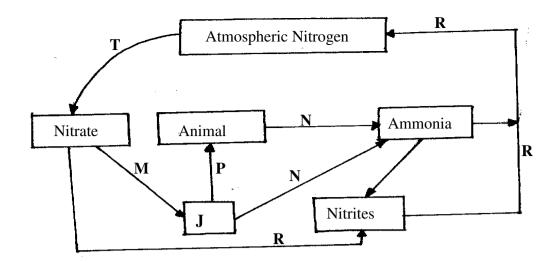
- Write your name, and admission in the spaces provided above.
- This paper consists of TWO sections A and B
- Answer ALL the questions in section A in the spaces provided
- In section **B**, answer Question 6 (Compulsory) and either Question 7 or 8 in the spaces provided.

EXAMINER'S USE ONLY

SECTION	QUESTION	MAXIMUM SCORE	CANDIDATES SCORE
	1	8	
	2	8	
	3	8	
	4	8	
	5	8	
	6	20	
	7	20	
	8	20	
ТО	TAL SCORE	80	

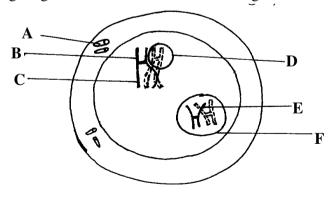
This paper consists of 8 printed pages. Candidates should check to ascertain that all papers are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing

1. The diagram below represents a nitrogen cycle.



(a)	Name the groups of organism represented by J.	(1mrk)
(b)	Name the process represented by R,P,M and N .	(4mrks)
	R:	
	P:	
	M:	
	N:	
(c)	Name one process represented by T.	(1mrk)
(d)	(i) Name a structure in roots involved in process M .	(1mrk)
	(ii) State one adaptation of the structure named in d (i) above to its	function. (1mrk)

2. The following diagram shows a cell at a certain stage of cell division.



a)	Name the type and stage of cell division.	(1mrk)
	Type	
	Stage	

(b) (i) Give **one** reason for your answer in (a) above. (1mrk)

	behavior of chromosomes? (1mrk)	
(c)	What is the general name of organs where the above process occurs?	(1r
(d)	Name the part labeled;	(2mrk
	C	
(e)	F	(1mrk
(f)	Name one cell in plants which is haploid	(1mrk
	experiment to analyze a 200cm ³ sample of air was treated with pyrogallic acid. This to 168cm ³ . Potassium hydroxide was then added and the volume of gas reduced	s reduc
(a)	What was the role of pyrogallic acid?	(1mrk
	What was the role of potassium hydroxide?	(1mrk
(b)	······································	(
(b) (c)	Calculate the percentage of oxygen and percentage of carbon (iv) oxide in the sar	•••••
(c)	Calculate the percentage of oxygen and percentage of carbon (iv) oxide in the sar	 mple.(2
		•••••

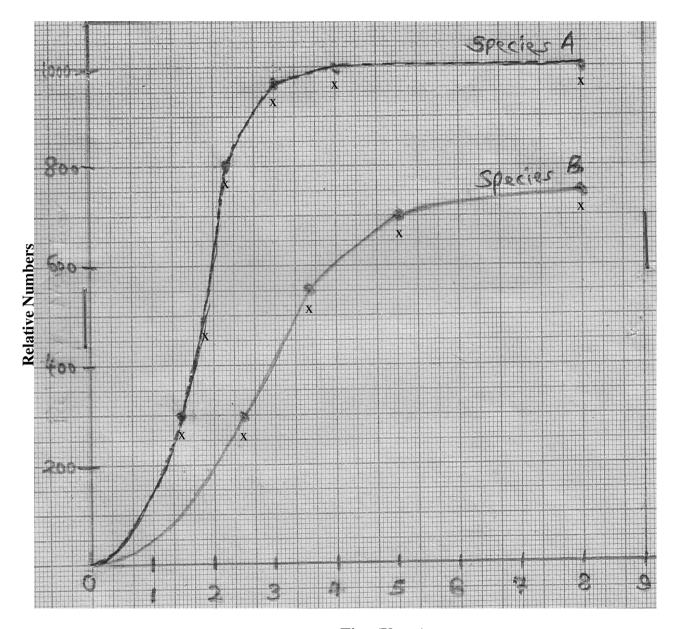
			(2mks)
			••••••
i. '	The d	liagram below represents two process underwent by a plant cell. Process Process X	
		Y Nucleus	
((a)	Identify process X	(1mrk)
((b)	Name the state of the cell after undergoing process;	(2mrks)
		(i) X	
	(c)	Name the substance which is found in parts labelled;	(2mrks)
,	(0)	(i) P	(2IIIK3)
		(ii) Y	
((d)	Name parts labelled \mathbf{M} and \mathbf{Q} .	(2mrks)
		MQ	
((e)	Name the cell organelle which is usually referred to as "cell's kitchen". (1mrl	x)
	(a)	Name two substances transported in blood plasma.	(2mrks)
		(i)	
		(ii)	
	(b)	Wanjiru is blood group A .	
		(i) Name an antibody found in her blood plasma.	(1mrk)
		(ii) Name an antigen found in her red blood cell.	(1mrk)
		(iii) Name the blood groups she can donate to;	(2mrks)
		Blood groups-	
		(i)	
		(ii)	
((c)	What is meant by the term allergy?	(1mrk)

(d)	Name one substance that can cause allergy.	(1mrk)

SECTION B(40MARKS)

Answer questions 6 (Compulsory) and either question 7 or 8 in the spaces provided.

6. Two herbivorous mammal species were introduced into an ecosystem at the same time and in equal numbers. The graph below represents their populations during the first seven years. Study the graph and answer the questions that follow.



Time(Years)

(a) (i) Which species has a better competitive ability? (1mrk)

	(ii)	Give a reason for your answer.	(1mrk)
(b)		ant for the shape of the curve for spicies A between; ne year and three years.	(3mrks)
	•••		
	 (ii) 4 	years and eight years.	(3mrks)
(c)		ural predator of species A was introduced into the ecosystem. With a reason, state ation of each species would be affected?	how the (4mrks)
(d)		four other biotic factors of the ecosystem which affects organisms distribution in than the one illustrated in the above graph.	(4mrks)
(e)		the instruments used to measure the following;	
	(i)	Light intensity	(1mrk)
	(ii)	Light penetration in water	(1mrk)
	(iii)	Speed of wind	(1mrk)
	(iv)	Atmospheric pressure	(1mrk)
	Descr	ibe how human male reproductive system is adapted to its functions	(20 marks)

7.

8.	Describe how seeds and fruits are adapted to different modes of dispersal.	(20marks)
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