

This paper consists of 8 Printed pages

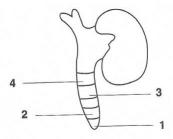
For examiner's use only

Question	Maximum score	Candidates score
1-21	80	

1. (a) What is carbonic anhydrase?	(2 marks)
(b) State the role of haemoglobin in the transport of carbon (IV) oxide.	(2 marks)
2. What is the role of light to a lion in the ecosystem?	(4 marks)
3. (a) State the contents of lysosomes.	(1 mark)
(b) State the functions of the contents named in (a) above.	(2 marks)
4. (a) The diagram below represents part of a rib.	
A B	
Name the parts labelled A , B and F .	(3 marks)
A B	
Tr	

(b) State the function of the broad facets on the anteriour part of the atlas.	(1 mark)
5. Describe the role played by water in the support of herbaceous plants.	(3 marks
6. State the role played by the following structures during inhalation:	
(a) Diaphragm,	(2 marks)
(b) Intercostal muscles.	(3 marks)
7. (a)Name two genetic disorders of blood.	(2 marks)
(b) Define the term backcross. mark)	(1

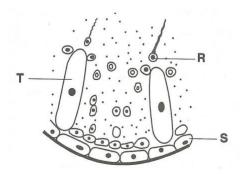
8. The diagram below shows a newly germinated seedling with ink marks 2 mm apart. Study it and answer the questions that follow.



(a)(i) Which region would you expect to be longest after 5 days further growth?	(1 mark)
(ii) Give a reason for your answer in (a)(i) above.	(1 mark)
(b) In which regions would you expect root hairs to appear?	(1 mark)
(c) Name the structure that protects the region labelled I .	(1 mark)
9.(a) How is high pressure build up in the glomerulus?	(1 mark)
(b) Why is this pressure necessary?	(1 mark)
10. (a) Describe the concentration and volume of urine produced by a person who has been on a hot day.	
(b) Explain your answer in (a) above.	(3 marks)

11. (a)(i)Name the process that results in the formation of pyruvic acid in a cell.	
(ii) Name the part of a cell where the process named in (a) above occurs.	(1 mark)
(b) Name the process that utilizes the pyruvic acid from the process named in (a) above.	(1 mark)
12. Name the organelle that performs the following functions in a cell.	
(a) Transports cell secretions,	(1 mark)
(b) Controls materials entering and leaving the nucleus.	(1mark)
(c) Forms cilia and flagella.	(1 mark)
13.(a) Name the structure responsible for intermittent growth in an insect, giving a reason.	(2 marks)
(b) Name a hormone produced by the corpus allatum in insects.	(1 mark)
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14. The diagram below shows part of a seminiferous tubule.



(a) Name the parts labelled R , S and T .	(3 marks)
R	
T	
(b)Name the tube into which the seminiferous tubules open.	(1 mark)
15. State two main events that occur at interphase I.	(2 marks
16. Describe how oxygen from the environment reaches a respiring cell of a terrestrial leaf	. (3 marks)
17. Give two reasons why gametes are haploid.	(2 marks
18. A plastic bottle full of water was stoppered with a piece of stem from a young herbace whose epidermis had been peeled off. After 24 hours, it was noted that the stopper closed tightly. Explain the observation made.	_

19. (a) Name the products of the light dependent stage of photosynthesis.	
(b) Explain why some plants such as <i>Drosera</i> species trap and digest insects.	(3 marks)
20. The diagram below represents a certain plant structure.	
F G	
(a) Identify the structure.	(1 mark)
(b) Name the parts labelled E , F and G .	(3 marks)
F	
G	
(c) State two functions of the structure.	(2 marks)
21.(a) What are fossils?	(1 mark)

(b) State two limitations of the use of fossils as evidence for evolution.	(2 marks)
(c) What is meant by the following terms?	
(i) Struggle for existence,	(1 mark)
(ii) Survival of the fittest.	(1 mark)