

KCSE MOCKS

HISTORY PAPER 2

Consists 3 KCSE Mock set Exams.
(Class of KCSE March 2021)

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PRE-MOCK 1

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

Paper 2

KCSE PRE-MOCK 1

Duration: 2 hours 30 Minutes

Name.....School.....Class.....

Students Signature.....Date.....

Instructions to students

- (a) This paper consists of three sections; **A**, **B** and **C**.
- (b) Answer all the question in section **A**, three questions from section **B** and two questions from section **C**.
- (c) Answers must be written in the spaces provided after Question 24.
- (d) Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.
- (e) Candidates should answer the questions in English.

For Examiners Use Only

Section	Question	Maximum Score	Candidates Score
A	1-17	25	
B	18-21	45	
C	22-24	30	
Total Score		100	

History and Government

311/2

SECTION A (25 marks)

Answer ALL questions in this section in the space provided after question number 24

1. What is oral tradition as a source of History? (1 mark)
2. Give one characteristics of Homo Erectus. (1 mark)
3. Give two ways in which the Agrarian Revolution contributed to European expansion to Africa. (2 marks)
4. Identify the main commodity in the Trans-Atlantic trade (1 mark)
5. Identity two improvements which were made on macadamized roads in the Nineteenth century (2 marks)
6. Give one modern means of print media (2 marks)
7. Give the main use of steam power during the Industrial revolution in Europe. (1 mark)
8. Give two social functions of the ancient city of Athens in Greece. (2 marks)
9. State two functions of the Lukiiko in Buganda Kingdom during the 19th Century. (2 marks)
10. Identify one category of human rights. (1 mark)
11. State two social factors that led to the scramble for colonies in Africa by European powers. (2 marks)
12. Mention one consequence of the French Assimilation Policy in Senegal. (1 mark)
13. State two objectives of the African National Congress in South Africa. (2 marks)
14. Give the main reason why the European countries formed alliances before the outbreak of the first World War. (1 mark)
15. Name two principal organs of the United Nations. (2 marks)
16. State two ways in which poverty has undermined economic development in Tanzania since independence. (2 marks)

17. Identify one parliamentary duty of the Monarch in Britain. (1 mark)

SECTION B (45 marks)

Answer any three questions from this section in the space provided after Question 24.

18. (a) State five reasons why early people domesticated crops and animals during the Neolithic period. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain five causes of food shortages in Africa today. (10 marks)
19. (a) Identify the three types of trade. (3 marks)
- (b) Describe the Organization of the Trans Saharan trade. (12 marks)
20. (a) Identify any three economic activities of the Asante people in the pre-colonial period (3 marks)
- (b) Describe the social organization of the Shona people in the pre-colonial period. (12 marks)
21. (a) State three ways used by nationalists in Ghana to fight for independence. (3 marks)
- (b) Discuss six factors that led to the development of African Nationalism in Ghana. (12 marks)

SECTION C (30 marks)

Answer any two questions from this section in the space provided after Question 24.

- 22 (a) Why did the British use direct rule in Zimbabwe? (3 marks)
- (b) Explain the effects of British rule in Zimbabwe. (12 marks)
- 23 (a) List three European Countries that formed the Triple alliance before the outbreak of the First World War. (3 marks)

(b) Describe six functions of the General Assembly of the United Nations (U.N) (12 marks)

24. (a) Identify three circumstances that may make a vice president assume presidency in India (3 marks)

(b) Explain six functions of the president of India (12 marks)

MOCK 1

311/2

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

PAPER 2

TIME: 2½ hours

NAME: _____

CLASS: _____ ADM. NO: _____

INDEX. N

FOR EXAMINERS USE

SECTION	QN	MAX	SCORE
A (25 Marks)	1-17	25	
B (45 Marks)	18	15	
	19	15	
	20	15	
	21	15	
C (30 Marks)	22	15	
	23	15	
	24	15	
GRAND TOTAL		100%	

KCSE MOCK 1

Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

Paper 2

Instructions to Candidates

- (a) This paper consists of **three** sections **A**, **B** and **C**.
- (b) Answer **all** questions in section **A**, **three** from Section **B** and **two** from Section **C**.
- (c) Answers to all the questions must be written legibly in the answer booklet provided.
- (d) This paper consists of **three printed pages**
- (e) Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing
- (f) Candidates should answer the questions in English

Section A (25 marks)

Answer all questions in this section

1. Define the term Genetics as a source of information on history and government. (1 mark)
2. Give **two** features of Australopithecus. (2 marks)
3. Name the person who invented the Mechanical Thresher in 1876 which speeded up the process of crop harvesting. (1 mark)
4. Identify **two** items of trade from West Africa during the Trans-Saharan trade. (2 marks)
5. Identify **one** country in Africa that was created as a settlement for freed slaves. (1 mark)
6. Define the term communication. (1 mark)
7. Give **two** advantages of screams and cries as traditional means of communication. (2 marks)
8. Identify **one** theory that explains the origin of iron working in Africa. (1 mark)
9. Give the **main** contribution of Isaac Newton during the scientific revolution. (1 mark)
10. Apart from Johannesburg, name **one** other modern urban centre in Africa. (1 mark)
11. Name the leader who introduced the Golden stool in the Asante Empire during the pre-colonial period. (1 mark)
12. Identify **two** French colonies in Central Africa. (2 marks)
13. Give **two** benefits enjoyed by the assimilated Africans in during the French administration in Senegal. (2 marks)
14. Identify **two** contributions of Nelson Mandela in the fight for freedom and democracy in South Africa. (2 marks)
15. Highlight **two** factors that led to the failure of the German Von Schlieffen plan during the First World War. (2 marks)

16. Name **two** permanent members of the United Nations Organizations (UNO) Security Council. (2 marks)
17. Define the term Non-Aligned Movement (NAM). (1 mark)

Section B (45 marks)

Answer any three questions from this section

18. (a) Give **five** reasons why Africa is considered as the cradle of mankind. (5 marks)
- (b) Describe the way of life of man during the Early Stone Age period. (10 marks)
19. (a) Give **five** advantages of human transport. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** disadvantages of air transport. (10 marks)
20. (a) State **five** of London as an urban centre. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** factors responsible for the growth of early urban centres in Africa. (10marks)
21. (a) Identify **five** reasons for the growth of nationalism in Mozambique. (5 marks)
- (b) Explain **five** reasons for the slow decolonization process in Mozambique. (10 marks)

Section C (30 marks)

Answer any two questions from this section

22. (a) Give **three** ways in which trade contributed to the rise of Asante Empire. (3 marks)
- (b) Describe the political organization of the Buganda kingdom during the 19th century. (12 marks)
23. (a) State **three** functions of Emirs during the British administration in Nigeria. (3 marks)
- (b) Explain **six** reasons why indirect rule policy failed in Southern Nigeria. (12 marks)
24. (a) State **three** effect of Cold War. (3 marks)

(b) Explain **six** challenges faced by the Commonwealth of Nations. (12 marks)

SECTION A (25 MARKS)

1. State two shortcomings of oral tradition as a source of information in history (2 marks)
2. State two archaeological sources of information of history and government (2 marks)
3. Give one main physical features of Homo erectus (1 marks)
4. State two theories explaining the origin of agriculture. (2 marks)
5. Identify two methods of irrigation used by the Sumerians (2 marks)
6. Give two methods of trade 2 marks. (2 marks)
7. Identify two roles of Tuaregs in the Trans-saharan trade. (2 marks)
8. State one negative effects of modern means of transport. (1 mark)
9. Give one advantage of cell phone. (1 marks)
10. State one role of religion in the political organization of Shona Kingdom.
11. State one factor that undermines industrialization in Brazil. (1 mark)
12. Identify the main political factors which prompted France to look for colonies in Africa.(1 mark)
13. Give one economic reasons for the growth of African nationalism in Ghana (1 mark)
14. State two ways in which the rise of dictators contributed to the outbreak of the Second World War. (2 marks)
15. Name one organ of commonwealth which is responsible for policy making. (1 mark)
16. Identify one main cause of the cold war. (1 mark)
17. Identify two structures of the African union. (2 marks)

SECTION B (45 MARKS)

18. (a) Outline five changes that marked the Agrarian Revolution in Britain (5 marks)
(b) Explain five ways in which food shortage affects people in third world countries. (10 marks)
- 19.(a) Give five factors that influenced to the development of urban centers in Africa during the pre-colonial period. (5 marks)
(b) Describe five the social effects of urbanization on European society in the 19th century.(10 marks)
- 20.(a) Identify five methods used by European powers to acquire colonies in Africa (5 marks)
(b) Explain five negative effects of the partition of Africa on African communities .(10 marks)
21. (a) Identify five methods used by nationalists in Ghana in their struggle for independence.(5 marks)
(b) Describe five problems faced by nationalists in Mozambique. (10 marks)

SECTION C (30 MARKS)