

Candidate's Name		Assessment Number	
School Name		School Code	
Candidate's Signature		Date	

KENYA JUNIOR SCHOOL EDUCATION ASSESSMENT

ISLAMIC RELIGIOUS EDUCATION (Theory)

TERM 2 ENDTERM 2025

709: IRE

Time: 1 hour 40 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Write your name and assessment number in the spaces provided above.
2. Write the name and code of your school in the spaces provided above.
3. Sign and write the date of the assessment in the spaces provided above.
4. This paper consists of two sections: A and B.
5. Section A comprises Multiple Choice Questions numbered 1 to 20.
6. Section B comprises short, structured questions number 21 to 28.
7. Answer ALL the questions in section A on the separate ANSWER SHEET provided.
8. Answer ALL the questions in section B in the spaces provided in this QUESTION PAPER.
9. Do NOT remove any page from this question paper.
10. Answer ALL the questions in English. Standard Islamic terms may be used.

For official use only

SECTION B

Question	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	Total
Maximum Score	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	80
Candidate's Score									

This paper consists of 7 printed pages.

Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.

SECTION A (20 marks)

Answer ALL the questions in this section.

1. The core belief in Islam is the Oneness of Allah. This is known as
A. Risalah. B. Tawhid.
C. Akhirah. D. Qadar.
2. Who was the first Prophet of Allah?
A. Prophet Nuh (A.S)
B. Prophet Ibrahim (A.S)
C. Prophet Adam (A.S)
D. Prophet Muhammad (PBUH)
3. Which Holy Book was revealed to Prophet Musa (A.S)?
A. Quran B. Injil
C. Taurat D. Zabur
4. The migration of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) and his companions from Makkah to Madinah is called
A. Isra'. B. Mi'raj.
C. Hijrah. D. Hajj.
5. The second Pillar of Islam is Salah, which means
A. Fasting. B. Charity.
C. Pilgrimage. D. Prayer.
6. The purification performed before Salah using water is called
A. Tayammum. B. Ghusl.
C. Wudu'. D. Istinja'.
7. Which angel is known as the Angel of Revelation?
A. Angel Israfil B. Angel Mikail
C. Angel Jibril (A.S) D. Angel Azrail
8. Belief in the Divine Decree of Allah (Qadar) means believing that
A. everything happens by chance.
B. Allah knows and has ordained everything.
C. humans have no free will.
D. only good things happen.
9. Showing respect to elders is an important Islamic manner known as
A. Sadaqah. B. Silatur-rahim.
C. Adab. D. Amanah.
10. Sawm, the Pillar of Islam, is observed during the month of
A. Shawwal. B. Dhul-Hijjah.
C. Ramadan. D. Muharram.
11. The compulsory charity given by Muslims is called
A. Sadaqah. B. Waqf.
C. Zakat. D. Hibah.
12. What was the first Qiblah (direction of prayer) in Islam?
A. Makkah B. Madinah
C. Jerusalem D. Damascus
13. The period of fasting in Ramadan begins at dawn and ends at
A. noon. B. Asr time.
C. sunset. D. midnight.
14. Keeping promises and fulfilling trusts is an Islamic virtue called
A. Siddiq. B. Amin.
C. Amanah. D. Fatanah.
15. Who was the wife of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) who was the first person to accept Islam?
A. Aisha (R.A) B. Hafsa (R.A)
C. Khadijah (R.A) D. Fatimah (R.A)
16. The Holy Quran was revealed to Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) over a period of approximately
A. 10 years. B. 13 years.
C. 23 years. D. 40 years.
17. The call to prayer is known as
A. Iqamah. B. Tasbih.
C. Adhan. D. Dua.
18. Which Pillar of Iman means belief in the Messengers of Allah?
A. Belief in Allah
B. Belief in His Angels
C. Belief in His Books
D. Belief in His Prophets
19. The day of resurrection and accountability is known as
A. Al-Qadar. B. Al-Akhirah.
C. Al-Risalah. D. Al-Sunnah.
20. Which quality of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) means truthfulness?
A. Al-Siddiq B. Al-Amin
C. Al-Fatanah D. Al-Amanah

SECTION B (80 marks)

Answer ALL the questions in this section in the spaces provided.

21. Tawhid is the foundation of Islam.

(a) Explain the meaning of Tawhid. (3 marks)

(b) Outline four ways a Muslim can demonstrate their belief in Tawhid in daily life. (4 marks)

(c) State three consequences of associating partners with Allah (Shirk). (3 marks)

22. Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) is the last Prophet of Allah.

(a) Describe the early life of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) before prophet-hood. (4 marks)

(b) Outline four qualities of Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) that Muslims should emulate. (4 marks)

(c) Give two reasons why Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) is considered the seal of prophets. (2 marks)

23. Salah is the second Pillar of Islam.

(a) State five conditions that must be met for a Salah to be valid. (5 marks)

(b) Outline three benefits of performing Salah regularly. (3 marks)

(c) Name the five daily obligatory prayers. (2 marks)

24. Wudu' is an essential part of purification before Salah.

(a) Explain the meaning of Wudu'. (2 marks)

(b) Outline four parts of the body that must be washed during Wudu'. (4 marks)

(c) State four things that break Wudu'. (4 marks)

25. The Holy Quran is the literal word of Allah.

(a) State four reasons why the Holy Quran is important to Muslims. (4 marks)

(b) Outline four etiquettes of reciting the Holy Quran. (4 marks)

(c) Give two benefits of memorizing parts of the Holy Quran. (2 marks)

26. Islamic manners (Akhlaq) are a reflection of a Muslim's faith.

(a) State four Islamic manners that a learner should observe in school. (4 marks)

(b) Outline four benefits of having good manners in society. (4 marks)

(c) Give two examples of bad manners that Islam discourages. (2 marks)

27. Sawm (Fasting) during Ramadan is a Pillar of Islam.

(a) Explain the meaning of Sawm. (2 marks)

(b) Outline four conditions that make fasting obligatory on a Muslim. (4 marks)

(c) State four things that invalidate fasting during Ramadan. (4 marks)

28. The Hijrah was a turning point in the history of Islam.

(a) Explain the main reasons why Prophet Muhammad (PBUH) and his companions migrated from Makkah to Madinah. (4 marks)

(b) Outline four significant changes that occurred in Madinah after the Hijrah. (4 marks)

(c) State two lessons Muslims learn from the event of Hijrah. (2 marks)
