

KPSEA 2024 KEY AREAS

ENGLISH

{200 ENGLISH PREDICTION QUESTIONS}

{COMMONLY KPSEA TESTED QUESTIONS}

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Read the dialogue below then answer questions.

Mrs. Omondi : Good morning class

Class: Good morning teacher. How are you?

Mrs. Omondi : I am fine thank you. Can I have all the home work books in the office now!

Achieng : (standing up) I have not finished the work.

Mrs. Omondi : Why have you not completed the work? It was supposed to be done at home yesterday.

Achieng: My father gave me a lot of work yesterday. By the time I finished, I felt tired and went to sleep.

Mrs. Omondi : What did he tell you to do?

Achieng: He asked me to wash the utensils and clean the house because mother was not at home. Isn't that child labour?

Mrs. Omondi : No, it isn't. That is helping parents at home. It is part of what you are taught at home. You need to grow up a responsible girl. Every child should help parents at home. Complete the work and bring your book after you are done.

- At what time did Mrs Omondi get in class?
 - In the afternoon
 - Not told
 - At night
 - In the morning
- Why did Mrs. Omondi go to the class?
 - The lessons were about to start
 - To greet the class
 - To ask for the homework books
 - To collect the noise makers
- Which polite word was Achieng supposed to use before addressing the teacher?
 - I am sorry
 - Pardon
 - Thank you
 - Welcome
- From the conversation, we learn that home work should be done.
 - yesterday
 - in the morning
 - at home
 - in school
- Why did Achieng not finish her homework?
 - She did not have the text books
 - She arrived home late
 - Her mother was not at home
 - She was first after doing chores
- According to Mrs. Omondi every child is supposed to:-
 - help their parents at home
 - get home early
 - learn at home
 - be taught by parents
- Which lesson do we learn from the story?
 - Achieng was very lazy
 - Parents teach us to be responsible
 - Homework is not for everybody
 - We should not wash utensils at home

Read the passage below and answer the questions below.

Long ago, a wicked and lazy hunter was sitting under a tree, gazing idly at a large clearing below where a herd of fat antelopes were peacefully grazing. The hunter was thinking that it was far too hot to bother himself with a long and tiring stalk through the bushes, when he suddenly noticed a movement off to the right. It was a female cheetah which had chosen this herd to hunt.

Keeping downwind of the herd, she was moving closer to them slowly, inch by inch and keeping well under cover. The hunter watched, fascinated, as she crept closer and closer to an antelope which had unwisely wandered away from the main herd.

Suddenly, she gathered her long legs under her and sprang forward like an arrow. With dazzling speed she raced down upon the antelope and caught it just as it started to leap away. Panting from her effort, the cheetah dragged her prize away to some shade on the edge of the clearing. The hunter watched, marvelling at the speed and skill he had just witnessed. But as he watched, he saw to his surprise that three beautiful cheetah cubs had also been watching and waiting in the shade.

Now the hunter was filled with envy for the cubs and wished that he too could have such a good hunter to provide for him.

8. What was the hunter doing under the tree?
- A. Resting after a good hunt
 - B. Waiting for the cheetah to hunt
 - C. Grazing the antelopes
 - D. Watching the antelopes
9. A herd is to antelope as a _____ is to sheep.
- A. litter
 - B. flock
 - C. troupe
 - D. pride
10. What was the hunter thinking about?
- A. How to catch an antelope
 - B. What his family was going to eat
 - C. How hot it was for him to walk through the bushes.
 - D. His good hunting skills
11. He saw a cheetah that was:-
- A. moving up and down
 - B. preparing to catch an antelope
 - C. looking after the herd
 - D. attacking the herd of antelope
12. Why do you think the cheetah kept under cover?
- A. It was afraid of antelope
 - B. It didn't want to scare the antelope away
 - C. It is the fastest animal
 - D. It wanted to see the antelope well
13. The antelope that was caught by the cheetah:-
- A. was away from the others
 - B. ran very fast
 - C. was limping
 - D. was the smallest

14. What is the opposite of the word beautiful?

- A. Dull
- B. Bright
- C. Angry
- D. Ugly

15. Which is the **best** title for the passage?

- A. A long time ago
- B. The beautiful cheetah
- C. The unlucky antelope
- D. The hunter

Read the broken passage and use the choices below to complete the blank spaces.

The spectators ___16___ Umoja Football Team happily. The team had scored a ___17___. The experienced ___18___ passed the ball swiftly from one to the other as they ran skillfully from corner to corner. The opponents put ___19___ spirited efforts but they were not fruitful. The ___20___ whistle was blown and the fans celebrated their team's win.

	A	B	C	D
16.	cheered	cheer	cheers	cheared
17.	ball	net	game	goal
18.	prayers	players	prayer	play
19.	out	up	off	on
20.	first	initial	final	only

For questions 21-23, choose the best alternative to complete the sentences.

21. Jane is _____ than Stella

- A. tall
- B. tallest
- C. taller
- D. more taller

22. You have to carry those glasses _____ than last time.

- A. more carefully
- B. most carefully
- C. carefuller

D. careful
23. Elephant is the

_____ animal in the forest.

- A. heaviest
- B. heavier
- C. heavy
- D. heaviest

For questions 24 and 25, choose the plural of the underlined word.

24. The chief summoned all the villagers.

- A. chieves
- B. chiefes
- C. chief

- D. chiefs
25. He gave me a ripe mango
A. mangos
B. mangoes
C. mango
D. mangos'

In questions 26 and 27, select the correct order of adjectives to complete the sentences.

26. The chef baked a _____
_____ cake
A. white circular big
B. big white circular
C. big circular white
D. circular big white

27. He bought a _____ ruler
A. small rectangular blue
B. blue rectangular small
C. rectangular blue small
D. small blue rectangular

In questions 28 and 29, choose the best verb to complete the sentences

28. My father had _____
_____ us to school.
A. took
B. take
C. taken
D. taked

29. She is _____ a
_____ letter
A. write
B. writing
C. wrote
D. written

In question 30, complete the sentence using the correct preposition.

30. The cat went out _____ the
_____ window
A. in
B. at
C. through
D. of

Read the conversation below and then answer questions 31-35.

- Godwin: Good morning Karen?
Karen: Good morning to you Godwin.
Godwin: Let me take you to your office, I will then take you around. Here we are welcome!
Karen: Thank you. It is quite spacious.
Godwin: You can just leave your briefcase here.
Karen: Can I also leave my laptop here?
Godwin: Yes, it will be safe. Lets go. Lets start with our financial department. This is Lenox our financial analyst.
Karen: Hi! I am Karen, pleased to meet you.
Godwin: Same, welcome, we appreciate you joining us.
Karen: Thanks, I am pleased to be here.

Godwin: Am showing Karen around so that she can comfortably fit in.
Lenox: See you later.
Karen: Ok, Lenox.

31. Who is the new employee in the conversation?
A. Godwin
B. Manager
C. Karen
D. Lenox
32. From the conversation we can conclude that Karen is:-
A. rude
B. honest
C. generous
D. appreciative
33. What was the first thing that Karen noted about her new office?
A. The office was clean and tidy
B. The office was spacious.
C. The office had laptops.
D. The office had briefcase.
34. How many people are mentioned in the conversation?
A. five
B. four
C. three
D. two
35. Which pair of items did Karen leave in the office?
A. Books and briefcase
B. Briefcase and food
C. Cellphone and laptop
D. Laptop and briefcase

Read the passage below and then answer questions 36 - 43.

A long time ago, there was a man and his wife. They had a daughter. The daughter became ill many times. She then died. She was thrown away so as to rot and be forgotten.

Suddenly a dove appeared by their side. The dove revived her to life again. It took her to a cave where she lived. After a short while, the girl said, she wanted to be with her parents. The dove told her the need for them to stay in the cave. She insisted and the dove let her go. After going home she felt sick again. She died and parents threw her away. The dove revived her to life again.

The girl slipped into her home and the dove followed her, took the magic ornament which it used to revive the girl and she turned into bones.

While the parents were still wondering what to do with the bones, the dove revived the girl and they went faraway to stay as friends forever.

36. According to the passage the girl died _____ times.
A. four
B. three
C. several
D. one

37. _____ "cave where she lived. The word she referred to:-
 A. The girl
 B. The dove
 C. The dove's child
 D. The dove's parents
38. "Ornament" as used in the passage means
 A. Decorations
 B. Rain
 C. Bones
 D. Ring
39. How many female characters are found in the passage?
 A. one
 B. two
 C. three
 D. four
40. The word "slipped" is underlined in the passage. It is likely to mean:-
 A. flow in
 B. got in
 C. went
 D. broke
41. According to the passage a hole where the dove wanted the girl to stay was the:-
 A. house
 B. window
 C. cave
 D. tree
42. From the passage we can conclude that the dove was a friend in _____ to the girl.
 A. deed
 B. need
 C. true
 D. action
43. What is the best title for this passage?
 A. The dead girl
 B. The dove
 C. A man and his wife.
 D. A friend in need is a friend in deed.

Fill the blank spaces numbered 44-48 with the correct words below.

Lewis lives in Busia. He would ___44___ to visit a National Park. He wants to ___45___ the National Park he will visit. He has always wanted ___46___ visit Tsavo East National Park. One can ___47___ to Tsavo East National Park by road or plane. There is a flight ___48___ the park every morning.

	A	B	C	D
44.	need	like	pay	travel
45.	chose	chosen	choose	choosing
46.	to	since	then	in
47.	get	visit	pass	be
48.	by	to	via	from

For questions 49-50, answer according to instructions.

49. The prisoner was accused

_____ his brother.

- A. of
- B. for
- C. against
- D. by

50. As faithful as a

- A. pig
- B. fox
- C. dog
- D. glass

51. He is

suffering. _____

_____ measles.

- A. for
- B. from
- C. of
- D. with

52. Distribute these books

_____ your ten learners.

- A. to
- B. against
- C. between
- D. among

53. What is the opposite of the underlined words?

Victor is a very humble boy.

- A. polite
- B. unkind
- C. arrogant
- D. kind

54. I have worked as a teacher

_____ thirty years.

- A. since
- B. from
- C. in
- D. for

55. The boys have won a trophy,.

_____?

- A. haven't they
- B. have they
- C. hasn't they
- D. isn't they

56. This box is

_____ heavy for Nevine to carry.

- A. so
- B. very
- C. too
- D. quite

57. Neither my brother

_____ my sister knows where I kept the money.

- A. even
- B. nor
- C. or
- D. but

58. **Which word means the same as the underlined word?**

The house has been abandoned.

- A. bought
- B. built
- C. left
- D. constructed

59. Sadio is good

_____ football.

- A. at
- B. in

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>C. on
D. with
E. built</p> <p>60. We</p> | <p>A. will
B. should
C. would
D. shall</p> |
|---|--|

_____ meet them on Sunday.

Read the following conversation and then answer questions 61 to 65.

Toti: Hello Hamsa. How are you doing? You have really grown tall this year. Almost the height of our class teacher Mr. Tosha.

Hamsa: Haa! Toti I'm doing well. You have grown tall as well. Christmas was well with you, right? As a matter of fact, you are already taller _____ than Mr. Tosha!

Toti: I think this has been made possible because I have always followed the rule of three that Ms Kobole taught us.

Hamsa: The rule of three? What is that? During all of her lessons in Home Science, I have never heard of such.

Toti: Ob! Hamsa. I can remember that the day the teacher taught us that, you had gone for a competition in Marema school. The rule _____ of three simply means eating a meal with the right amounts of energy giving foods, protective foods and body building foods.

Hamsa: In other words, a balanced diet, ult?

Toti: Exactly. This has really helped me maintain good health.

Hamsa: I have actually been doing the same. Additionally, I have been drinking enough of clean and safe water and exercising regularly.

Toti: That is right Hamsa. In our meals, we also need to include minerals such as iron, phosphorous and calcium.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>61. According to this conversation, what is the similarity between Toti and Hamsa?</p> <p>A. They are both short boys.
B. Both of them are taller than their class teacher.
C. They have both grown tall.
D. Both of them have grown short.</p> <p>62. Where was Hamsa when Toti learned about the rule of three from Ms Kobole?</p> <p>A. At home.
B. in the field.
C. Playing.</p> | <p>D. In Marema school.</p> <p>63. In simpler terms, the rule of three means, eating</p> <p>A. fruits and vegetables.
B. a balanced diet.
C. adequate food.
D. food in adequate amounts.</p> <p>64. According to the conversation, the rule of three doesn't involve</p> <p>A. locally available foods.
B. body building foods.
C. energy giving foods.
D. protective foods.</p> |
|---|--|

65. All the following minerals have been mentioned in the passage except
- A. iron.

- B. vitamins.
- C. calcium.
- D. phosphorous.

Read the passage and then answer questions 66 to 69.

Every child has a number of rights, some of which they know and some they don't. A child enjoys the right to education when he or she is taken to school and all the academic needs met in good time. Right to shelter is enjoyed when a child is provided with somewhere good to live. This protects them from harsh weather conditions like cold. Children must also be provided with nutritious meals as a way of meeting their right to good food. Other rights include right to play which helps them relate well with their friends and agemates and right to air their views. However, they should know their responsibilities both in school and at home. For instance, it is their responsibility to help in cleaning and taking good care of property. -

66. A child enjoys his or her right to education when
- A. his or her parent provides good clothes 7. for him or her.
 - B. he or she is exposed to academic activities and needs met early enough.
 - C. his or her parent gives him or her good food.
 - D. he or she is allowed to air his or her views

67. According to this passage, how is right to play helpful to a child? It makes them
- A. pass school tests.
 - B. grow stronger and stronger.

- C. interact with their friends.
 - D. open minded.
68. Which one of the following child rights has not been highlighted in the passage? Right to
- A. play.
 - B. education.
 - C. entertainment.
 - D. feeding.
69. The writer says that it is the responsibility of a child to
- A. help in cleaning and take care of property.
 - B. help in cleaning.
 - C. take good care of proper
 - D. provide basic needs for his or her family.

Read the passage and then answer questions 70 to 72.

Many people, especially the young ones, do not really understand or even imagine how people in the past stayed without clothes on them or just had pieces of animal hides and skins barely covering their bodies, imagining this even looks funny. Look at this, young boys and girls seated naked and their teacher gets in class with parts of the body visible to all!

Nowadays, clothes are made in all styles and fashions for all people, young and old. There are suits, vitenge, scarfs, headgears and ties. Others wear necklaces, bracelets, bangles, earrings and

others. A part from clothing, there are fashion shows which are organized where different designers bring models who wear their styles and compete in front of judges and spectators.

70. What is unimaginable to many people? How
- A. people lived in the past.
 - B. clothes were made in the past.
 - C. people stayed without clothes in the past.
 - D. old people made clothes in the past.
71. What was used in the past as clothes?
- A. Animal hides and skins.
 - B. Pieces of animals.
 - C. Pieces of papers.
 - D. Leaves and grass.
72. Who bring mods to fashion shows?
- A. Competitors.
 - B. Designers.
 - C. Judges.
 - D. Spectators.

Read the passage and then answer questions 73 to 75.

I hardly slept that night. I kept on thinking about the following day. We were to have a school trip to Amboseli National Park. Those who had paid for the trip were lucky. They would see many animals like zebras, elephants, gazelles, buffaloes and giraffes among others. My parents had made the payment and I would accompany the other pupils.

We were to travel by bus. The bus arrived very early in the morning. The class teacher read the list as we boarded the bus. I selected a seat next to the window where I would enjoy looking outside as we travelled.

73. The writer kept on thinking about
- A. the animals they would see.
 - B. the next day.
 - C. Amboseli National Park.
 - D. those who were lucky.
74. According to this passage, who were unlucky? Those who
- A. would see different animals.
 - B. never paid for the trip.
 - C. paid for the trip.
 - D. were in the writer's class.
75. The writer would accompany other pupils because
- A. they had paid for him.
 - B. their class teacher said so.
 - C. he liked their company.
 - D. he had paid for the trip.

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 76 to 79. For each blank space, select the best alternative from the choices given.

I love school ____76____ a lot. This is because I get more time to do what I love. Teachers sometimes give us assignments to keep us ____77____ during this period. They know we usually don't read our ____78____ and this makes us forget everything we learn during the school term. I

____79____ my assignment within the first two weeks so that I have the rest of the time to
____80____.

	A	B	C	D
76.	holidays	buildings	breaktime	days
77.	idle	busy	lazy	worked
78.	books	notes	own	work
79.	begin	start	finished	complete
80.	play	work	study	write

For questions 81 to 83, choose the correct question tags to complete the sentences.

81. Yesterday you were late for classes,

- A. weren't you?
- B. were you?
- C. aren't you?
- D. are you?

82. I am the tallest basketball player,

- A. am I?
- B. aren't I?
- C. can't I?
- D. isn't it?

83. She did not come to school yesterday,

- A. didn't she?
- B. did he?
- C. did she?
- D. didn't she?

For questions 84 to 87, choose the correct conjunctions to complete the sentences.

84. Muthoni won the race

_____ was given a trophy.

- A. but
- B. and
- C. yet
- D. because

85. France played very well

_____ lost the final to Argentina.

- A. also
- B. or
- C. but
- D. for

86. You can either buy a smartphone

_____ a new suit.

- A. or
- B. because
- C. for
- D. since.

87. We have been here

_____ eight in the morning.

- A. but
- B. for
- C. yet
- D. since

For questions 88 to 90, choose the best alternative to complete the given sentences.

88. There wasn't _____ milk in the jar.
- A. some
 - B. a lot of
 - C. lots of
 - D. a lot

89. Elders are people who have lived
- A. more.
 - B. life.
 - C. a lot.
 - D. a lot of.

90. My mother _____ an apple everyday.
- A. bought
 - B. but
 - C. buying
 - D. buyer

Read the passage and then answer questions 91 to 94.

Every child has a number of rights, some of which they know and some they don't. A child enjoys the right to education when he or she is taken to school and all the academic needs met in good time. Right to shelter is enjoyed when a child is provided with somewhere good to live. This protects them from harsh weather conditions like cold. Children must also be provided with nutritious meals as a way of meeting their right to good food. Other rights include right to play which helps them relate well with their friends and agemates and right to air their views. However, they should know their responsibilities both in school and at home. For instance, it is their responsibility to help in cleaning and taking good care of property. -

91. A child enjoys his or her right to education when
- A. his or her parent provides good clothes for him or her.
 - B. he or she is exposed to academic activities and needs met early enough.
 - C. his or her parent gives him or her good food.
 - D. he or she is allowed to air his or her views

92. According to this passage, how is right to play helpful to a child? It makes them
- A. pass school tests.
 - B. grow stronger and stronger.

- C. interact with their friends.
- D. open minded.

93. Which one of the following child rights has not been highlighted in the passage? Right to
- A. play.
 - B. education.
 - C. entertainment.
 - D. feeding.

94. The writer says that it is the responsibility of a child to
- A. help in cleaning and take care of property.
 - B. help in cleaning.
 - C. take good care of proper
 - D. provide basic needs for his or her family.

Read the following conversation and then answer questions 95 to 99.

Toti: Hello Hamsa. How are you doing? You have really grown tall this year. Almost the height of our class teacher Mr. Tosha.

Hamsa: Haa! Toti I'm doing well. You have grown tall as well. Christmas was well with you, right? As a matter of fact, you are already taller than Mr. Tosha!

Toti: I think this has been made possible because I have always followed the rule of three that Ms Kobole taught us.

Hamsa: The rule of three? What is that? During all of her lessons in Home Science, I have never heard of such.

Toti: Ob! Hamsa. I can remember that the day the teacher taught us that, you had gone for a competition in Marema school. The rule of three simply means eating a meal with the right amounts of energy giving foods, protective foods and body building foods.

Hamsa: In other words, a balanced diet, ult?

Toti: Exactly. This has really helped me maintain good health.

Hamsa: I have actually been doing the same. Additionally, I have been drinking enough of clean and safe water and exercising regularly.

Toti: That is right Hamsa. In our meals, we also need to include minerals such as iron, phosphorous and calcium.

95. According to this conversation, what is the similarity between Toti and Hamsa?
- A. They are both short boys.
 - B. Both of them are taller than their class teacher.
 - C. They have both grown tall.
 - D. Both of them have grown short.
96. Where was Hamsa when Toti learned about the rule of three from Ms Kobole?
- A. At home.
 - B. in the field.
 - C. Playing.
 - D. In Marema school.
97. In simpler terms, the rule of three means, eating
- A. fruits and vegetables.
 - B. a balanced diet.
 - C. adequate food.
 - D. food in adequate amounts.
98. According to the conversation, the rule of three doesn't involve
- A. locally available foods.
 - B. body building foods.
 - C. energy giving foods.
 - D. protective foods.
99. All the following minerals have been mentioned in the passage except
- A. iron.
 - B. vitamins.
 - C. calcium.
 - D. phosphorous.

Read the passage and then answer questions 100 to 112.

Many people, especially the young ones, do not really understand or even imagine how people in the past stayed without clothes on them or just had pieces of animal hides and skins barely

covering their bodies, imagining this even looks funny. Look at this, young boys and girls seated naked and their teacher gets in class with parts of the body visible to all!

Nowadays, clothes are made in all styles and fashions for all people, young and old. There are suits, vitenge, scarfs, headgears and ties. Others wear necklaces, bracelets, bangles, earrings and others. A part from clothing, there are fashion shows which are organized where different designers bring models who wear their styles and compete in front of judges and spectators.

100. What is unimaginable to many people? How
- A. people lived in the past.
 - B. clothes were made in the past.
 - C. people stayed without clothes in the past.
 - D. old people made clothes in the past.
101. What was used in the past as clothes?
- A. Animal hides and skins.
 - B. Pieces of animals.
 - C. Pieces of papers.
 - D. Leaves and grass.
102. Who bring mods to fashion shows?
- A. Competitors.
 - B. Designers.
 - C. Judges.
 - D. Spectators.

Read the passage and then answer questions 103 to 105.

I hardly slept that night. I kept on thinking about the following day. We were to have a school trip to Amboseli National Park. Those who had paid for the trip were lucky. They would see many animals like zebras, elephants, gazelles, buffaloes and giraffes among others. My parents had made the payment and I would accompany the other pupils.

We were to travel by bus. The bus arrived very early in the morning. The class teacher read the list as we boarded the bus. I selected a seat next to the window where I would enjoy looking outside as we travelled.

103. The writer kept on thinking about
- A. the animals they would see.
 - B. the next day.
 - C. Amboseli National Park.
 - D. those who were lucky.
104. According to this passage, who were unlucky? Those who
- A. would see different animals.
 - B. never paid for the trip.
 - C. paid for the trip.
 - D. were in the writer's class.
105. The writer would accompany other pupils because
- A. they had paid for him.
 - B. their class teacher said so.
 - C. he liked their company.
 - D. he had paid for the trip.

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 106 to 110. For each blank.space. select the best alternative from the choices given.

I love school ____106____ a lot. This is because I get more time to do what I love. Teachers sometimes give us assignments to keep us ____107____ during this period. They know we usually don't read our__108__ and this makes us forget everything we learn during the school term. I ____109____ my assignment within the first two weeks so that I have the rest of the time to ____110____.

	A	B	C	D
106.	holidays	buildings	breaktime	days
107.	idle	busy	lazy	worked
108.	books	notes	own	work
109.	begin	start	finished	complete
110.	play	work	study	write

For questions 111 to 113. choose the correct question tags to complete the sentences.

- 111.Yesterday you were late for classes,
A. weren't you?
B. were you?
C. aren't you?
D. are you?

- 112.I am the tallest basketball player,
A. am I?
B. aren't I?
C. can't I?
D. isn't it?

- 113.She did not come to school yesterday,
A. didn't she?

- B. did he?
C. did she?
D. didn't she?

For questions 114 to 117. choose the correct conjunctions to complete the sentences.

- 114.Muthoni won the race _____
_____ was given a trophy.
A. but
B. and
C. yet
D. because

- 115.France played very well _____

lost the final to
Argentina.

- A. also
- B. or
- C. but
- D. for

116. You can either buy a
smartphone

_____ a
new suit.

- A. or
- B. because
- C. for
- D. since.

117. We have been here

_ eight in the
morning.

- A. but
- B. for
- C. yet
- D. since

118. There wasn't

_ milk in the jar.

- A. some
- B. a lot of
- C. lots of
- D. a lot

119. Elders are people
who have lived

- A. more.
- B. life.
- C. a lot.
- D. a lot
of.

120. My mother

_____ an
apple everyday.

- A. bought
- B. but
- C. buying
- D. buyer

**For questions 118 to 120, choose the best
alternative to complete the given
sentences.**

Fill the blank spaces numbered 121-125 with the correct words below.

Lewis lives in Busia. He would ___121___ to visit a National Park. He wants to ___122___ the National Park he will visit. He has always wanted ___123___ visit Tsavo East National Park. One can ___124___ to Tsavo East National Park by road or plane. There is a flight ___125___ the park every morning.

	A	B	C	D
121.	need	like	pay	travel
122.	chose	chosen	choose	choosing
123.	to	since	then	in
124.	get	visit	pass	be

125.	by	to	via	from
------	----	----	-----	------

Read the conversation below and then answer questions 126-130.

Godwin: Good morning Karen?

Karen: Good morning to you Godwin.

Godwin: Let me take you to your office, I will then take you around. Here we are welcome!

Karen: Thank you. It is quite spacious.

Godwin: You can just leave your briefcase here.

Karen: Can I also leave my laptop here?

Godwin: Yes, it will be safe. Lets go. Lets start with our financial department. This is Lenox our financial analyst.

Karen: Hi! I am Karen, pleased to meet you.

Godwin: Same, welcome, we appreciate you joining us.

Karen: Thanks, I am pleased to be here.

Godwin: Am showing Karen around so that she can comfortably fit in.

Lenox: See you later.

Karen: Ok, Lenox.

126. Who is the new employee in the conversation?

- A. Godwin
- B. Manager
- C. Karen
- D. Lenox

127. From the conversation we can conclude that Karen is:-

- A. rude
- B. honest
- C. generous
- D. appreciative

128. What was the first thing that Karen noted about her new office?

- A. The office was clean and tidy

B. The office was spacious.

C. The office had laptops.

D. The office had briefcase.

129. How many people are mentioned in the conversation?

- A. five
- B. four
- C. three
- D. two

130. Which pair of items did Karen leave in the office?

- A. Books and briefcase
- B. Briefcase and food
- C. Cellphone and laptop
- D. Laptop and briefcase

Read the passage below and then answer questions 131 - 138.

A long time ago, there was a man and his wife. They had a daughter. The daughter became ill many times. She then died. She was thrown away so as to rot and be forgotten.

Suddenly a dove appeared by their side. The dove revived her to life again. It took her to a cave where she lived. After a short while, the girl said, she wanted to be with her parents. The dove told her the need for them to stay in the cave. She insisted and the dove let her go. After going home she felt sick again. She died and parents threw her away. The dove revived her to life again.

The girl slipped into her home and the dove followed her, took the magic ornament which it used to revive the girl and she turned into bones.

While the parents were still wondering what to do with the bones, the dove revived the girl and they went faraway to stay as friends forever.

131. According to the passage the girl died _____ times.
- A. four
B. three
C. several
D. one
132. _____ "cave where **she** lived. The word **she** referred to:-
- A. The girl
B. The dove
C. The dove's child
D. The dove's parents
133. "Ornament" as used in the passage means
- A. Decorations
B. Rain
C. Bones
D. Ring
134. How many female characters are found in the passage?
- A. one
B. two
C. three
D. four
135. The word "slipped" is underlined in the passage. It is likely to mean:-
- A. flow in
B. got in
C. went
D. broke
136. According to the passage a hole where the dove wanted the girl to stay was the:-
- A. house
B. window
C. cave
D. tree
137. From the passage we can conclude that the dove was a friend in _____ to the girl.
- A. deed
B. need
C. true
D. action
138. What is the best title for this passage?
- A. The dead girl
B. The dove
C. A man and his wife.
D. A friend in need is a friend in deed.
- For questions 139-150, answer according to instructions.**

139. The prisoner was accused

_____ his brother.

- A. of
- B. for
- C. against
- D. by

140. As faithful as a

- A. pig
- B. fox
- C. dog
- D. glass

141. He is

suffering. _____

_____ measles.

- A. for
- B. from
- C. of
- D. with

142. Distribute these books

_ your ten learners.

- A. to
- B. against
- C. between
- D. among

143. What is the opposite of the underlined words?

Victor is a very humble boy.

- A. polite
- B. unkind
- C. arrogant
- D. kind

144. I have worked as a teacher

_____ thirty years.

- A. since
- B. from
- C. in
- D. for

145. The boys have won a trophy,.

_____?

- A. haven't they
- B. have they
- C. hasn't they
- D. isn't they

146. This box is

_____ heavy for Nevine

to carry.

- A. so
- B. very
- C. too
- D. quite

147. Neither my brother

_____ my sister knows

where I kept the money.

- A. even
- B. nor
- C. or
- D. but

148. **Which word means the same as the underlined word?**

The house has been abandoned.

- A. bought
- B. built
- C. left
- D. constructed

149. Sadio is good

_____ football.

- A. at
- B. in
- C. on
- D. with
- E. built

150. We

_____ meet them on Sunday.

- A. will

- B. should
C. would

D. shall

Read the following conversation and then answer questions 151 to 155

Shopkeeper: Yes customer. How can I help you?

Customer: (Scratching his head) Actually, I came to ask if you could lend me a packet of maize flour and cooking oil.

Shop keeper: Are you aware that this is the fourth time you are coming to borrow something from this shop and yet you never paid for the first three items you borrowed?

Customer; yes, I am aware. Just have mercy on me. I do not have anywhere to get money and my children are hungry.

Shop keeper: Are you mistaken or the alcohol that you took somehow got into your brain? Now listen and listen carefully. I do not entertain such nonsense in my work.

Customer: (angry) Who gave you the power to criticise me? I am better off than you. You think you are so rich that there is no day you will never go on your knees begging and yet all your sons are common thieves.

151. According to this dialogue, the customer wanted to get some items on _____

- A. credit
B. cash
C. loan
D. hire purchase

152. The opposite of the word lend as used in the conversation could be

- A. buy
B. borrow
C. sell
D. grant

153. According to the dialogue, the customer had visited the shop _____ times before.

- A. two
B. three
C. four
D. fourth

154. The word aware could mean all the following except

- A. conscious
B. sensitive
C. alert
D. clueless.

155. According to the conversation, the shop keeper can be said to be _____

- A. compassionate
B. sympathetic
C. arrogant
D. friendly

Read the passage below answer questions 156 to 159

In case of any accident or injury, it is very important to give help to the injured person before any medical treatment is given to the patient. The first help given to the patient is called First Aid. The right type of First Aid given to the patient sometimes saves lives. So everyone of us should know what quick actions to be taken in different types of accidents. I'll discuss bleeding.

As little bleeding is not dangerous, **apply** any antiseptic and then tie with a clean piece of

cloth if **necessary**. If the bleeding is continuous, we must stop it by placing a clean pad or cotton firmly over the wound until the bleeding stops or until the patient sees a doctor.

156. In case of a road accident, what would be the first thing to do?

- A. Give medical treatment
- B. Give help to the injured person
- C. Call others
- D. Rush the patient to hospital.

157. What is the meaning of the word 'necessary' underlined in the story?

- A. Medical help.
- B. Wanted
- C. Not wanted

D. Not available.

158. Which word can be used instead of the word 'apply' as used in the passage?

- A. Put
- B. Place
- C. Placed
- D. Keep

159. Which would be the best title for the passage?

- A. First Aid
- B. First Aid and Bleeding
- C. Bleeding
- D. First Aid in bleeding.

Read the passage below and answer questions 160 to 162

A long time ago, there was a man and his wife. They had a girl. The girl fell sick many times. She then died and was thrown away so as to rot and be forgotten.

Suddenly, a dove appeared by her side. The dove revived her to life again. It took her to a cave where she lived. After a short while, the girl said she wanted to be with her mother. The dove told her the need for them to stay in the caves, she insisted and the dove let her go. After going home, she felt sick again. She died and her parents threw her away. The dove revived her to life again.

The girl slipped into her home and the dove followed her, took the magic **ornament** which it used to revive the girl and she turned into bones.

While the parents were still wondering what to do with the bones, the dove revived the girl and they went far away to stay as friends forever.

160. According to the passage, how many times did the girl die?

- A. Two
- B. Four
- C. Three
- D. One

161. **Ornament** as used in the passage means?

- A. Decorations
- B. Rain

- C. Bones
- D. Rings

162. From the passage we can conclude that the dove was a friend in _____ to the girl

- A. deed
- B. need
- C. true
- D. action

Read the passage below and answer questions 163 to 165

It was a clear, still night and the moon shone brightly through the water that Tom could not sleep. Suddenly, he saw a beautiful sight. A bright red light moved along the river-side and threw down into the water a long flame.

Tom, a **curious** little rogue, had to go and see what it was; so he swam to the shore and met the light as it stopped over a shallow edge of a low rock.

163. Tom could not sleep because of the ____
- A. clear night
 - B. silent night
 - C. still night
 - D. bright moonlight
164. What did Tom see all of a sudden? A
- A. beautiful riverside
 - B. bright red light
 - C. long flame
 - D. beautiful site
165. Tom was curious, that means Tom was ____
- A. brave
 - B. coward
 - C. dangerous
 - D. eager to know.

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 166 to 170. For each blank space, select the best alternative from the choices given

Snakes 166 poisonous 167. 168 their tongue are not poisonous. The snake uses 169 tongue to 170 what is in front of it.

166. A. had B. has C. have D. are
167. A. fangs B. teeth C. canines D. saliva
168. A. But B. And C. When D. As
169. A. its B. it's C. its' D. their
170. A. feel B. fill C. suck D. see

For questions 171 to 173, choose the correct form of the verb to fill in the gaps

171. She has ____ all her money
- A. loose
 - B. losed
 - C. lose
 - D. lost
172. They ____ him stealing books
- A. caught
 - B. caught
 - C. catch
 - D. caught
173. I was ____ by his remarks
- A. hurted
 - B. hurt
 - C. hut
 - D. heart

For questions 174 to 176, select the correct question tag.

174. They like walking home, _____?

- A. do they
- B. don't they
- C. will they
- D. shouldn't they

175. Let us observe the covid-19 protocols, _____?

- A. shall we
- B. is it
- C. will we
- D. let we

176. We ate fish for dinner, _____?

- A. weren't we
- B. were we
- C. didn't we
- D. did we

For questions 177 to 179, select the correct form of adjective.

177. My sister wore a _____ dress

- A. red, cotton, pretty,
- B. pretty, cotton, red
- C. cotton, red, pretty
- D. pretty, red, cotton

178. Yesterday I saw _____ birds

- A. tiny, three, beautiful
- B. three, beautiful, tiny
- C. tiny, beautiful, three
- D. three, tiny, beautiful

179. Her birthday present was a _____ shawl

- A. red, small, pretty, silk
- B. pretty, small, red, silk
- C. small, pretty, silk, red
- D. red, silk, small, pretty

For question 180, choose the correct alternative to fill in the gap

180. This is the most tiresome journey I have _____ had

- A. ever
- B. whatever
- C. never
- D. whenever

Read the following conversations and then answer questions 181 - 185

Cow: Hallo everyone. The other day our discussion did not come to an end as there fell a heavy rain. Let us discuss our importance to our master, man.

Dog: You all know how important I am to man. I make sure that you, the farmer and his family are safe. For that reason, I am the most important animal in the farm.

Sheep: But dog, you don't give our master any food product. I give him mutton which is good for his health. I also give him wool as well. This way, he's safe from cold weather. So, I am the most important animal here.

Donkey: Who carries our master's luggage to the market? I am the strongest animal of all of u Are we together?

Chicken: I believe you all know that my meat is the most delicious. Whenever our master has special visitors, he depends on my meat and eggs to make them and his family happy.

Cow: You all know that the farmer uses my milk to make his children healthy. That aside, I provide skin and manure to the farmer. Since I provide more than all of you, I am the most important animal. (enters the farmer)

Man: Hey! Hey! I have been following in your argument keenly. Though some of you provide food products, some provide services. This means that each one of you is equally important to me. For that reason, you are all my friends.

181. According to this conversation, which of the following animals provide services only?

- A. Cow and donkey.
- B. Dog and donkey.
- C. Sheep and dog.
- D. Sheep and cow

182. The conversation puts it clear that man gets duvets from

- A. sheep.
- B. cow.
- C. chicken.
- D. donkey

183. "Who boasted to be the strongest animal?"

- A. Dog
- B. Chicken.
- C. Cow

D. Donkey

184. According to this conversation, for his children's health, which animal did the farmer depend on?

- A. Chicken.
- B. Dog.
- C. Cow.
- D. Sheep.

185. Finally, what is man's conclusion?

- A. Food product providers were more important.
- B. Service providing animals were liked most
- C. None of the animals was of any importance.
- D. All the animals were equally important.

Read the passage and then answer questions 186 to 189

In a warm summer afternoon in a park or garden, bees are buzzing around the flowers. You might be sitting in the sun and feeling kind of lazy. But the bees are busy doing work that is important to you. Bees work very hard day and night. They are also very organized.

Bees are insects. They have three pairs of legs and four wings. Like all insects, they have a head, thorax and abdomen. They have mouth parts and a tongue for collecting nectar. Bees live in groups called colonies. They can also live in hives. They like flowers and you can see them from one flower to another. They collect nectar and pollen as food. They also make wax which is used to make candles. Bees have a queen. There is only one queen in the hive. The queen lays eggs in the hive. There are other bees called workers. They make the hive and collect nectar. They also protect the hive. They sting anyone or anything that disturbs them.

186. When bees work hard day and night, they

- A. sting any intruder.
- B. make honey.
- C. protect the colony.

D. lay eggs.

187. Bees are not different from other insects because they.

- A. have three pairs of wings.

- B. sting anybody or anything that disturbs them.
 - C. have a thorax.
 - D. make honey using nectar.
188. To humans, bees are useful in that they
- A. make wax for candles
 - B. protect their colonies.
 - C. feed on honey and nectar.
 - D. sting whatever disturbs them.
189. The work of the queen bee is to
- A. collect nectar.
 - B. protect the hive.
 - C. lay eggs.
 - D. make the hive.

Read the passage and then answer questions 190 to 192.

There are many species of wild cats ranging in size. Some of the wild cats are leopard, lions and tigers. Which of these did our domestic cats come from? Cats are more difficult to tame than other members of the dog family like wolf cubs or jackal cubs.

Like people, wolves, jackals and dogs live and work together naturally in packs. They are social animals. Cats are not at all like this. As wild animals, they live and hunt alone. They are naturally unsociable animals. This makes them difficult to tame. Even the kittens of domestic cats, if born in a different corner of the garden, can be difficult to tame unless brought into the house very young.

If you have both a cat and a dog in your house, you will notice the difference in their characters. The dog wants to take part in everything that is going on as a full member of the family. He sometimes barks at strangers to keep them away and has a much sense of responsibility to the house and family. But your cat simply lives with you because it suits him and takes no real part in things. Nobody ever heard of a cat yowling at a stranger or biter at a burglar.

190. According to the first paragraph, which statement is true?
- A. Cats and dogs are easier to tame than wolves and jackals.
 - B. Cats, leopards, lions and tigers belong to the same family.
 - C. Tigers, lions, dogs and jackals belong to the same family.
 - D. Wolves and jackals are members of wild cats.
191. Why are cats not easy to tame? They
- A. hunt alone and are not social
 - B. are very fearful and very dangerous.
 - C. don't like to live with people.
 - D. have funny characters.
192. According to the passage, why do cats live with people?
- A. Because they were tamed.
 - B. Because of the benefits they get from people.
 - C. To show responsibility as the owner of the house.
 - D. They don't like living as wild animals.

Read the passage and then answer questions 193 to 195.

Jack and I examined the bread-fruit. We were much struck with its broad leaves which were twelve or eighteen inches long, deeply indented and of a glossy smoothness like laurel.

The tree bears two or three crops of fruits in a year-much like wheatened bread in appearance. It is found in shape, about six inches in diameter with a rough outer skin. It forms the principal food of many south sea islanders. The fruit of the tree we inspected hung in clusters of twos and threes on the branches and were of various colours from light pea-green to brown and rich yellow. Jack said the yellow fruits were ripe. The trunk was twenty feet high, being quite destitute of the branches upto that height, where it branched off into a beautiful head. The wood which is durable and of a good colour is used to build native houses, the bark of the young branches being made into cloth. Another product of this wonderful tree is the gum which serves the natives for pitching their canoes.

193. What is the fruit like in appearance?

- A. Deeply indented and of a glossy smoothness.
- B. Broad leaves and of a glossy
- C. It is twelve or eighteen inches long.
- D. It is like whitened bread in appearance and round in shape.

194. Why is the tree very important to the natives?

- A. It bears fruits that form the principal food for many islanders.

- B. Because it bears fruits six inches long and has a rough outer skin.
- C. because of its broad leaves.
- D. because it has a glossy smoothness.

195. How could you recognise a ripe fruit? By its

- A. leaves which are 12 or 18 inches long.
- B. rough outer skin.
- C. rich yellow colour.
- D. round shape.

Read the passage below. It contains blank spaces numbered 196 to 200. For each blank space select the best alternative from the choices given

Kimberly watched the moving van 196 to the house next 197. Finally, some new neighbours. The house had stood 198 for months and Kimberly had been hoping a girl of her age would move in.

"Mom, they are here!" She 199. "Well, let them settle and then we'll go over and say hello and welcome them to the neighbourhood," Mother said. Kimberly stared 200 and hopeful as the van door opened.

196 A. wind up B. pull up C. get down D. break down

197 A. place B. apartment C. door D. room

-
- 198 A. empty B. occupied C. vacancy D. still
199 A. whisper B. barked C. ordered D. yelled
200 A. eyes apart B. blindly C. wide-eyed D. loud and clear